

Habitats Regulations Assessment

Report for:

Linton Neighbourhood Area

November 2020





Linton Neighbourhood Plan HRA

HRA Screening Assessment

(Post Examination)

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1 Introduction

- 1.1 This Screening Assessment relates to a Neighbourhood Development Plan that is considered to be in general conformity with higher level strategic plans, such as the Herefordshire Core Strategy and the National Planning Policy Framework. The screening stage involves assessing broadly whether the final Neighbourhood Plan is likely to have a significant effect on any European site(s).
- 1.2 Linton Parish Council has produced a Neighbourhood Development Plan for Linton, in order to set out the vision, objectives and policies for the development of the area up to 2031. This HRA reviews the draft Linton Plan (September 2019).
- 1.3 The NDP has a designated a settlement boundary for Linton, Gorsely and Bromsash to meet the growth requirements of the strategic policies. It provides eleven general criteria policies that clarify and given more detail to those within the Herefordshire Core Strategy. The plan does not allocate sites. This requires a high level screening assessment to build upon the HRA Screening Assessment Report for the Core Strategy. It should be read in combination with the Core Strategy Habitat Regulations Assessment Report and ensures that there will not be any significant impacts upon Natura 2000 sites.
- 1.4 The map below shows Linton Neighbourhood Area to with the European Sites highlighted.



2 The requirement to undertake Habitats Regulations Assessment of neighbourhood plans

- 2.1 The requirement to undertake HRA of development plans was confirmed by the amendments to the "Habitats Regulations" published for England and Wales in July 2007 and updated in 2013.

 Therefore, when preparing its NDP, Garway Parish Council is required by law to carry out an assessment known as "Habitats Regulations Assessment". It is also a requirement in Regulation 32 schedule 2 of the Neighbourhood Planning Regulations 2012.
- 2.2 Article 6(3) of the EU Habitats Directive provides that:
 Any plan or project not directly connected with or necessary to the management of the [European] site but likely to have a significant effect thereon, either individually or in combination with other plans or projects, shall be subject to appropriate assessment of its implications for the site in view of the site's conservation objectives. In the light of the conclusions of the assessment of the implications for the site and subject to the provisions of paragraph 4, the competent national authorities shall agree to the plan or project only after having ascertained that it will not adversely affect the integrity of the site concerned and, if appropriate, after having obtained the opinion of the general public.
- 2.3 HRA is an impact-led assessment and refers to the assessment of the potential effects of a neighbourhood plan on one or more European sites, including Special Protection Areas (SPAs) and Special Areas of Conservation (SACs):
 - SPAs are classified under the European Council Directive 'on the conservation of wild birds' (79/409/EEC; 'Birds Directive') for the protection of wild birds and their habitats (including particularly rare and vulnerable species listed in Annex 1 of the Birds Directive, and migratory species).
 - **SACs** are designated under the Habitats Directive and target **particular habitats** (Annex 1) and/or species (Annex II) identified as being of European importance.
- 2.4 For ease of reference during HRA, general practice has been that these three designations are collectively referred to as either **Natura 2000** or **European sites**. This means that a Screening Assessment is carried out with regard to the Conservation Objectives of the European Sites and with reference to other plans or projects to identify if any significant effect is likely for any European Site.
- 2.5 Herefordshire Council is aware of the recent judgement (People over Wind, Peter Sweetman vs Coillte). The Court of Justice of the European Union (CJEU) ruled that Article 6(3) of the Habitats Directive must be interpreted as meaning that mitigation measures should be assessed within the framework of an appropriate assessment and that it is not permissible to take account of measures intended to avoid or reduce the harmful effects of the plan on a European site at the screening stage. The initial screening undertaken in August 2013 and concluded that a full HRA would be required. Mitigation was not taken into account at this stage.
- 2.6 The Co-operation Mobilsation (The Dutch case) ruling will also have an impact on Herefordshire in the areas within the catchment of the River Lugg. This will be covered in section 4.
- 2.7 The purpose of this HRA report is to detail the findings of the screening of the proposed minor changes to policies following the revisions after the Reg14 consultations. It will also take into account the implications of Sweetman and the Dutch Case on the NDP.

3 Methodology

- 3.1 Although the Linton NDP is not directly regarding the management of any European sites, it does includes proposals for development which may affect European sites. Therefore, it is necessary under Regulation 102(1)(a) of the Habitats Regulations 2010 to undertake screening for likely significant effects on European sites.
- 3.2 The HRA of neighbourhood plans is undertaken in stages and should conclude whether or not a proposal or policy in a neighbourhood plan would adversely affect the integrity of the site in question. This is judged in terms of the implications of the plan for a site's 'qualifying features' (i.e. those Annex I habitats, Annex II species, and Annex I bird populations for which it has been designated) and are measured with reference to the conservation objectives for those qualifying features as defined by Natural England.
- 3.3 The first process is to undertake an initial screening report to determine the need to undertake the requirement for a HRA, this initial screening identifies whether the Plan could impact upon any European site that could be within the Neighbourhood Area or nearby.
- 3.4 If a European Site is within the Neighbourhood Area or the Neighbourhood Area could impact upon a European site then this will need to be taken into account and a full screening assessment will need to be undertaken.
- 3.5 The full screening stage consists of a description of the plan, identification of potential effects on European Sites, assessing the effects on European Sites. For Neighbourhood Plans the outcome should demonstrate there are no likely effects upon the European sites. If any likely effects occur then there will need to be amendments to the NDP made and be re-screened until all likely effects have been addressed.

4 Results of the Initial Screening Report and qualifying features of the European Sites

- 4.1 The initial Screening report **(March 2018)** found that the Neighbourhood Area the hydrological catchment of the River Wye (including the River Lugg) SAC and is 9.8km (within 10km) of the Wye Valley Woodlands SAC and 2.8km from the Wye Valley and Forest of Dean Bat Sites SAC. Therefore a full screening assessment is required.
- 4.2 There is also a duty under the Water Framework Directive to ensure that proposals for growth do not adversely affect the river water quality and this included the associated watercourses flowing into the rivers.

Site integrity of the River Wye (including the River Lugg) SAC

- 4.3 The issues associated with maintaining the sites integrity include water levels and flow, water quality, eutrophication (nitrogen enrichment), sedimentation, disturbance and species maintenance.
- The River Wye SAC can be sensitive to changes in water quantity and quality. As outlined within the Habitat Regulation Assessment to the Herefordshire Core Strategy, the water supply in this

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- area comes from Dwr Cymru Welsh Water (DCWW) and no likely significant effects on European sites as a result of changes in water quality are expected in relation to the proportional growth outlined with the Herefordshire Core Strategy.
- 4.5 Sections of the River Wye SAC where the water quality targets are already exceeding are subject to measure to reduce nutrients in line with the targets. In light of the interpretation of the Dutch Case where a European Site is falling its water quality objectives and is classified as unfavourable condition, there is limited scope for the approval of additional damaging effects and measures that can't be relied or are uncertain.
- 4.6 In relation to water quality, Policy SD4 of the Herefordshire Core Strategy indicates that any development should not undermine the achievement of water quality targets within the county's rivers. This should ensure that developments within the area can be accommodated within existing water discharge permits would not be likely to have a significant effect upon the River Wye SAC. This position is confirmed within the HRA of the Core Strategy in April 2015.
- 4.7 Dwr Cymru Welsh Water (DCWW) nor Severn Trent indicated any issues with the capacity of any Sewerage Treatment works serving the Linton Gorsley or Bromsash area. Any new development will need to be in line with Core Strategy Policy SD4.

Site integrity of the Wye Valley and Forest of Dean Bat Sites SAC and Wye Valley Woodlands SAC

- 4.8 The Greater Horseshoe Bat and Lesser Horseshoe bat feature within the Wye Valley and Forest of Dean Bat Sites. The Greater Horseshoe Bat are known to migrate between 20-30km between their summer and winter roosts whereas the Lesser Horseshoe migrate 5km and 10km between their summer and winter roosts. The Lesser Horseshoe Bat is vulnerable to disturbance, noise and vibration, light pollution and habitat lost.
- 4.9 NDPs sites within 10 km of the Wye Valley and Forest of Dean Bat Sites will need to consider development impact to these species and their habitats. NDPs closest to the Wye Valley Woodlands will need to consider: Woodland habitat buffer. Lesser Horseshoe Bat: Old buildings; woodland locations; sheltered valleys, extensive deciduous woods or dense scrub, close to roost sites. In areas of fragmented habitats, linear habitats such as hedgerows are important corridors. Vulnerable to loss or disturbance of both summer and winter roosts and removal of linear habitat.
- 4.10 The issues associated with maintaining the sites integrity include impact of development result in changes in landscape and townscape. As outlined within the Habitat Regulation Assessment to the Herefordshire Core Strategy, impact on European sites is dependent on scale and proximity to the European sites.
- 4.11 In relation to impact on biodiversity and important species, Policy LD2 of the Herefordshire Core Strategy indicates that any development should conserve, restore and enhance biodiversity and geodiversity assets of Herefordshire. Development within close proximity to internationally and local designated sites will need to incorporate sympathetic design components to enhance their nature conservation interests.

Summary of NDP effect on site integrity

- 4.12 For full details of the two relevant SAC attributes which contribute to and define their integrity and vulnerable data see Appendix 1 of the Linton Initial Screening Report. The Initial Screening Report, March 2018, can be found in Appendix 1 of this HRA report.
- 4.13 This information made it possible to identify the features of each site which determine site integrity, as well as the specific sensitivities of each site, therefore enabling later analysis of how the potential impacts of the Linton Neighbourhood Plan may affect site integrity.
- 4.14 The initial screening assessment indicated that a full screening assessment is required to assessment the likelihood of significant effects on the River Wye (including the River Lugg) SAC, the Wye Valley Woodlands SAC and Forest of Dean Bat Sites SAC of the policies within the Linton NDP.
- 4.15 As the Linton NDP progresses from options onto their NDP policies, the Plan will need to identify ways in which the least effect on the Wye Valley SAC, Wye Valley Woodlands SAC and Forest of Dean Bat Sites SAC could be achieved, alongside taking forward the preferred options from the consultation from the community. If a majority of these options are taken forward either as standalone policies or in combination with other policies then the mitigation from these options will help to counter balance the effect of all new development within the Parish. A list of the options and site options assessed can be found in Appendix 1, and the Assessment matrix for the options can be found Appendix 2.

5 Description of the Linton Neighbourhood Development Plan

- 5.1 The draft Linton NDP presents detailed policies for development in the Neighbourhood Area, which is equivalent to the group parish boundary, up to 2031. The Plan begins by introducing its preparation and highlighting its issues.
- 5.2 The NDP then details the vision for the parish over the Plan period together with a number of primary objectives to realise that visions:
 - Objective 1: environment and heritage

 To protect and maintain the natural and historic environment of the parish, in particular its designated areas, sites and buildings; and its landscape character, especially views and vistas, ensuring access to these through the public footpath network.
 - Objective 2: housing

To provide a range and choice of new homes, sensitively located and to meet the needs of all sections of the community. These homes should be built at a scale and density designed to respect and enhance the character of the parish.

Objective 3: infrastructure and roads4

To support the provision of improved infrastructure in line with new development, including roads/pavements; public transport; the sewerage system; surface water drainage; mobile telephony and broadband. Infrastructure to reduce carbon dependence will also be encouraged through seeking appropriate alternative energy methods. To address traffic issues including the speed of vehicles through the villages; the effect of traffic noise on amenity; and the need for safer environments for all road users.

Objective 4: community services and facilities

To ensure that community services and facilities are retained and enhanced as much as possible, and that community spirit and involvement is actively encouraged.

- Objective 5: economic development and employment
 To support and encourage the development or expansion of small and home-based businesses and farming
- 5.3 From these 5 objectives around housing, environment and facilities they have development into specific policies:

Option 1: not to prepare a Neighbourhood Development Plan, relying instead on the Core Strategy and the Rural Areas Sites Allocations DPD

- Option 2: use a criteria-based Plan incorporating a general development strategy
- Option 3: allocate sites to address the minimum housing requirement
- Option 4: define settlement boundaries for Bromsash, Gorsley and Linton without allocating sites

Option 5: define settlement boundary for Bromsash, Gorsley and Linton and allocate sites in or adjacent to these villages

- The initial options for the NDP (refer to appendix 2) were assessed to determine their environmental impact that could affect the River Wye SAC, the Wye Valley Woodland SAC and Forest of Dean Bat Sites SAC. Of the five options put forward the 'no NDP / do nothing' option was not considered viable for the parish. All of which indicated towards growth however all the options would be seeking to provide proportional growth in line with the Core strategy and are therefore unlikely to have a significant impact on the three SACs
- As Linton Neighbourhood Plan progressed from options to draft NDP policies, the Plan needed to identify ways in which the least effect on the two European sites could be achieved, alongside taking forward the preferred option from the consultation from the community.
- 5.6 The NDP also sets out 11 general policies on various topics based on the objective headings above, these include:
 - Policy BGL 1: Sustainable Development
 - Policy BGL2: Natural environment
 - Policy BGL3: Historic Environment
 - Policy BGL4: Building design
 - Policy BGL5: Renewable and low carbon energy
 - Policy BGL6: Settlement boundaries
 - Policy BGL7: Housing mix
 - Policy BGL8: Community services and facilities
 - Policy BGL9: Local Green Space
 - Policy BGL10:Small-scale employment development
 - Policy BGL11: Agricultural development

6.0 Assessments undertaken to date of the emerging Linton NDP policies

- Regulation 102 of the Habitats Regulations 2010 requires that a Screening Assessment be undertaken, in order to identify the 'likely significant effects' of an NDP. Accordingly, a screening matrix was prepared and this determined the extent to which any of the policies within the Linton NDP would be likely to have a significant effect on the River Wye SAC, Wye Valley Woodlands and Forest of Dean Bat Sites SAC.
- In light of the *Sweetman* case all policies have been reviewed to ensure compliance with the ruling. The finding can be found in appendix 3.
- 6.3 The findings of the screening matrix can be found in the appendix. Positive or negative outcomes were used to record the outcome of likely impacts of the policies on the European site and its qualifying habitats and species as shown in the table 1 below.

Key of outcomes of HRA screening assessment					
Negative There are likely to be significant effects					
Positive Significant effects are unlikely					

Following the recent *Sweetman* judgement, it is not permissible to take account of measure intended to avoid or reduce the harmful effects of the plan on the River Wye SAC and Wye Valley Woodlands SAC, at this final screening stage. Any likely significant effects would require an Appropriate Assessment to be required.

Screening of the draft plan (Reg14)

- None of the draft Linton Neighbourhood Plan policies were concluded to be likely to have a significant effect on the River Wye SAC, Wye Valley Woodlands SAC and Forest of Dean Bat Sites SAC.
- 6.6 Policy LD2 of the Core Strategy indicates that any development should conserve, restore and enhance biodiversity and geodiversity assets of Herefordshire. Development within close proximity to internationally and local designated sites will need to incorporate sympathetic design components to enhance their nature conservation interests.
- 6.7 Linton NDP does not allocate sites.
- In addition, as any development will require to meet the criteria of Policy LD2, legal opinion has indicated that an AA is not required. The sites likely impact on the SACs can be determined further at planning application stage when further details of the proposed housing schemes are known.
- 6.9 Dwr Cymru Welsh Water (DCWW) have indicated that there is headroom to accommodate growth within the Core Strategy. Although located adjacent to the River Wye SAC, the level of phosphate is not an issue which is causing concern within Linton and NMP actions are unlikely to be required.
- 6.10 In addition, the review of the Nutrient Management Plan for the River Wye SAC should ensure that development within Herefordshire which can be accommodated within existing water discharge permits would not be likely to have a significant effect upon the River Wye SAC.

- 6.11 No mitigation measures have been included within the screening of the policies of the NDP. Policies of the Core Strategy and the NDP will form part of the development plans. A key requirement of the Core Strategy is to meet the Water Framework Directive.
- 6.12 This review has concluded that the policies are unlikely to result in significant effects on the River Wye SAC and the Wye Valley woodland SAC *It is therefore concluded that the Linton Plan will not have a likely significant effect on the aforementioned three European Sites.*

7 Screening of modifications to the NDP (Reg16)

- 7.1 The submission Linton NDP has been revised following the consultation. 5 policies have been amended. This has included clarification of wording rather than any fundamental changes in direction or stance. One Local Green Space has been deleted.
- 7.2 The following policies have been amended but have not been reassessed:
 - Policy BGL1
 - Policy BGL3
 - Policy BGL4
 - Policy BGL8
 - Policy BGL9
- 7.3 No mitigation measures have been included within the screening of the policies of the NDP. Policies of the Core strategy and the NDP will form part of the development plan. A key requirement of the Core Strategy is to meet the Water Framework Directive.
- 7.4 Legal opinion following the Sweetman case has indicated that in areas where there is adequate sewerage treatment works capacity and where Policy SD4 would apply to developments, then no likely significant effect could be concluded with regards to the NDP and there is no requirement for NDPs to include additional mitigation.
- 7.5 This review and rescreening have been found to be unlikely to result in significant effects on the River Wye SAC, the Wye Valley Woodlands SAC and Forest of Dean Bat Sites SAC. It is therefore concluded that the modifications made have not resulted in any policy changes that would mean that the Linton NDP would not have a likely significant effect on the aforementioned three European Sites.

Post examination modified Garway NDP

- 7.6 The plan was independently examined during summer 2020 and as a result some minor modifications that did not change the meaning or context of the policy were made.
- 7.7 The policies which have been subject to minor modifications during the examination are:
 - Policy BGL1 (deleted)
 - Policy BGL3
 - Policy BGL4
 - Policy BGL6

- 7.8 There were some policies and objectives which received more substantial changes during the examination and therefore required rescreening are:
 - Policy BGL2 (now BGL1)
 - Policy BGL6 (now BGL5)
- 7.9 Wording changes were made to the objectives however these did not alter the outcome of the objective and do not require rescreening. Wording changes were also made to Section 8 and Section 9, again these did not alter the meaning of the paragraphs and also did not require rescreening
- 7.10 This review and rescreening have been found to be unlikely to result in significant effects on the River Wye SAC and the Wye Valley Woodlands SAC Wye Valley and Forest of Dean Bat Sites SAC. It is therefore concluded that the modifications made have not resulted in any policy changes that would mean that the Linton NDP would not have a likely significant effect on the aforementioned three European Sites.

8 Identification of other plans and projects which may have 'incombination' effects

- There are a number of potentially relevant plans and projects which may result in in- combination effects with the Core Strategy across Herefordshire, these plans have been reviewed and can be found in Appendix 2 of the publication of the Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy Habitats Regulations Assessment (Oct 2015).
- 8.2 It is seen that as this NDP does not go over and beyond the requirements set out in the Core Strategy.
- 8.3 Adjacent neighbourhood plans Upton Bishop (at draft stage), Weston under Penyard (adopted), Lea (adopted), Aston Ingham (at draft stage). These plans have not gone over and beyond the requirements set out within the Core Strategy for their area.
- 8.4 The HRA for the Core Strategy also identifies that both the Water Cycle Study for Herefordshire, which indicates the potential for planned water abstraction requirements combined with pressures on European Sites from the Core Strategy policies, and the review work on the Nutrient Management Plan, have both been considered as part of the in-combination assessment.
- 8.5 It is unlikely that the Linton Plan will have any in-combination effects with any plans from neighbouring parish councils as the level of growth proposed is the same as that proposed for the Ross-on-Wye Housing Market Area in the Herefordshire Core Strategy.

9.0 Conclusion

9.1 With reference to sections 6 to 9 above, the NDP will not have a likely significant effect on the River Wye SAC, the Wye Valley Woodland SAC Wye Valley and Forest of Dean Bat Sites SAC

10.0 Next steps

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	and, caspet to a caccessial catesins, management
10.1	This report will accompany the post examination version of the Linton NDP. The plan will move to referendum and, subject to a successful outcome, final adoption.
40.	

HRA (Linton NDP) (Post Examination) (November 2020)

Appendix 1



Initial Habitat Regulations Assessment and Strategic Environmental Assessment Screening Notification

The Neighbourhood Planning (General) (Amendment) Regulations 2015 (Reg. 32)

Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations 2010 (d)

Neighbourhood Area:	Linton Neighbourhood Area		
Parish Council:	Linton Parish Council		
Neighbourhood Area Designation Date:	2 January 2018		

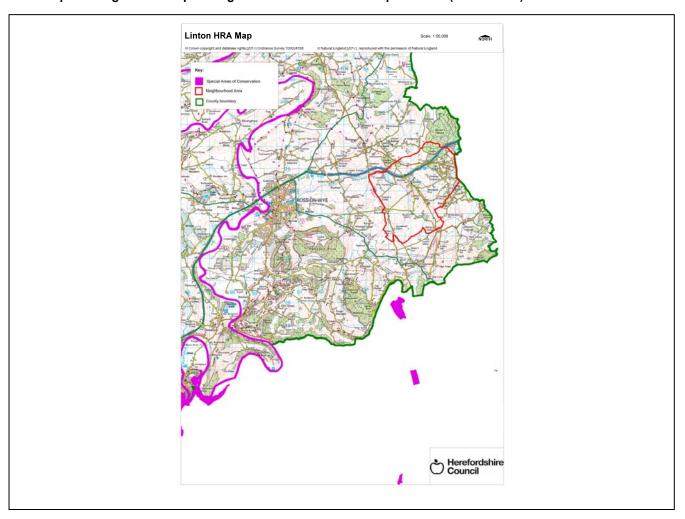
Introduction

This Initial Habitat Regulations Assessment (HRA) and Strategic Environmental Assessment (SEA) Screening has been undertaken to assess whether any European sites exist within or in proximity to the Neighbourhood Area which could be affected by any future proposals or policies.

Through continual engagement the outcomes of any required assessments will help to ensure that proposed developments will not lead to Likely Significant Effects upon a European site or cause adverse impacts upon other environmental assets, such as the built historic or local natural environment.

HRA Initial Screening

Map showing relationship of Neighbourhood Area with European Sites (not to scale)



River Wye (including the River Lugg) Special Area of Conservation (SAC):

Does the Neighbourhood Area have the River Wye (including the River Lugg) in or next to its boundary?	N	The River Wye SAC is 4.7km away from the neighbourhood area.
Is the Neighbourhood Area in the hydrological catchment of the River Wye (including the River Lugg) SAC?	Y	The western part of the neighbourhood area is within the River Wye hydrological catchment area.
If yes above, does the Neighbourhood Area have mains drainage to deal with foul sewage?	N	There is no mains drainage within the neighbourhood area.

Downton Gorge SAC:

Is the Neighbourhood Area within 10km of Downton Gorge SAC?	N Downton Gorge SAC is 51km away from the neighbourhood area.
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River Clun SAC:

Does the River Clun border the Neighbourhood	N	The River Clun SAC does not border the
Area		neighbourhood area.

Wye Valley & Forest of Dean Bat Sites SAC:

Is the Neighbourhood Area within 10km of any of	Υ	The Wye Valley and Forest of Dean Bat
the individual sites that make up the Wye Valley &		Sites SAC is 2.8km away from the
Forest of Dean Bat Sites?		neighbourhood area.

Wye Valley Woodlands SAC:

Is the Neighbourhood Area within 10km of any of	Υ	The Wye Valley Woodlands SAC is
the individual sites that make up the Wye Valley		9.8km away from the neighbourhood
Woodlands Site?		area.

HRA Conclusion:

The assessment above highlights that European Sites will need to be taken into account in the future Neighbourhood Development Plan for the Linton Neighbourhood Area and a Full HRA Screening will be required.

European Site

(List only those which are relevant)

River Wye (including the River Lugg) Special Area of Conservation (SAC) Wye Valley and Forest of Dean Bat Sites SAC Wye Valley Woodlands SAC

Strategic Environmental Assessment Initial Screening for nature conservation landscape and heritage features

The following environmental features are within or in general proximity to the Linton Neighbourhood Area and would need to be taken into account within a Strategic Environmental Assessment. In addition, the NDP will also need to consider the other SEA topics set out in Guidance Note 9a to ensure that the plan does not cause adverse impacts.

	Within Neighbourhood Area			Bordering Neighbourhood Area		
SEA features	Total number	Name(s)	Total number	Name(s)		
Ancient Woodland	4	Park Wood; Pound Farm Wood; Lynders Wood; Withymoor Wood.	5	Reslaw Wood; Moate Wood; Newhouse Wood; Penyard Park; Hopkins Wood.		
Areas of Outstanding Natural Beauty (AONB)	0	-	1	Wye Valley AONB.		
Conservation Areas	vation Areas 1 Linton		0	-		
Flood Areas	Flood Zon	es 2 and 3 run along the Rudhall Brook.				
Geoparks	1	Malvern Hills Geopark.	0	-		
Listed Buildings	There are numerous listed buildings throughout the neighbourhood area.					
Local Geological Sites (LGS)	3	M50 Section 2; Motorway Quarry (Linton Wood Quarry); Greens Quarry.				
Local Wildlife Sites (LWS) 8		Lyders Wood; The Fording Lake; Marsh near Pinfold Farm; Linton Church; Linton Quarry; Lilly Hall Orchard; Withymoor & Baldwins Wood; Marsh near Haygrove Farm.	6	Fields near Gayton; Fields near Norton Farm; Howley Grove; Aston Ingham Meadows; Reslaw & Newhouse Woods and adjoining woodlands; Meadow near Coldwell Cottage.		

Mineral Reserves	0	-	0	-			
National Nature Reserve (NNR)	0	-	0	-			
Nature Trails	1	Ross Round.		1	Herefordshire Trail.		
Registered Parks and Gardens	0	-		0	-		
Scheduled Ancient Monuments (SAM)	0	-	1	Roman town of Ariconium.			
Sites of Importance in Nature Conservation (SINC)	0	-		0	-		
Special Areas of Conservation (SAC)	0	-		0	-		
Unregistered parks and gardens	1	Burton Court, Linton.		5	Bolitree Castle; Weston Hall; Penyard Park; Rudhall House; Grendon Court.		
		SSSI Status				SSSI Status	
Sites of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI)	1	Linton Quarry	Unfavourable Declining	1	Aston Ingham Meadows	Favourable	

Decision Notification:

The initial screening highlights that the Neighbourhood Development Plan for the Linton Neighbourhood Area:

a) Will require further environmental assessment for Habitats Regulations Assessment and Strategic Environmental Assessment.

Assessment date: 28 December 2017

Assessed by: James Latham

Appendix 1: European Sites

The table below provides the name of each European Site, which has been screened in for the purposes of neighbourhood planning in Herefordshire. This is based on the sites individual features of integrity and their vulnerabilities, which could include distance criteria. This has been used in identifying which parishes are likely to require a full HRA Screening of their future Neighbourhood Development Plan, to establish if their plan might have Likely Significant Effects on a European Site.

Downton Gorge

Site Features: Tilio-Acerion forests of slopes, screes and ravines

Vulnerability data: 10km for air quality associated with poultry units or other intensive agricultural practices.

River Clun

Site Features: Freshwater pearl mussel Margaritifera margaritifera

Vulnerability data: Water quality is important to maintain the site feature. Parishes either side of the River Clun will be affected.

River Wye

Site Features: Water courses of plain to montane levels with the *Ranunculion fluitantis* and *Callitricho-Batrachion* vegetation. Transition mires and quaking bogs. White-clawed (or Atlantic Stream) crayfish *Austropotamobius pallipes*. Sea lamprey *Petromyzon marinus*. Brook lamprey *Lampetra planeri*. River lamprey *Lampetra fluviatilis*. Twaite shad *Alosa fallax*. Atlantic salmon *Salmo salar*. Bullhead *Cottus gobio*. Otter *Lutra lutra*. Allis shad *Alosa alosa*

Vulnerability data: Proximity: Developments should not be within 100m of the designated bank. Some developments beyond 100m may also have impacts based on proximity and these issues should be addressed where possible when developing NDP policy and choosing site allocations.

Water Quality: Within the whole catchment of the River Wye, which includes the River Lugg, mains drainage issues with regards to water quality are being resolved through the Core Strategy / Local Plan and development of a Nutrient Management Plan. Welsh Water should be consulted to ensure that the proposed growth will be within the limit of their consents.

Otters: "An otter will occupy a 'home range', which on fresh waters usually includes a stretch of river as well as associated tributary streams, ditches, ponds, lakes and woodland. The size of a home range depends largely on the availability of food and shelter, and the presence of neighbouring otters. On rivers, a male's home range may be up to 40km or more of watercourse and associated areas; females have smaller ranges (roughly half the size) and favour quieter locations for breeding, such as tributary streams.

Otters without an established home range are known as 'transients'. They are mostly juveniles looking for a territory of their own, or adults that have been pushed out of their territories. Transient otters may use an area for a short while, but they will move on if conditions are not suitable or if they are driven away by resident otters. Transients will have been important in extending the range of otters, but they are very difficult to identify from field signs. Within a home range an otter may use many resting sites. These include above-ground shelters, such as stands of scrub or areas of rank grass, and underground 'holts' – for example, cavities under tree roots and dry drainage pipes."

Wye Valley and Forest of Dean Bat Sites

Site Features: Annex II species that are a primary reason for site selection: Lesser horseshoe bat *Rhinolophus hipposideros*. Greater horseshoe bat *Rhinolophus ferrumequinum*

Vulnerability data: Lesser Horseshoe bats are known to migrate between 5km and 10km between their summer and winter roosts. The Lesser Horseshoe Bat is vulnerable to disturbance; light pollution; and habitat loss. Check with the planning ecologist for other issues.

Greater Horseshoe bats are known to migrate between 20-30km between their summer and winter roosts.

NDPs closest to the European Site will need to consider:

Woodland habitat buffer.

Lesser Horseshoe Bat: Old buildings; woodland locations; sheltered valleys, extensive deciduous woods or dense scrub, close to roost sites. In areas of fragmented habitats, linear habitats such as hedgerows are important corridors. Vulnerable to loss or disturbance of both summer and winter roosts and removal of linear habitat.

Greater Horseshoe Bat: Large buildings, pasture, edge of mixed deciduous woodland and hedgerows. Mixed land-use especially south-facing slopes, favours beetles, moths and insects they feed on. During the winter they depend on caves, abandoned mines and other underground sites for undisturbed hibernation. A system/series of sites required. Vulnerable to loss of insect food supply, due to insecticide use, changing farming practices and loss of broad-leaved tree-cover and loss / disturbance of underground roosts sites.

Wye Valley Woodlands

Site Features: Annex I habitats that are a primary reason for site selection: Beech forests *Asperulo-Fagetum, Tilio-Acerion* forests of slopes, screes and ravines, *Taxus baccata* woods of the British Isles. Annex II species present as a qualifying feature, but not a primary reason for site selection: Lesser horseshoe bat *Rhinolophus hipposideros*, 51-100 residents

Vulnerability data: Lesser Horseshoe bats are known to migrate between 5km and 10km between their summer and winter roosts. The Lesser Horseshoe Bat is vulnerable to disturbance; light pollution; and habitat loss. Check with the planning ecologist for other issues. NDPs closest to the European Site will need to consider: Woodland habitat buffer. Lesser Horseshoe Bat: Old buildings; woodland locations; sheltered valleys, extensive deciduous woods or dense scrub, close to roost sites. In areas of fragmented habitats, linear habitats such as hedgerows are important corridors. Vulnerable to loss or disturbance of both summer and winter roosts and removal of linear habitat.

Appendix 2

Appendix 1 – Linton Parish (Bromsash, Gorsley and Linton) HRA (Reg 14) Options Considered October 2019

Option 1: not to prepare a Neighbourhood Development Plan, relying instead on the Core Strategy and the Rural Areas Sites Allocations DPD

Option 2: use a criteria-based Plan incorporating a general development strategy

Option 3: allocate sites to address the minimum housing requirement

Option 4: define settlement boundaries for Bromsash, Gorsley and Linton without allocating sites

Option 5: define settlement boundary for Bromsash, Gorsley and Linton and allocate sites in or adjacent to these villages

Appendix 3

HRA Screening of Draft Neighbourhood Development Plan Policies

Parish: Linton Parish (Bromsash, Gorsley and Linton)

Date undertaken: October 2019

NDP objectives and policies	HRA Screening of final NDP objectives and policies						
	Likely activities (operations) to result as a consequence of the objective/option/policy	Likely effect if option implemented. Could they have Likely Significant Effects (LSE) on European Sites?	European Sites potentially affected	Would it be possible that it would result in any LSE?	Requirement for an Appropriate Assessment		
Objective 1 – Environment and Heritage	To protect and maintain the natural and historic environment of the parish, in particular its designated areas, sites and buildings; and its landscape character, especially views and vistas, ensuring access to these through the public footpath network.	Unlikely that there will be any significant effects on the European Sites. All developments are required to meet the criteria of LD4 to protect the historic environment and heritage assets. No	River Wye (including the River Lugg) SAC Wye Valley & Forest of Dean Bat Sites SAC (2.8km from Parish) Wye Valley Woodlands SAC (9.8km from Parish)	No	No: this objective is seeking to safeguard historic assets. Implementation of Core Strategy policies SD4, LD2 and SD1 for any planning permissions granted will ensure water quality issues are addressed and no impact upon Wye Valley Woodlands SAC, the Wye Valley and Forest of Dean Bat Site SAC or the River Wye SAC.		
Objective 2 - Housing	To provide a range and choice of new homes, sensitively	Unlikely that there will be any significant effects on the European Site.	River Wye (including the River Lugg) SAC	No.	No: this objective is seeking to deliver housing to meet the		

	located and to meet the needs of all sections of the community. These homes should be built at a scale and density designed to respect and enhance the character of the parish.	Greater degree of certainty over the impact of future development on the European sites, as the location of housing would be pre-determined and not left to market forces. Unlikely that there will be any significant effects on the European Site.	Wye Valley & Forest of Dean Bat Sites SAC (2.8km from Parish) Wye Valley Woodlands SAC (9.8km from Parish)		needs of the community. Implementation of Core Strategy policies SD4, LD2 and SD1 for any planning permissions granted will ensure water quality issues are addressed and no impact upon Wye Valley Woodlands SAC, the Wye Valley and Forest of Dean Bat Site SAC or the River Wye SAC.
Objective 3 – Infrastructure and Roads	To support the provision of improved infrastructure in line with new development, including roads/pavements; public transport; the sewerage system; surface water drainage; mobile telephony and broadband. Infrastructure to reduce carbon dependence will also be encouraged through seeking appropriate alternative	Unlikely that there will be any significant effects on the European Site.	River Wye (including the River Lugg) SAC Wye Valley & Forest of Dean Bat Sites SAC (2.8km from Parish) Wye Valley Woodlands SAC (9.8km from Parish)	No.	No, this objective will not produce any impacts upon Valley Woodlands SAC, the Wye Valley and Forest of Dean Bat Site SAC or the River Wye SAC. The implementation of Core Strategy policy SD4, LD2, SD1 to grant planning permission will ensure water quality issues are addressed.

	energy methods. To address traffic issues including the speed of vehicles through the villages; the effect of traffic noise on amenity; and the need for safer environments for all road users.				
Objective 4 – Community Services and Facilities	To ensure that community services and facilities are retained and enhanced as much as possible, and that community spirit and involvement is actively encouraged.	Unlikely that there will be any significant effects on the European Site.	River Wye (including the River Lugg) SAC Wye Valley & Forest of Dean Bat Sites SAC (2.8km from Parish) Wye Valley Woodlands SAC (9.8km from Parish)	No.	No, this objective will not produce any impacts upon Wye Valley Woodlands SAC, the Wye Valley and Forest of Dean Bat Site SAC or the River Wye SAC.
Objective 5 – Economic Development and Employment	To support and encourage the development or expansion of small and home-based businesses and farming.	Unlikely that there will be any significant effects on the European Site.	River Wye (including the River Lugg) SAC Wye Valley & Forest of Dean Bat Sites SAC (2.8km from Parish) Wye Valley Woodlands SAC (9.8km from Parish)	No.	No, this objective will not produce any impacts upon Wye Valley Woodlands SAC or the River Wye SAC. The implementation of Core Strategy policy SD4, LD2, SD1 to grant planning permission will ensure

					water quality issues are addressed.		
Option 1	Not to prepare a Neighbourhood Development Plan, relying instead on the Core Strategy and the Rural Areas Sites Allocations DPD	It is unlikely that there will be any significant effects on the European Site. All developments are required to meet the criteria of Policy SD4. Criteria policies within the Core Strategy would guide further development. Specific policies and proposals for the parish would not exist.	River Wye (including the River Lugg) SAC Wye Valley & Forest of Dean Bat Sites SAC (2.8km from Parish) Wye Valley Woodlands SAC (9.8km from Parish)	No	No, policy criteria exist within the NDP and Core Strategy (SD4) required to be meet for the development to receive planning permission.		
Option 2	Use a criteria-based Plan incorporating a general development strategy	Producing a criteria based NDP with a development strategy would give a level of certainty to future development. It is unlikely that there will be any significant effects on the European Site. All developments are required to meet the criteria of Policy SD4.	River Wye (including the River Lugg) SAC Wye Valley & Forest of Dean Bat Sites SAC (2.8km from Parish) Wye Valley Woodlands SAC (9.8km from Parish)	Developments should not be within 100m a designated bank. Some developments beyond 100m may also have impacts based on proximity and these issues should be addressed where possible when developing NDP policy and choosing site allocations.	No; policy criteria can be added to any allocation policy to mitigate. The majority of the village, where likely proportionate growth and settlement boundary would be located is outside of the catchment area for the River Wye, however policy SD4 applies to any development.		
Option 3	Allocate sites to address the minimum housing	Producing an NDP where sites are allocated would	River Wye (including the River Lugg) SAC	Developments should not be within 100m a	No; policy criteria can be added to any		

	requirement Increase in vehicle traffic. Increased demand for water abstraction and sewage treatment.	give a level of certainty to future development. It is unlikely that there will be any significant effects on the European Site. All developments are required to meet the criteria of Policy SD4.	Wye Valley & Forest of Dean Bat Sites SAC (2.8km from Parish) Wye Valley Woodlands SAC (9.8km from Parish)	designated bank. Some developments beyond 100m may also have impacts based on proximity and these issues should be addressed where possible when developing NDP policy and choosing site allocations.	allocation policy to mitigate. The majority of the village, where likely proportionate growth and settlement boundary would be located is outside of the catchment area for the River Wye, however policy SD4 applies to any development.
Option 4	Define settlement boundaries for Bromsash, Gorsley and Linton without allocating sites Increase in vehicle traffic. Increased demand for water abstraction and sewage treatment.	Producing an NDP where a settlement boundary is designated would give a good level of certainty to the location of any future development. It is unlikely that there will be any significant effects on the European Site. All developments are required to meet the criteria of Policy SD4.	River Wye (including the River Lugg) SAC Wye Valley & Forest of Dean Bat Sites SAC (2.8km from Parish) Wye Valley Woodlands SAC (9.8km from Parish)	Developments should not be within 100m a designated bank. Developments beyond 100m may also have impacts based on proximity and these issues should be addressed where possible when developing NDP policy.	No; policy criteria can be added to any allocation policy to mitigate. The majority of the village, where likely proportionate growth and settlement boundary would be located is outside of the catchment area for the River Wye, however policy SD4 applies to any development.
Option 5	Define settlement boundary for Bromsash, Gorsley and Linton and allocate sites in or adjacent to these villages Increase in vehicle	Producing an NDP where a settlement boundary is designated would give a good level of certainty to the location of any future development as would the allocation of specific sites. It is unlikely that there will	River Wye (including the River Lugg) SAC Wye Valley & Forest of Dean Bat Sites SAC (2.8km from Parish) Wye Valley	Developments should not be within 100m a designated bank. Some developments beyond 100m may also have impacts based on proximity and these issues should be	No; policy criteria can be added to any allocation policy to mitigate. The majority of the village, where likely proportionate growth and settlement boundary would be

	traffic. Increased demand for water abstraction and sewage treatment.	be any significant effects on the European Site. All developments are required to meet the criteria of Policy SD4.	Woodlands SAC (9.8km from Parish)	addressed where possible when developing NDP policy and choosing any further or additional site allocations.	located is outside of the catchment area for the River Wye, however policy SD4 applies to any development.
Policy BGL 1	Sustainable Development Increase in vehicle traffic. Increased demand for water abstraction and sewage treatment.	Any small scale development that is proposed will need to be sustainable and built with sustainable measures. Unlikely that there will be any significant effects on the European Site. All developments are required to meet the criteria of Policy LD2 to protect biodiversity and wildlife, and SD4 which seeks to ensure water quality of the SAC is not detrimentally effected.	River Wye (including the River Lugg) SAC Wye Valley & Forest of Dean Bat Sites SAC (2.8km from Parish) Wye Valley Woodlands SAC (9.8km from Parish)	No	No, implementation of Core Strategy policy SD4, LD2, SD1 and to grant planning permission will ensure water quality issues are addressed.
Policy BGL2	Natural environment	Unlikely that there will be any significant effects on the European Site. All developments are required to meet the criteria of Policy LD2 to protect biodiversity and	River Wye (including the River Lugg) SAC Wye Valley & Forest of Dean Bat Sites SAC (2.8km from	No	No: this policy itself will not lead to development, instead it relates to criteria based objective, that sets outs criteria to

		wildlife, and SD4 which seeks to ensure water quality of the SAC is not detrimentally effected.	Parish) Wye Valley Woodlands SAC (9.8km from Parish)		safeguard the natural and built environment maintaining the character of the neighbourhood area.
Policy BGL3	Historic Environment	Unlikely that there will be any significant effects on the European Site. All developments are required to meet the criteria of Policy LD4 to protect the historic environment, and SD4 which seeks to ensure water quality of the SAC is not detrimentally effected.	River Wye (including the River Lugg) SAC Wye Valley & Forest of Dean Bat Sites SAC (2.8km from Parish) Wye Valley Woodlands SAC (9.8km from Parish)	No	No: this policy itself will not lead to development, instead it relates to criteria based objective, that sets outs criteria to safeguard the natural and built environment maintaining the character of the neighbourhood area.
Policy BGL4	Building design	Unlikely that there will be any significant effects on the European Site All developments are required to meet the criteria of Policy SD4 which seeks to ensure water quality of the SAC is not detrimentally effected.	River Wye (including the River Lugg) SAC Wye Valley & Forest of Dean Bat Sites SAC (2.8km from Parish) Wye Valley Woodlands SAC (9.8km from Parish)	No	No: this policy itself will not lead to development, instead it relates to criteria based objective, that sets outs criteria to guide building design and safeguard the natural and built environment

Policy BGL5	Renewable and low carbon energy Increase in vehicle traffic. Increased demand for water abstraction and sewage treatment.	Unlikely that there will be any significant effects on the European Site All developments are required to meet the criteria of Policy SD4 which seeks to ensure water quality of the SAC is not detrimentally effected.	River Wye (including the River Lugg) SAC Wye Valley & Forest of Dean Bat Sites SAC (2.8km from Parish) Wye Valley Woodlands SAC (9.8km from Parish)	No	maintaining the character of the neighbourhood area. No: this policy itself will not lead to development, instead it relates to criteria based objective that sets outs criteria safeguard the natural and built environment maintaining the character of the neighbourhood area.
Policy BGL6	Increase in vehicle traffic. Increased demand for water abstraction and sewage treatment.	Producing an NDP where a settlement boundary is designated would give a good level of certainty to the location of any future development as would the allocation of specific sites. It is unlikely that there will be any significant effects on the European Site. All developments are required to meet the criteria of Policy SD4.	River Wye (including the River Lugg) SAC Wye Valley & Forest of Dean Bat Sites SAC (2.8km from Parish) Wye Valley Woodlands SAC (9.8km from Parish)	No	No: this policy itself will not lead to development, instead it relates to criteria based objective, that sets outs criteria to safeguard the environment by defining areas in which development can take place.

Policy BGL7	Housing mix Increase in vehicle traffic. Increased demand for water abstraction and sewage treatment.	Any developments near the River Wye will need to take account of the water quality and flooding issues. Developments of this scale are unlikely to have any significant effects given the safeguards within Core Strategy policy SD3 and SD4.	River Wye (including the River Lugg) SAC Wye Valley & Forest of Dean Bat Sites SAC (2.8km from Parish) Wye Valley Woodlands SAC (9.8km from Parish)	No	No. The implementation of Core Strategy policy SD4, LD2, SD1 to grant planning permission will ensure water quality issues are addressed through any planning permission granted.
Policy BGL8:	Community services and facilities Increase in vehicle traffic. Increased demand for water abstraction and sewage treatment.	Any developments near the River Wye will need to take account of the water quality and flooding issues. Developments of this scale are unlikely to have any significant effects given the safeguards within Core Strategy policy SD3 and SD4.	River Wye (including the River Lugg) SAC Wye Valley & Forest of Dean Bat Sites SAC (2.8km from Parish) Wye Valley Woodlands SAC (9.8km from Parish)	No	No, implementation of Core Strategy policy SD4, LD2, SD1 to grant planning permission will ensure water quality issues are addressed.
BGL9	Local Green Space	Unlikely that there will be any significant effects on the European Site. All developments are required to meet the criteria of Policy LD2 to protect biodiversity and	River Wye (including the River Lugg) SAC Wye Valley & Forest of Dean Bat Sites SAC (2.8km from Parish)	Impact on the SAC is dependent on scale and location of the proposed development.	No. The implementation of Core Strategy policy SD4, LD2, SD1 to grant planning permission will ensure water quality issues

		wildlife, and SD4 which seeks to ensure water quality of the SAC is not detrimentally effected.	Wye Valley Woodlands SAC (9.8km from Parish)		are addressed. Further assessment of impact on SACs will be determined at planning application stage when further details of the scheme are known.
Policy BGL10	Small-scale employment development Increase in vehicle traffic. Increased demand for water abstraction and sewage treatment.	Unlikely that there will be any significant effects on the European Site. All developments are required to meet the criteria of Policy LD2 to protect biodiversity and wildlife, and SD4 which seeks to ensure water quality of the SAC is not detrimentally effected	River Wye (including the River Lugg) SAC Wye Valley & Forest of Dean Bat Sites SAC (2.8km from Parish) Wye Valley Woodlands SAC (9.8km from Parish)	No	No. The implementation of Core Strategy policy SD4, LD2, SD1, E1, E3 to grant planning permission will ensure water quality issues are addressed. Further assessment of impact on SACs will be determined at planning application stage when further details of the scheme are known
Policy BGL11	Agricultural development	Unlikely that there will be any significant effects on the European Site. All agricultural developments are required to meet the criteria of Policy LD2 to protect biodiversity and wildlife, and SD3 and SD4 which seeks to ensure water quality of the SAC is not detrimentally	River Wye (including the River Lugg) SAC Wye Valley & Forest of Dean Bat Sites SAC (2.8km from Parish) Wye Valley Woodlands SAC (9.8km from Parish)	No	No. The implementation of Core Strategy policy SD4, LD2, SD1 to grant planning permission will ensure water quality issues are addressed. Further assessment of impact on SACs will be determined at planning application stage when

	effected		further details of the
			scheme are known

Appendix 4

The Content reign bearined Than Trog Ty

Consultation date: 11 November to 6 January 2020

Consultation title: Linton Parish Neighbourhood Plan Regulation 14

N.B. This consultation feedback is only for comments received on the HRA of the draft Neighbourhood Development Plan

Consultee	Summary of Comments	Response to Comments
Natural England	No comments received	
Historic England	Comments received but not specific to the HRA	
Environment Agency	No comments received	
	No comments received	

NDP policies		HRA Screening of submission NDP policies			
	Likely activities (operations) to result as a consequence of the objective/option/policy	Likely effect if option implemented. Could they have Likely Significant Effects (LSE) on European Sites?	European Sites potentially affected	Would it be possible that it would result in any LSE?	Requirement for an Appropriate Assessment
Policy BGL 1	Sustainable Development Increase in vehicle traffic. Increased demand for water abstraction and sewage treatment.	All developments are required to meet the criteria of Policy LD2 to protect biodiversity and wildlife, and SD4 which seeks to ensure water quality of the SAC is not detrimentally effected.	River Wye (including the River Lugg) SAC Wye Valley & Forest of Dean Bat Sites SAC (2.8km from Parish) Wye Valley Woodlands SAC (9.8km from Parish)	No	No, implementation of Core Strategy policy SD4, LD2, SD1 and to grant planning permission will ensure water quality issues are addressed.
Policy BGL3	Historic Environment	All developments are required to meet the criteria of Policy LD4 to protect the historic environment, and SD4 which seeks to ensure water quality of the SAC is not detrimentally	River Wye (including the River Lugg) SAC Wye Valley & Forest of Dean Bat Sites SAC (2.8km from Parish) Wye Valley	No	No: this policy itself will not lead to development, instead it relates to criteria based objective, that sets outs criteria to safeguard the natural and built environment

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		effected.	Woodlands SAC (9.8km from Parish)		maintaining the character of the neighbourhood area.
Policy BGL4	Building design	All developments are required to meet the criteria of Policy SD4 which seeks to ensure water quality of the SAC is not detrimentally effected.	River Wye (including the River Lugg) SAC Wye Valley & Forest of Dean Bat Sites SAC (2.8km from Parish) Wye Valley Woodlands SAC (9.8km from Parish)	No	No: this policy itself will not lead to development, instead it relates to criteria based objective, that sets outs criteria to guide building design and safeguard the natural and built environment maintaining the character of the neighbourhood area.
Policy BGL8	Community services and facilities Increase in vehicle traffic. Increased demand for water abstraction and sewage treatment.	Any developments near the River Wye will need to take account of the water quality and flooding issues. Developments of this scale are unlikely to have any significant effects given the safeguards within Core Strategy policy SD3 and SD4.	River Wye (including the River Lugg) SAC Wye Valley & Forest of Dean Bat Sites SAC (2.8km from Parish) Wye Valley Woodlands SAC (9.8km from Parish)	No	No, implementation of Core Strategy policy SD4, LD2, SD1 to grant planning permission will ensure water quality issues are addressed.

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BGL9	Local Green Space	All developments are required to meet the criteria of Policy LD2 to protect biodiversity and wildlife, and SD4 which seeks to ensure water quality of the SAC is not detrimentally effected.	River Wye (including the River Lugg) SAC Wye Valley & Forest of Dean Bat Sites SAC (2.8km from Parish) Wye Valley Woodlands SAC (9.8km from Parish)	Impact on the SAC is dependent on scale and location of the proposed development.	No. The implementation of Core Strategy policy SD4, LD2, SD1 to grant planning permission will ensure water quality issues are addressed. Further assessment of impact on SACs will be determined at planning application stage when further details of the scheme are known.

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HRA (Linton Neighbourhood Plan –Reg16) (November 2020)

Summary of consultation responses to Linton Reg 16 HRA

Consultation date: 27 May 2020 to 8 July 2020

Consultation title: Linton Neighbourhood Plan Regulation 16

N.B. This consultation feedback is only for comments received on the HRA of the draft Neighbourhood Development Plan

Consultee and any comments received:

- Natural England No comments received specific to HRA
- Historic England No comments received specific to HRA
- Environment Agency No comments received specific to HRA
- Natural Resources Wales No comments received specific to HRA

Responses to comments:

- Natural England No comments to make
- Historic England No comments to make
- Environment Agency No comments to make
- Natural Resources Wales No comments to make



HRA Appendix 7: Modifications following Linton NDP examination (November 2020)

Policy	Modification recommended	Justification
Paragraph	Recommendation 1:	For clarity.
1.1	Revise the date of the Plan and paragraph 1.11 from	
	the date the plan is made to 2031 on the front cover.	
Objectives	Recommendation 2:	For clarity
	Revise the objectives as follows:	
	Objective 1: environment and heritage	
	To conserve and enhance the distinctive natural and	
	historic environment of the parish, in particular its designated areas, sites and buildings; and its	
	landscape character, especially views and vistas,	
	ensuring access to these through the public footpath network; and to ensure that development avoids	
	undue loss of visual amenity.	
	Objective 2: housing	
	To provide new housing which is proportionate to the	
	strategic requirements of the Herefordshire Local	
	Plan Core Strategy, sensitively located and with a range and choice to meet the needs of all sections of	
	the community. These homes should be built at a	
	scale and density designed to respect and enhance the character of the parish.	
	Objective 3: infrastructure and roads	
	No change recommended	
	Objective 4: social and community facilities	
	To ensure that social and community facilities are	
	retained and enhanced as much as possible,	
	promoting and enabling new provision, and that	

Policy	Modification recommended	Justification
	community spirit and involvement is actively encouraged.	
	Objective 5: economic development and employment	
	To support and encourage the development or expansion of small and home-based businesses and farming which are compatible and in scale with the rural nature of the Neighbourhood Area."	
Policy BGL1	Recommendation 3: Delete Policy BGL1.	For clarity, as required by the NPPF and to comply with the Basic Conditions. It is considered that Policy BGL1 is unnecessary and provides no locally specific guidance on the application of the presumption in favour of sustainable development.
Policy BGL3	Revise Policy BGL 2 as follows: Revise point 4 to read: "carrying out a Landscape and Visual Impact Assessment or similar study where a development proposal within the Plan area lies within sight of one of the following public views, or could affect it; the assessment should be carried out to demonstrate that levels of effects are acceptable, and that the scheme has been sited and designed sensitively and appropriately reflecting, respecting, and where possible, enhancing the landscape context within which it is situated." List of sites A – F. Show the location of the viewpoints on the Policies Map.	For clarity and understanding of the context of views in the plan.

Policy	Modification recommended	Justification
Policy BGL3	Recommendation 5:	For clarity and to correct typographical
	Revise Policy BGL3 as follows:	
	Revise line 1 of the policy: "possible enhance the historic environment"	
	Insert a comma after assets in point 3 of the policy.	
	Revise the second sentence in paragraph 4.11 to read: "unregistered park and garden"	
Policy BGL4	Recommendation 6:	In order for clarity and avoiding repetition.
	Revise Policy BGL4 as follows:	
	Revise criterion 5 to read: "5. Being capable of being safely accessed from the local road network without undue local environmental impacts.	
	Proposals which cannot satisfactorily mitigate such impacts will not be supported. The arrangements for access".	
	Revise the final sentence of paragraph 4.19 to read: "Proposals should seek to mitigate such adverse impacts."	
Policy BGL6	Recommendation 7:	In order to comply with NPPF.
	Revise Policy BGL6 as follows:	
	"Settlement boundaries are defined for Bromsash (Plan 5), Gorsley (Plan 6) and Linton (Plan 7) to help	

Policy	Modification recommended	Justification
	ensure that new housing represents sustainable development and is proportionate to the strategic requirements of the Local Plan Core Strategy. Proposals for housing inside the settlement boundaries will be supported where they are in accord with other development plan policies (including policy BGL2 in respect of landscape character and views of the village and policy BGL4 on design) and can be shown to be of a size and type to meet local requirements in accordance with policy BGL9 on housing mix."	
	Revise the settlement boundaries for Bromsash (Plan 5), Gorsley (Plan 6) and Linton (Plan 7) in accordance with the revised maps submitted on 27 October 2020.	
Policy BGL8	Recommendation 8:	For clarity
	Revise Policy BGL8 as follows:	
	Delete "services and" from the title and line 1 of the policy.	
Section 8	Recommendation 9:	For clarity and to better reflect the
	Revise section 8 as follows:	means of delivery for the plan and accordance with
	Revise paragraph 8.1 to read: "up to 2031 with the aim of delivering the sustainable development of the Neighbourhood Area."	NPPF.
	Place paragraph 8.4 after paragraph 8.2 and revise it to read: "and the local planning authority to support proposals for development that improves"	
	Revise paragraph 8.3 to read: "When responding to consultations on planning applications, the Parish Council will support proposals that meet the policies of the NDP and oppose proposals which do not."	

Policy	Modification recommended	Justification
Section 9	Recommendation 10: Set out the Community Actions as a new section 9 and renumber paragraph 8.5 as 9.1. Add a new paragraph 9.2: "The Community Actions do not form part of the LNDP and do not constitute planning policy."	For clarity and to reflect accordance with NPPF.



Appendix 8 - HRA screening of modified policies and objectives (Linton) (November 2020)

HRA Screening of Neighbourhood Development Plan Policies and Objectives

(Post Examination)

Parish: Linton Parish

Date undertaken: November 2020

Policy BGL2 (now BGL1)

Likely impact and assessment of effects on European sites	HRA Screening of NDP outcome
Likely activities (operations) to result as a consequence of the objective/option/policy	Protection of the Natural environment
Likely effect if option implemented. Could they have Likely Significant Effects (LSE) on European Sites?	Unlikely that there will be any significant effects on the European Site. All developments are required to meet the criteria of Policy LD2 to protect biodiversity and wildlife, and SD4 which seeks to ensure water quality of the SAC is not detrimentally effected.
European Sites potentially affected	River Wye (including the River Lugg) SAC Wye Valley & Forest of Dean Bat Sites SAC (2.8km from Parish) Wye Valley Woodlands SAC (9.8km from Parish)
Would it be possible that it would result in any LSE?	No
Requirement for an Appropriate Assessment	No: this policy itself will not lead to development, instead it relates to criteria based objective, that sets outs criteria to safeguard the natural and built environment maintaining the character of the neighbourhood area.
Overall outcome	Positive

• Policy BGL6 (now BGL5)

Likely impact and assessment of effects on European sites	HRA Screening of NDP outcome
Likely activities (operations) to result as a consequence of the objective/option/policy	Designation of settlement boundaries Increase in vehicle traffic.
	Increased demand for water abstraction and
Likely effect if option implemented. Could they have Likely Significant Effects (LSE) on European Sites?	Producing an NDP where a settlement boundary is designated would give a good level of certainty to the location of any future development as would the allocation of specific sites. It is unlikely that there will be any significant effects on the European Site. All developments are required to meet the criteria of Policy SD4.
European Sites potentially affected	River Wye (including the River Lugg) SAC Wye Valley & Forest of Dean Bat Sites SAC (2.8km from Parish) Wye Valley Woodlands SAC (9.8km from Parish)
Would it be possible that it would result in any LSE?	No
Requirement for an Appropriate Assessment	No: this policy itself will not lead to development, instead it relates to criteria based objective, that sets outs criteria to safeguard the environment by defining areas in which development can take place.
Overall outcome	Positive