

Environmental Report

Report for:

Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor Group Neighbourhood Area

February 2018



Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor Group Parish Environmental Report

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Non-technical summary

Strategic Environmental Assessment (SEA) is an important part of the evidence base which underpins Neighbourhood Development Plans (NDP), as it is a systematic decision support process, aiming to ensure that environmental assets, including those whose importance transcends local, regional and national interests, are considered effectively in plan making.

The Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor Group Parish have undertaken to prepare an NDP and this process has been subject to environmental appraisal pursuant to the SEA Directive. The Parish comprises the Parishes of Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor the parish lies in between the market towns of Ross on Wye and Monmouth.

The Draft Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor Group NDP includes 3 objectives and it is intended that these objectives will be delivered by 21 criteria based planning policies; three site allocations are proposed in Goodrich. The environmental appraisal of the Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor Group NDP has been undertaken in line with the Environmental Assessment of Plan and Programmes Regulations 2004. Stage A of the SEA process involved Scoping and Stage B provided a review and analysis of the NDP. Stage C involved preparing an Environmental Report and Stage D comprises a formal consultation on both this and the Draft Plan itself.

Habitat Regulations Assessment (HRA) screening has been carried out as the Group Parish falls within the catchment for the River Wye (including River Lugg), European sites (Special Area of Conservation) Wye Valley Woodlands and Wye Valley Forest of Dean Bat sites SACs. The HRA assesses the potential effects of the NDP on the Wye Valley Woodlands, Wye Valley Forest of Dean Bat sites and the River Wye (including the Lugg) SACs

On the whole, it is considered that the Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor Group NDP is in general conformity with both national planning policy contained in the National Planning Policy Framework and strategic policies set within the Herefordshire Local Plan (Core Strategy).

Once made (adopted) by Herefordshire Council, the effects of the policies within the Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor Group NDP will be monitored annually via the Council's Annual Monitoring Report (AMR).

1.0 Introduction

1.1 This report forms the draft Strategic Environmental Assessment (SEA) of the Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor Group Neighbourhood Development Plan (NDP).

1.2 The Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor Group NDP proposes three site allocation in Goodrich village, this settlement is identified within table 4.14 which is targeted for proportional levels of growth in Policy RA1 of the Herefordshire Local Plan (Core Strategy). The NDP will, however, provide general policies for guiding future development across the parish as a whole.

Purpose of the SEA

- 1.3 SEA is a requirement of EC Directive 2001/42/EC (the SEA Directive) which requires the assessment of the effects of certain plans and programmes on the environment to ensure that the proposals in that plan or programme contribute to the achievement of sustainable development.
- 1.4 The Directive was transposed into domestic legislation through the Environmental Assessment of Plans and Programmes Regulations 2004 and which applies to plans with significant environmental effects.
- 1.5. A screening opinion was carried out on the Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor Group NDP and it concluded that due to the range of environmental designations in and around the parish, there may be significant environmental effects and consequently an SEA would be required.

Parish Neighbourhood Plan Context

- 1.6 Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor Group Parish comprise of the parishes of Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor. The Parish covers a rural area within Kerne Bridge Ward in South Herefordshire, to the south of the market town of Ross-on-Wye. It borders onto Gloucestershire and the Forest of Dean, along its eastern edge.
- 1.7 Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor has around a population of 550, the majority of the population lives within the settlement of Goodrich followed by Welsh Bicknor. Facilities within Goodrich include a primary school, village hall, small village shop, post office, pubs and hotels. There is a wider range of shops and larger facilities nearby in the market town of Ross on Wye.
- 1.8 The neighbourhood area boasts many natural features, not least 8 Special Wildlife Sites and Ancient Woodlands, 1 AONB. There are numerous built heritage assets, too, including listed buildings, 4 Scheduled Monuments and non-designated assets.
- 1.9 The vision for Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in 2031 is as follows:
 - "Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor will be a thriving and prosperous Parish that offers a high quality of life for residents of all ages, a resilient economy, a sustainable use of resources, and an excellent natural environment."
- 1.10 The 3 NDP objectives are as follows:
- To develop the built environment in a way that maintains and enhances its distinctiveness and attractiveness whilst catering for the housing needs of all age groups
- To encourage successful farming and small businesses, where members of the community can find employment

To maintain and enhance the natural environment and the local heritage

Context of Neighbourhood Plans

- 1.11 NDPs are a relatively new type of planning document that form a key part of the Government's localism agenda. They enable local communities to develop plans that reflect local aspirations, in accordance with strategic policies.
- 1.12 The Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor Group NDP must therefore conform to national planning policy set within the NPPF and strategic level local policy including the Herefordshire Local Plan (Core Strategy).
- 1.13 The Herefordshire Local Plan (Core Strategy) was adopted on the 16th October 2015.
- 1.14 Paragraph 216 of the NPPF and Planning Practice Guidance set out the weight that may be given to relevant policies in emerging plans, including NDPs, and indicated that weight may be given to relevant policies in emerging NDPs according to:
 - The stage of preparation of the emerging plan (the more advanced the preparation, the grater the weight that may be given);
 - The extent to which there are unresolved objections to relevant policies (the less significant the unresolved objections, the greater the weight that may be given); and
 - The degree of consistency of the relevant policies in the emerging plan to the policies in this Framework (the closer the policies in the emerging plan to the policies in the Framework, the greater the weight that may be given).
- 1.15 This part of the NPPF is reinforced by Planning Practice Guidance published in March 2014, which is clear that an emerging NDP may be a material planning considered once it has reached submission/local authorities publication stage (Regulation 16). This is reinforced by recent ministerial statements and case law (West Sussex), all of which have demonstrated that an emerging NDP may be a material consideration at the Regulation 16 stage¹.
- 1.16 Table 4.14 of the Local Plan (Core Strategy) lists Goodrich among the settlements which it considers to be sustainable locations for growth, albeit smaller market homes which meet the needs of people with local connections or affordable housing in line with the provisions of Policy RA2.
- 1.17 Once made (adopted) by Herefordshire Council, the Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor Group NDP will have a role in guiding future development proposals within the Parish, by setting out setting out policies against which planning applications will be determined.

Structure of SEA

- 1.19 The structure of the document is as follows:
 - Section 2 Explains the SEA methodology and summarises the comments received in respect of the SEA Scoping Report
 - Section 3 Introduces the Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor Group Neighbourhood Plan objectives and the SEA framework
 - Section 4 Appraises the objectives contained within the Neighbourhood Plan against the SEA framework

¹ For the avoidance of doubt, this NDP is currently at the Draft Plan Stage (Regulation 14) and cannot, therefore, be given weight in reaching decisions on planning applications

- Section 5 Appraises the options considered within the Neighbourhood Plan against the SEA framework
- Section 6 Appraises the policies contained within the Neighbourhood Plan against the SEA framework
- Section 7 Discusses the implementation and monitoring of the Neighbourhood Plan
- Section 8 Concludes the SEA report by outlining next steps

2.0 Methodology

- 2.1 The SEA process comprised several stages and which are summarised, in some detail, below.
- 2.2 Stage A involved 4 tasks and culminated in a Scoping Report:
 - *Task A1:* Identified and reviewed relevant policies, plans and programmes and environmental protection objectives from European, National and Local sources.
 - Task A2: Collected baseline information to provide a picture of past, present and likely future conditions within the area. This helped to establish indicators which will be used to monitor the effects and performance of the Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor NDP.
 - *Task A3:* Focused on the environmental issues identified from the baseline, highlighting key issues and problems within the neighbourhood area.
 - Task A4: Used the information gathered from Tasks A1-A3 to develop a set of SEA objectives, sometimes referred to as the 'sustainability framework'.
 - Task A5: Collated the results of Tasks A1-A4 within a Scoping Report, a document which was subject to a statutory 5 week consultation.
- 2.3 Stage B involved 4 tasks and assessed the effects of the NDP.
 - Task B1: Tested NDP Objectives against the SEA Objectives
 - Task B2: Developed and refined the NDP options and policies
 - Task B3/B4: Predicted and evaluated the significant effects of the NDP
- 2.4 Stage C involved preparing an Environmental Report. This report presents information compiled during Stage B of the SEA process and constitutes the Draft Environmental Appraisal of the NDP. It accompanies the Draft Plan during its formal Regulation 14 consultation with people who live, work and carry out businesses in the neighbourhood area, as well as statutory bodies listed in the Neighbourhood Planning (General) Regulations 2012.
- 2.5 Producing an Environmental Report was therefore a legal requirement and the submission of this report to Herefordshire Council forms Stage D of the SEA process.

Scoping Report Consultation

2.6 With regard to the SEA scoping assessments, documents A1 to A4 were completed by a Herefordshire Council Planning Officer and sent to the Parish Council for comment, in readiness for a 5 week consultation with statutory bodies, pursuant to the Environmental Assessment of Plans and Programmes Regulations 2004.

2.7 After the document was approved by the Parish Council, the Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor Group SEA Scoping Report was available to four² statutory bodies for consultation from 23 March to 29 April 2016.

Consultation outcomes from Statutory Consultees

- 2.8 The consultation resulted in 2 responses, both of which are attached at Appendix 3.
- 2.9 Both responses were collated and incorporated within this document where relevant:

Natural England: NE approves and welcomes reports A1 and A3. NE has commented on A2 to include baseline information and in A4.

English Heritage: No comments received.

Environment Agency: No comments received

Natural Resources Wales: No comments received.

3.0 The SEA Framework

- 3.1 As mentioned previously, Stage A of the SEA identifies and reviews relevant policies, plans and programmes and environmental protection objectives from European, National and Local sources (refer to Table A1 in Appendix 2 for details of those documents that were reviewed in completing Stage A of SEA on the Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor NDP).
- 3.2 The requirement to undertake this 'context review' is contained in Annexes 1(a) and (e) of the SEA Directive which states that an Environmental Report should include:
 - "...an outline of the contents, main objectives of the plan or programme and relationship with other relevant plans and programmes" and
 - "...the environmental protection objectives, established at international, Community or Member State level, which are relevant to the plan or programme and the way those objectives and any environmental considerations have been taken into account during its preparation"

Policy context

- 3.3 The Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor Group NDP will deliver the Local Plan (Core Strategy) at parish level by adding locally specific detail to strategic policies. As a consequence, the Scoping Report for the NDP was based on the context review Herefordshire Council undertook for its Local Plan (Core Strategy).
- 3.4 The results of this assessment (context review) provide the source of the local baseline data and have been incorporated into the SEA framework. It should be noted that:
 - No list of policies, plans and programmes can ever be exhaustive and that Herefordshire Council has selected those considered to be of particular relevance to the planning system;
 - New or revised plans and policies can emerge during the SEA process
- 3.5 The following strategies and plans have been reviewed and, where appropriate, incorporated within the SA Framework objectives:

² Statutory consultation bodies: Natural England; English Heritage; Environment Agency Natural Resources Wales

- The EC Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations (2010) These regulations transpose the Habitats Directive in England, Wales and to a limited extent Scotland by ensuring that activities are carried out in accordance with the Habitats Directive, which is to protect biodiversity through the conservation of natural habitats and species of wild flora and fauna.
- The EC Water Framework Directive (2000) Commits all EU member states to achieve good qualitative and quantitative status of all water courses by 2015
- The Wildlife and Countryside Act (1981) The major legal instrument for wildlife protection in Britain, although other significant acts have been passed since. It has numerous parts and supplementary lists and schedules many of which have been amended since publication.
- Biodiversity 2020: A strategy for England's wildlife and ecosystem services (2011) Forms part of the UK's Post-2010 Biodiversity Framework by setting out England's
 contribution towards the UK's commitments under the United Nations Convention of
 Biological Diversity.
- The Countryside and Right of Way Act (2000) Creates a statutory right of access on foot to certain types of open land, to modernise the public rights of way system, to strengthen nature conservation legislation, and to facilitate better management of AONBs
 - The Natural Environment and Rural Communities Act (2006) Designed to help achieve a rich and diverse natural environment and thriving rural communities through modernised and simplified arrangements for delivering Government policy.
 - Revised EU Sustainable Development strategy (2009) Sets out a single strategy on how the EU will more effectively meet its long-standing commitment to meet the challenges of sustainable development.
 - National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) (2012) Consolidates the suite of PPG/PPS into one succinct planning policy document.
 - Planning Practice Guidance (2013) Sets out the vision, objectives and policies for the Herefordshire Local Plan (Core Strategy), which will guide development across the county up to 2031.
 - Herefordshire Local Transport Plan 3 (LTP) 2013-2015 Sets out the Council's strategy for supporting economic growth, social inclusion and reducing the environmental impacts of transport, as well as the program of investment for the period April 2013 to April 2015.
 - Understanding Herefordshire Report (2014) Important to understand the place such as the local economy natural and built environment in which people live, learn and work as part of understanding their quality of life. Enable development for economy and housing to required levels and growth should be supported by sustainable transport measures.
 - Malvern Hills AONB Management Plan 2009-2014 (2009) Identifies the issues and challenges facing the special features of the area and contains 24 guiding principles and 46 strategic objectives which will help address them.
 - Wye Valley AONB management Plan 2009-2014 (2009) The Management Plan is the prime document which sets out the vision for the area and the priorities for its management.

• Herefordshire Economic Development Strategy 2011-2016 - Aims to increase the economic wealth of Herefordshire by setting out proposals and to support business growth up to 2016.

- Herefordshire Employment Land Study (2012) Includes employment land assessments for the plan period 2011-2031. The study includes Quantitative and Qualitative assessments of employment land, assessment of market demand and need, as well as providing forecasts and recommendations for future employment need over the plan period.
- Herefordshire Strategic Housing Land Availability Assessment (SHLAA) (2009) -The SHLAA aims to justify site allocations in plans by:
 - o Identifying sites which are capable of delivering housing development
 - Assessing sites for their housing potential; and
 - o Predicting when a site could be developed for housing.
- Herefordshire Local Housing Market Assessment (LHMA) (2013) Builds on an earlier Strategic Housing Market Assessment (SHMA) developed for Herefordshire and Shropshire. Its purpose is to inform the Local Plan's policies regarding housing need and demand (for market and affordable housing) within each of the 7 Housing Market Areas (HMAs) in Herefordshire between 2011 and 2031.
- Herefordshire Local Housing Requirements Study (2012) Technical assessment of the housing market and potential future local housing requirements which supports planning policy regarding the amount of growth, housing tenure and housing type needed within Herefordshire up to 2031.
- Herefordshire Rural Housing Background Report (2013) Provides the justification for the proportional housing growth targets outlined in the Core Strategy
- Herefordshire Draft Gypsies and Travellers Assessment (2013) Assesses the accommodation needs of Gypsies and Travellers across Herefordshire.
- Herefordshire Local Biodiversity Action Plan (2007) Focuses conservation
 efforts on the areas within Herefordshire that will result in the greatest benefit for
 ecological networks, habitats and species.
- Building Biodiversity into the LDF (2009) Provides the Council's Local Plan (Core Strategy) with evidence in respect of biodiversity and geodiversity, identifying both opportunities and constraints across Herefordshire.
- Herefordshire Green Infrastructure Strategy (2010) Develops a framework of natural and culturally important features and functions so that planning for a sustainable future is at the heart of planning within Herefordshire.
- Renewable Energy Study (2010) Assesses the energy demand within Herefordshire and the ability for the county to accommodate renewable and low carbon energy technologies.
- Herefordshire Playing Pitch Assessment (2012) Produces a strategic framework, audit and assessment and needs analysis of outdoor sports pitches and facilities for Herefordshire. The document arises as a result of a recommendation in the Herefordshire and Worcestershire Sports Facilities Framework to develop local standards for playing fields and sports pitches throughout Herefordshire.

- Open Spaces Study (2006) The 2006 space audit and assessment of need is a snap shot of the quality, quantity and distribution of open space across Herefordshire.
- Play Facilities Study (2012) The Play Facilities Study 2012 updates the
 previous play facilities analysis under the Open Spaces Study 2006 and provides
 guidance and a framework for the development, delivery and continued
 sustainability of providing new and improved play facilities for children and young
 people in Herefordshire to 2031.
- Strategic Flood Risk Assessment (SFRA) and Water Cycle Study (2009) The
 Strategic Flood Risk Assessment (SFRA) provides a summary of flood risk in
 Herefordshire to inform the location of future development. The Water Cycle
 Study examines how water resources and water supply infrastructure,
 wastewater treatment, water quality, sewerage and flood risk could constrain
 growth across Herefordshire.
- 3.6 Appendix 1 of the Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor NDP Scoping Report provides additional detail on the Plans, Policies and Programmes mentioned above and identifies the implications for the SEA and NDP.

SEA Objectives and baseline characteristics

3.7 The SEA objectives that were used at Stages A and B of the process are listed in the following table.

SEA C	Dbjective
1	To maintain or enhance nature conservation (biodiversity, flora and fauna)
2	To maintain or enhance the quality of landscapes and townscapes
3	To improve the quality of surroundings
4	To conserver or where appropriate enhance the historic environment and culture heritage
5	To improve air quality
6	To reduce the effect of traffic on the environment
7	To reduce contributions to climate change
8	To reduce vulnerability to climate change
9	To improve water quality
10	To provide for sustainable sources of water supply
11	To avoid, reduce and manage flood risk
12	To conserve soil resources and quality
13	To minimise the production of waste
14	To improve the health of the population
15	To reduce crime and nuisance
16	To conserve natural and manmade resources

- 3.8 The SEA objectives detailed above conform to the SEA Directive, and are derived from the Sustainability Appraisal undertaken for the Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy 2011-2031.
- 3.9 Baseline information gathered during Stage A of the SEA process provided details of the current environmental characteristics of the neighbourhood area and the status of its natural assets and features (refer to Appendix 2). This information was analysed as part of Task B2 of SEA, which looked at the extent to which the emerging NDP policies will help or obstruct these characteristics.

- 3.10 Following the completion of Task B2 of SEA it was apparent that the largest environmental issue within the Group Parish has an impact on the County as a whole is water quality; the River Wye (including the River Lugg), though currently meeting all its conservation objectives, will require effective management, in order to ensure that the quality of water does not deteriorate to the point that nutrient targets are missed further downstream.
- 3.11 The NDP proposes 3 sites be allocated for development and contains a settlement boundary to identify Goodrich, as well as criteria-based policies. On this basis, the delivery of the NDP should not exacerbate existing problems regarding water quality or have an unacceptable adverse impact.
- 3.12 Baseline characteristics within the SEA detail the current environmental status of environmental characteristics in the neighbourhood plan area from different sources. The source of Baseline Information used in Table A2 in Appendix 2, and analysed in Table B2 can be found in Appendix 4 Baseline characteristics in relation to the Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor NDP SEA objectives are listed below.
- 3.13 There are three objectives for which there is no local baseline data available and therefore this provides a limitation on the baseline data and whether the NDP policies are able to more towards or away from this data, this also means that there are no future trends to link the SEA objective too.

4.0 Assessing the NDP Objectives

- 4.1 The following are objectives listed in the NDP that aim to realise the vision for Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in 2031:
- To develop the built environment in a way that maintains and enhances its distinctiveness and attractiveness whilst catering for the housing needs of all age groups
- To encourage successful farming and small businesses, where members of the community can find employment
- To maintain and enhance the natural environment and the local heritage
- 4.2 The table below tests these NDP objectives against the SEA objectives, providing a summary of the results of Task B1 of SEA. The full results are available at Appendix 4 of this report.
- 4.3 The majority of those NDP objectives which have a relationship with the SEA framework are positively compatible with it or have a neutral effect.
- 4.4 None of the objectives conflict with the SEA baseline.

Key:	
+	Compatible
-	Possible conflict
0	Neutral
Х	No relationship between objectives

?	Unclear, more information needed

NDP Options	SEA O	SEA Objectives														
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Objective 1	++	+	+	++	+	+	+	+	+	x	+	+	+	+	+	++
Objective 2	0	+	+	х	+	+	+	+	х	х	x	+	+	+	+	0
Objective 3:	++	+	+	++	+	+	+	+	+	х	+	+	+	+	+	++

5.0 Assessing the NDP Options

- 5.1 All options that were considered by Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor Group Parish during the development of their Plan have been assessed as part of the SEA, the summary matrix of the assessment can be found in Table B2 options these tables are in Appendix 4.
- The options covered the topics that are likely to formulate the topics going forward in the Plan. These options were formulated from the Parish Plan but were also considered at public consultation events across the Group Parish in Autumn 2017. The results of which will feed into the identification of the preferred options and ultimately the draft policies.
- A 'do nothing' option was also considered by the Parish, i.e. not undertaking a Neighbourhood Development Plan, however this was disregarded at an early stage by the Parish Council as it was highlighted within the Parish Plan that the majority of the community would support the work undertaken for a Neighbourhood Plan.
- The Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor village options all had a generally positive or unknown impact upon the Baseline data and SEA objectives, in particular Option 1 and Option 2 would have the least impact upon the environment and move towards the SEA objectives. Both options strive for proportionate growth within the identified settlement boundaries where the majority of the built form is. Option 3 and 4 strive for wide scale growth beyond the proportionate growth target. The impact on the SEA baseline is mostly a mixture of neutral and negative impact as it is likely to have a detrimental impact on the settlement's character's, facilities and its resources.
- 5.5 The Goodrich village options all had a generally positive effect but with some unknown factors. Option 1 and 2 are the most favoured due to the least impact upon the environment and therefore moving towards the SEA objectives, this is due to the development being limited to small scale grown within the identified settlement in line with agreed criteria although the details of where these locations to be decided from the site options consultation.
- Overall all of the options had mainly a positive effect on the SEA objectives and baseline, if the policies that are developed incorporated the elements of the options that are ensuring mitigation of new development and additional details are provided for the location and design of any proposed site then the assessment of the policies should result in a positive result. As these options were generally moving towards the SEA objectives any further alternatives would probably be moving away and therefore no further options are required to be assessed.

NDP Site Options	SEA	SEA Objectives														
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Option 1	0	+	+	0	+	+	0	0	0	0	0	+	+	+	+	0
Option 2	0	+	?	0	+	+	+	+	0	0	0	+	+	?	+	0
Option 3:	-	0	?	х	?	?	х	х	0	0	0	0	0	?	0	0
Option 4	-	-	-	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
Option 5	0	0	0	?	+	+	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	?	0	0
Option 6	0	0	0	0	+	+	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

NDP Site Options	SEA	SEA Objectives														
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Option 7	-	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	0	0	0	0	?	?	?	-
Option 8	0	?	?	0	-	?	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Option 9	0	+	+	0	+	+	0	0	0	0	0	+	+	+	+	0
Option 10	-	-	-	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	+	+	-
Option 11	-	-	-	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	+	+	-
Option 12	-	-	-	-	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	-

Site Options

- 5.7 The 12 site options above, most had mix of neutral to positive effect, this is mostly down to the small nature of the sites proposed as well as the majority of the sites were in or around the identified settlement boundary, deeming the locations a place of sustainable growth. Of the 12 sites 3 sites were deemed of having a potential significant impact, due to scale, size and location of the proposed scheme. Options 4, 10, 11 and 12 have the potential to be the most negative impact on the baseline data, due to either the large scale and inappropriate locations proposed.
- 5.8 Options that are most favourable for development are 1,2,6 and 9. This is due to suitable locations and size of the potential development that is close to the identified settlement of Goodrich. The three sites 1, 2 and 6 that have finally been selected due to its availability and suitability.

6.0 Appraisal of the policies

- 6.1 A key part of developing a plan such as the Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor NDP is developing a range of options and testing these, so that a preferred way forward can be selected.
- 6.2 Although the Draft NDP identifies a number of key themes or issues which are considered significant to the Parish, alternative approaches were considered through meetings and questionnaires in respect of an emerging draft plan during the autumn of 2017. Therefore only the following, emerging set of draft policies can be appraised for the purposes of Stage B of the SEA:
 - Policy GWB1 Promoting Sustainable Development
 - Policy GWB2 Conserving the landscape and scenic beauty within the Wye Valley AONB
 - Policy GWB3 Enhancement of the natural environment
 - Policy GWB4 Protecting Heritage Assets
 - Policy GWB5 Protection from flood risk
 - Policy GWB6 Sustainable Design
 - Policy GWB7 Sewerage Infrastructure
 - Policy GWB8 Traffic Measures within the Group Parish
 - Policy GWB9 Highway Design Requirements
 - Policy GWB10 Broadband and Telecommunication Infrastructure
 - Policy GWB11 Protection and Enhancement of Community Facilities and Services
 - Policy GWB12 Contributions to Community Services, Youth Provision and Recreation Facilities
 - Policy GWB13 Moors Meadow Local Green Space
 - Policy GWB14 Housing Development in Goodrich Village
 - Policy GWB15 Housing Sites in Goodrich Village
 - Policy GWB16 Meeting Housing Needs
 - Policy GWB17 Affordable and Intermediate Homes
 - Policy GWB18 Tourism Enterprises
 - Policy GWB19 Scale of Economic Development
 - Policy GWB20 Farm Diversification
 - Policy GWB21 Working from Home

Stage B of SEA

- In the context of Task B1 of SEA, the previous section of this report identified that many of the NDP objectives are compatible with the SEA framework, while others had either a neutral impact, no relationship with the SEA objectives or if needed; further information such as location of development. Additional policy safeguards within the NDP and Local Plan (Core Strategy) would help mitigate any possible conflicts.
- 6.4 With regard to Task B2 of SEA, the NDP policies were measured against both the SEA framework and the baseline characteristics identified during Stage A of the process; here, there was no baseline data available in respect of SEA Objectives 3 and 9. Full details of this appraisal are attached at Appendix 4.
- The policies largely score as positive or neutral against the SEA objectives and will not, therefore, have an adverse impact on the baseline characteristics or immediate environmental impacts. This is because they are criteria based policies which only consider schemes on their own merits, as and when planning applications are submitted to the local planning authority.
- There are some unknown factors, particularly where the location of specific piece of development (i.e tourist facilities or business units) is not yet known.

NDP Options	SEA C	bjectives	3													
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
1	+	+	+	+	+	+	0	0	0	0	0	0	+	+	+	+
2	++	++	++	+	+	х	+	+	+	х	+	+	+	+	+	++
3:	++	+	+	++	+	х	+	+	+	Х	+	+	+	+	+	++
4	+	+	+	++	0	х	0	0	Х	Х	х	+	+	+	+	+
5	+	+	+	+	+	х	+	+	++	++	++	+	+	+	+	+
6	+	++	++	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+

- 6.7 The results of Task B3, as shown at Appendix 4, demonstrate that the cumulative impact of the NDP policies over the course of the plan period is generally positive. Although some policies may have a neutral or uncertain impact during the first 5 years of the plan period, there is no reason why they cannot have a positive effect in the medium to long-term due to policy safeguards included in the Local Plan (Core Strategy); these safeguards should avoid or mitigate against unacceptable adverse impacts.
- 6.8 Task B4 of SEA brings together the results of earlier tasks and thus identifies the cumulative impact of the entire of the NDP. This task, which is also attached at Appendix 4, reveals that the objectives and policies contained in the Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor Group NDP are by and large in general conformity with the Local Plan (Core Strategy), which means that the cumulative effect of the plan will contribute to the achievement of the SEA objectives.
- None of the NDP policies are considered to be in direct conflict with or propose greater levels of growth and development than strategic policies contained in the Local Plan (Core Strategy), which themselves have undergone a full Sustainability Appraisal.

NDP Options	SEA	SEA Objectives														
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Policy 1	+	+	+	+	+	+	0	0	0	0	0	0	+	+	+	+
Policy 2	++	++	++	+	+	х	+	+	+	х	+	+	+	+	+	++
Policy 3:	++	+	+	++	+	х	+	+	+	Х	+	+	+	+	+	++
Policy 4	+	+	+	++	0	х	0	0	х	Х	Х	+	+	+	+	+
Policy 5	+	+	+	+	+	х	+	+	++	++	++	+	+	+	+	+
Policy 6	+	++	++	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Policy 7	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Policy 8	0	0	+	х	+	+	+	+	х	Х	Х	0	0	+	+	0
Policy 9	0	0	+	х	+	++	+	+	х	Х	+	+	+	+	+	0
Policy 10	+	+	+	0	+	+	0	0	0	0	0	+	+	+	+	+
Policy 11	0	+	+	х	0	0	х	х	х	Х	Х	+	+	+	+	0
Policy 12	0	+	+	х	0	0	х	х	х	Х	Х	+	+	+	+	0
Policy 13	+	+	+	+	+	х	+	+	0	0	+	+	+	+	+	+

NDP Options	SEA	SEA Objectives														
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Policy 14	+	+	+	х	+	0	0	0	?	?	?	+	+	+	+	+
Policy 15	+	+	+	0	+	0	0	0	0	0	0	+	+	?	+	+
Policy 16	+	+	+	Х	+	0	0	0	0	0	0	+	+	+	+	+
Policy 17	+	+	+	х	+	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	+	+	+	+
Policy 18	0	+	+	Х	+	0	0	0	0	0	0	+	+	+	+	0
Policy 19	0	+	+	Х	+	+	0	0	х	Х	Х	+	+	+	+	0
Policy 20	0	+	+	Х	+	+	0	0	х	Х	Х	+	+	+	+	0
Policy 21	0	+	+	Х	+	+	0	0	х	Х	Х	+	+	+	+	0

7.0 Implementation and monitoring

- 7.1 Herefordshire Council as the Local Planning Authority should make arrangements to monitor the significant effects of implementing a neighbourhood plan.
- 7.2 Indeed, Regulation 17 of the Environmental Assessment of Plans and Programmes Regulations 2004 requires the Local Planning Authority to monitor the significant environmental effects of the implementation of any NDP that was subject to SEA, in order to identify unforeseen adverse effects at an early stage and to enable appropriate remedial actions.
- 7.3 Accordingly, Herefordshire Council will monitor outcomes from the NDP policies and the results of these will be reported in the Council's Annual Monitoring Report (AMR).
- 7.4 The AMR runs from 1 April to 31 March each year and the topics covered therein include the following:
 - Housing delivery;
 - Previously developed land
 - Housing completions
 - Affordable housing conditions
 - Employment land delivery.

8.0 Next steps

- This report will be subject to a formal public consultation of 6 weeks duration alongside the Draft Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor Group NDP.
- 8.2 Responses on the Draft NDP will be reviewed and the plan amended where appropriate.
- 8.3 Any changes made to the NDP as a consequence of the Regulation 14 consultation with those who live, work or carry out business in the neighbourhood area, as well as statutory consultation bodies, will trigger a review of the SEA, unless they do not materially affect the outcomes of Stage B of the SEA process.

Appendix 1



Initial Habitat Regulations Assessment and Strategic Environmental Assessment Screening Notification

The Neighbourhood Planning (General) (Amendment) Regulations 2015 (Reg. 32)

Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations 2010 (d)

Neighbourhood Area:	Goodrich & Welsh Bicknor Neighbourhood Area
Parish Council:	Goodrich & Welsh Bicknor Group Parish Council
Neighbourhood Area Designation Date:	16 August 2016

Introduction

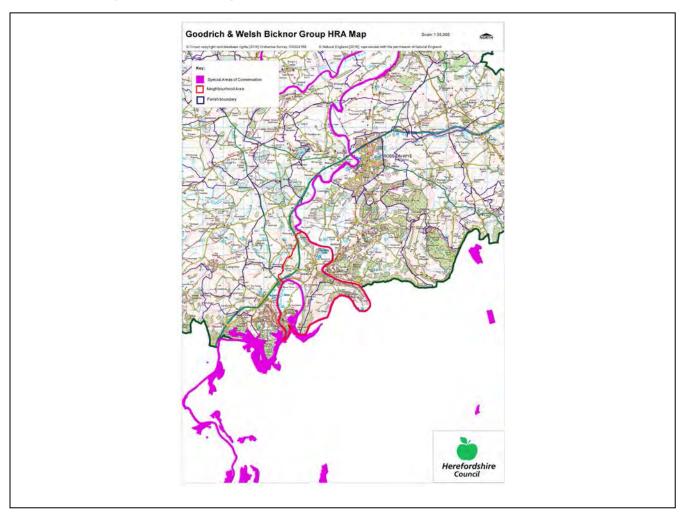
This Initial Habitat Regulations Assessment (HRA) and Strategic Environmental Assessment (SEA) Screening has been undertaken to assess whether any European sites exist within or in proximity to the Neighbourhood Area which could be affected by any future proposals or policies.

Through continual engagement the outcomes of any required assessments will help to ensure that proposed developments will not lead to Likely Significant Effects upon a European site or cause adverse impacts upon other environmental assets, such as the built historic or local natural environment.

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HRA Initial Screening

Map showing relationship of Neighbourhood Area with European Sites (not to scale)



River Wye (including the River Lugg) Special Area of Conservation (SAC):

Does the Neighbourhood Area have the River Wye (including the River Lugg) in or next to its boundary?	Υ	The River Wye (including the River Lugg) SAC runs along the boundary of the Group Parish
Is the Neighbourhood Area in the hydrological catchment of the River Wye (including the River Lugg) SAC?	Υ	The Group Parish is within the River Wye hydrological catchment area.
If yes above, does the Neighbourhood Area have mains drainage to deal with foul sewage?	Υ	There is mains drainage at Goodrich

Downton Gorge SAC:

Is the Neighbourhood Area within 10km of Downton Gorge SAC?		ownton Gorge is 54km away from the oup Parish
---	--	---

River Clun SAC:

Does the River Clun border the Neighbourhood	N	The River Clun does not border the
Area		Group Parish

Wye Valley & Forest of Dean Bat Sites SAC:

Is the Neighbourhood Area within 10km of any of	Υ	The Wye Valley and Forest of Dean Bat
the individual sites that make up the Wye Valley &		Sites are 5.5km away from the Group
Forest of Dean Bat Sites?		Parish

Wye Valley Woodlands SAC:

Is the Neighbourhood Area within 10km of any of	Υ	The Wye Valley Woodlands are within
the individual sites that make up the Wye Valley		the Group Parish
Woodlands Site?		

HRA Conclusion:

The assessment above highlights that European Sites will need to be taken into account in the future Neighbourhood Development Plan for the Goodrich & Welsh Bicknor Group Neighbourhood Area and a Full HRA Screening will be required.

European Site

(List only those which are relevant)

River Wye (including the River Lugg) Special Area of Conservation (SAC) Wye Valley & Forest of Dean Bat Sites SAC Wye Valley Woodlands SAC

Strategic Environmental Assessment Initial Screening for nature conservation landscape and heritage features

The following environmental features are within or in general proximity to the Goodrich & Welsh Bicknor Group Neighbourhood Area and would need to be taken into account within a Strategic Environmental Assessment. In addition, the NDP will also need to consider the other SEA topics set out in Guidance Note 9a to ensure that the plan does not cause adverse impacts.

		Within Neighbourhood Area		Bordering Neighbourhood Area			
SEA features	Total number	II Nama(s)		Name(s)			
Ancient Woodland	6	Thomas Wood; Park Wood; Coldwell Wood; Collins Grove; Elliotts Grove; Huntsham Hill Wood.	11	Ferny Bank, Mayers Grove; Dam Wood; Wet Wood; Beechtree Wood; Tumps Wood; Ferry Wood; Yew Wood; Crabtree Ption (East); Brookshead Grove; Woodside Wood; Trebandy Wood.			
Areas of Outstanding Natural Beauty (AONB)	1	Wye Valley.	0	-			
Conservation Areas	0	-	0	-			
Flood Areas	Flood Zon	es follow the River Wye and tributaries off this.					
Geoparks	0	-	0	-			
Listed Buildings	There are	numerous Listed Buildings throughout the Group F	Parish.				
Local Geological Sites (LGS)	3	Goodrich Castle; Huntsham Bridge; Huntsham Hill roadside section.	6	Quarry north of King Arthurs Cave; King Arthurs Cave; The Biblins; Little Doward Hillside; Lords Wood Quarry;			

				Limestone Pavement, Little Doward.	
Local Wildlife Sites (LWS)	8 Goodrich Court Wilderness; River Wye; Marsh near Goodrich; Pool Ellocks; Park Wood; Coppett Hill and adjoining woodlands; Garren Brook; The Doward and Huntsham Hill.		7	Disused railway line, Ross to Kerne Bridge Coughton Wood and Marsh; Howle Hill and Marks Well; Field near Forest Green; Field near Kiln Green; Woodland east of Kern Bridge; Dam Wood and Copse, Coal Hill and 16 Acre Wood.	
Mineral Reserves	4	In bend of River Wye, north of Huntsham Court and Huntsham Hill; The Windles, east of Welsh Bicknor to Courtfield; South of Symonds Yat; East of Symonds Yat, on opposite bank to River Wye.	3	Great Doward, Little Doward including Lords Wood; West of Wye, east of Rockview Farm; Howle Hill, Kiln green, west of Hope Mansell, south east of Coughton.	
National Nature Reserve (NNR)	0	-	0	-	
Nature Trails	1	Wye Valley Walk.	0	-	
Registered Parks and Gardens	0	-	0	-	
Scheduled Ancient Monuments (SAM)	4	Goodrich Castle; Flanesford Priory; Dry Arch Bridge 300yds (270m) north east of St Giles Church; Kerne Bridge.	4	Churchyard Cross in St Dubricius' Churchyard; Merlin's Cave, Great Doward; Little Doward Camp; King Arthurs Cave, Great Doward.	
Sites of Importance in Nature Conservation (SINC)	0	-	0	-	
Special Areas of Conservation (SAC)	2	River Wye; Wye Valley Woodlands.	0	-	
Unregistered parks and gardens	3	Goodrich Court; Huntsham Court; Courtfield.	2	Hazelhurst; Bishopswood.	

			SSSI Status		SSSI Status
Sites of Special Scientific	3	River Wye;	Unfavourable 3	Great Doward;	Unfavourable
Interest (SSSI)			Recovering;		Recovering;
		Park Wood;	Unfavourable	Coughton Wood & Marsh;	Unfavourable
			Recovering;		Recovering;
		Upper Wye Gorge.	Favourable,	Brooks Head Grove.	Favourable.
			Unfavourable		
			Recovering.		

Decision Notification:

The initial screening highlights that the Neighbourhood Development Plan for the Goodrich & Welsh Bicknor Group Neighbourhood Area:

a) Will require further environmental assessment for Habitats Regulations Assessment and Strategic Environmental Assessment.

Assessment date: 5 August 2016

Assessed by: James Latham

Appendix 1: European Sites

The table below provides the name of each European Site, which has been screened in for the purposes of neighbourhood planning in Herefordshire; includes their site features of integrity; and vulnerability data. This is based on the sites individual features of integrity and their vulnerabilities, which could include distance criteria. This has been used in identifying which parishes are likely to require a full HRA Screening of their future Neighbourhood Development Plan, to establish if their plan might have Likely Significant Effects on a European Site.

Downton Gorge

Site Features: Tilio-Acerion forests of slopes, screes and ravines

Vulnerability data: 10km for air quality associated with poultry units or other intensive agricultural practices.

River Clun

Site Features: Freshwater pearl mussel Margaritifera margaritifera

Vulnerability data: Water quality is important to maintain the site feature. Parishes either side of the River Clun will be affected.

River Wye

Site Features: Water courses of plain to montane levels with the *Ranunculion fluitantis* and *Callitricho-Batrachion* vegetation. Transition mires and quaking bogs. White-clawed (or Atlantic Stream) crayfish *Austropotamobius pallipes*. Sea lamprey *Petromyzon marinus*. Brook lamprey *Lampetra planeri*. River lamprey *Lampetra fluviatilis*. Twaite shad *Alosa fallax*. Atlantic salmon *Salmo salar*. Bullhead *Cottus gobio*. Otter *Lutra lutra*. Allis shad *Alosa alosa*

Vulnerability data: Proximity: Developments should not be within 100m of the designated bank. Some developments beyond 100m may also have impacts based on proximity and these issues should be addressed where possible when developing NDP policy and choosing site allocations.

Water Quality: Within the whole catchment of the River Wye, which includes the River Lugg, mains drainage issues with regards to water quality are being resolved through the Core Strategy / Local Plan and development of a Nutrient Management Plan. Welsh Water should be consulted to ensure that the proposed growth will be within the limit of their consents.

Otters: "An otter will occupy a 'home range', which on fresh waters usually includes a stretch of river as well as associated tributary streams, ditches, ponds, lakes and woodland. The size of a home range depends largely on the availability of food and shelter, and the presence of neighbouring otters. On rivers, a male's home range may be up to 40km or more of watercourse and associated areas; females have smaller ranges (roughly half the size) and favour quieter locations for breeding, such as tributary streams.

Otters without an established home range are known as 'transients'. They are mostly juveniles looking for a territory of their own, or adults that have been pushed out of their territories. Transient otters may use an area for a short while, but they will move on if conditions are not suitable or if they are driven away by resident otters. Transients will have been important in extending the range of otters, but they are very difficult to identify from field signs.

Within a home range an otter may use many resting sites. These include above-ground shelters, such as stands of scrub or areas of rank grass, and

underground 'holts' - for example, cavities under tree roots and dry drainage pipes."

Wye Valley and Forest of Dean Bat Sites

Site Features: Annex II species that are a primary reason for site selection: Lesser horseshoe bat *Rhinolophus hipposideros*. Greater horseshoe bat *Rhinolophus ferrumequinum*

Vulnerability data: Lesser Horseshoe bats are known to migrate between 5km and 10km between their summer and winter roosts. The Lesser Horseshoe Bat is vulnerable to disturbance; light pollution; and habitat loss. Check with the planning ecologist for other issues.

Greater Horseshoe bats are known to migrate between 20-30km between their summer and winter roosts.

NDPs closest to the European Site will need to consider:

Woodland habitat buffer.

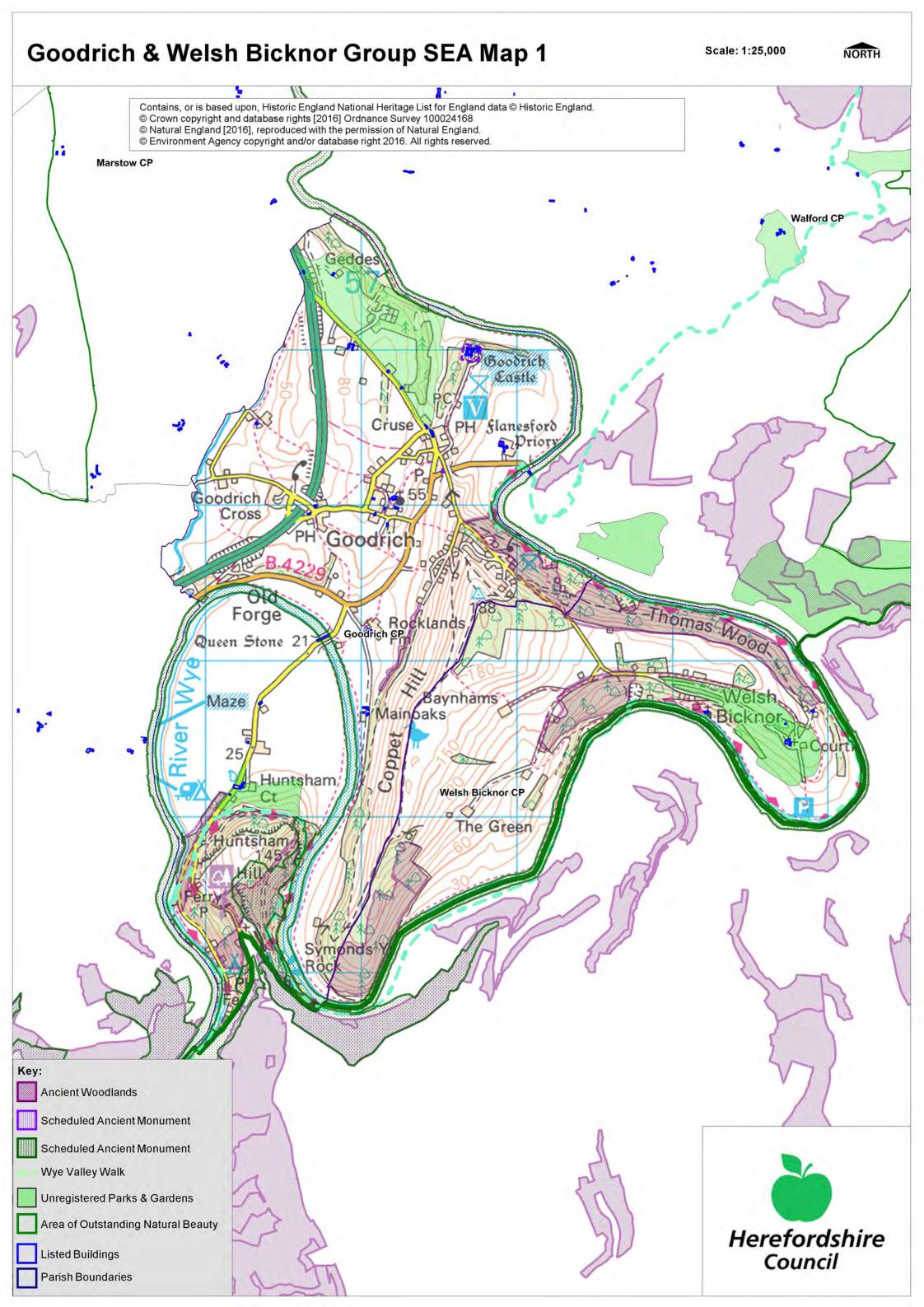
Lesser Horseshoe Bat: Old buildings; woodland locations; sheltered valleys, extensive deciduous woods or dense scrub, close to roost sites. In areas of fragmented habitats, linear habitats such as hedgerows are important corridors. Vulnerable to loss or disturbance of both summer and winter roosts and removal of linear habitat.

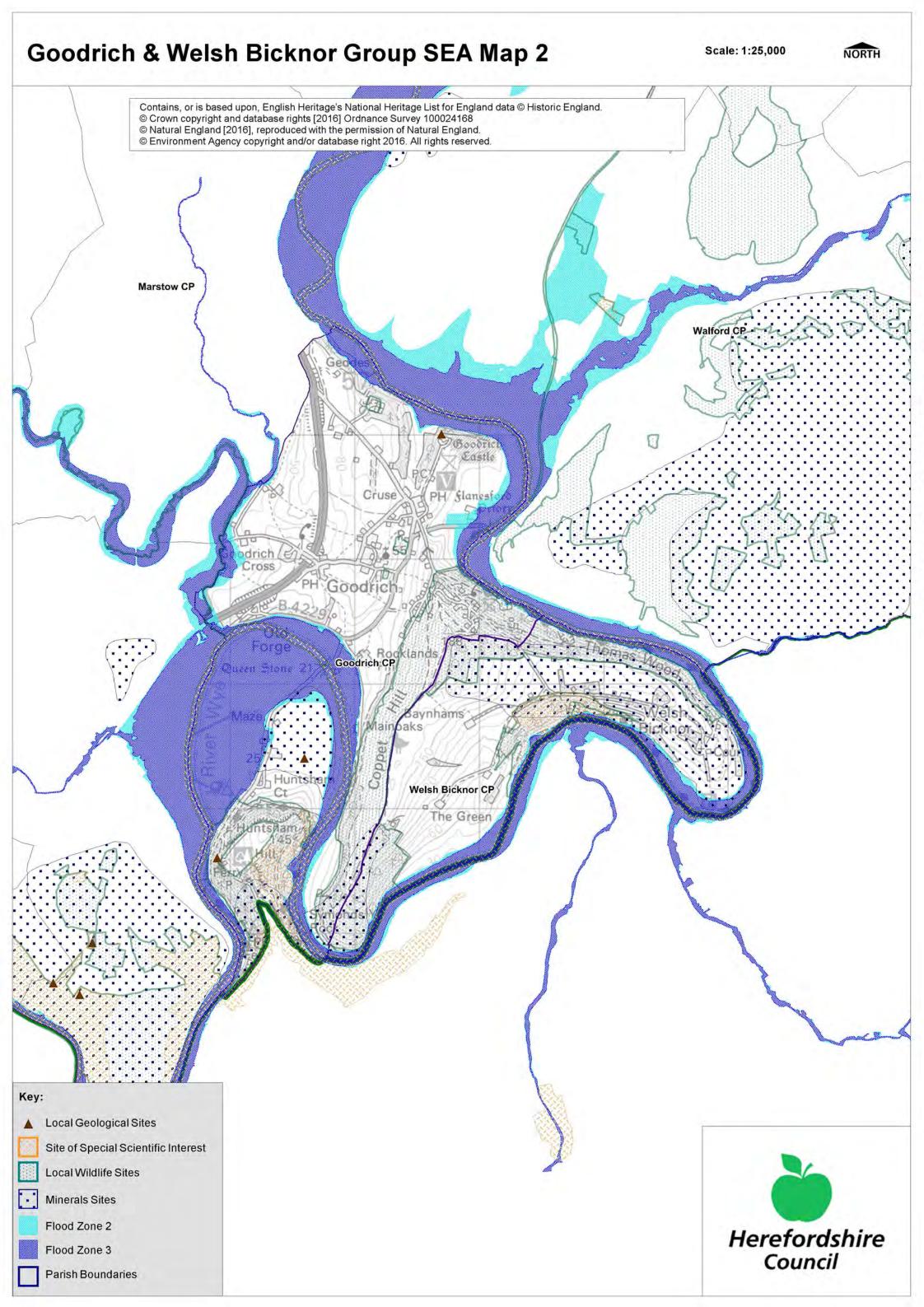
Greater Horseshoe Bat: Large buildings, pasture, edge of mixed deciduous woodland and hedgerows. Mixed land-use especially south-facing slopes, favours beetles, moths and insects they feed on. During the winter they depend on caves, abandoned mines and other underground sites for undisturbed hibernation. A system/series of sites required. Vulnerable to loss of insect food supply, due to insecticide use, changing farming practices and loss of broad-leaved tree-cover and loss / disturbance of underground roosts sites.

Wye Valley Woodlands

Site Features: Annex I habitats that are a primary reason for site selection: Beech forests *Asperulo-Fagetum, Tilio-Acerion* forests of slopes, screes and ravines, *Taxus baccata* woods of the British Isles. Annex II species present as a qualifying feature, but not a primary reason for site selection: Lesser horseshoe bat *Rhinolophus hipposideros*, 51-100 residents

Vulnerability data: Lesser Horseshoe bats are known to migrate between 5km and 10km between their summer and winter roosts. The Lesser Horseshoe Bat is vulnerable to disturbance; light pollution; and habitat loss. Check with the planning ecologist for other issues. NDPs closest to the European Site will need to consider: Woodland habitat buffer. Lesser Horseshoe Bat: Old buildings; woodland locations; sheltered valleys, extensive deciduous woods or dense scrub, close to roost sites. In areas of fragmented habitats, linear habitats such as hedgerows are important corridors. Vulnerable to loss or disturbance of both summer and winter roosts and removal of linear habitat.





Appendix 2

Strategic Environmental Assessment



Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor Group Neighbourhood Area

Scoping Report

December 2016



Consultation on the Scoping Report

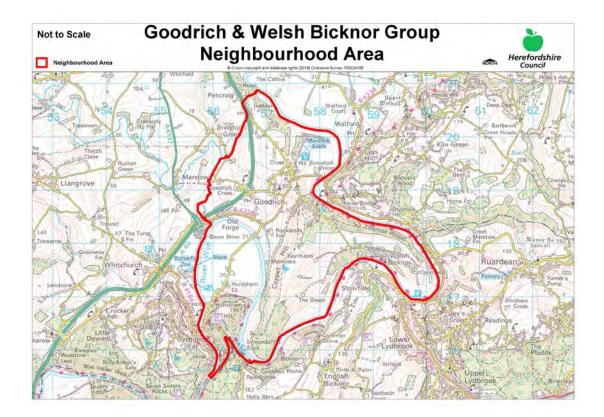
The aim of the consultation process is to involve and engage with statutory consultees and other relevant bodies on the scope of the appraisal. In particular, it seeks to:

- Ensure the SEA is both comprehensive and sufficiently robust to support the Neighbourhood Development Plan during the later stages of full public consultation;
- Seek advice on the completeness of the plan review and baseline data and gain further information where appropriate;
- Seek advice on the suitability of key sustainability issues;
- Seek advice on the suitability of the sustainability objectives.

Comments on this Scoping Report have been invited from the three consultation bodies as required by the SEA regulations, together with Natural Resources Wales.

The three consultation bodies are as follows:

- 1. Natural England;
- 2. Historic England;
- 3. Environment Agency.



Template A1: Identification and review of local Neighbourhood Area relevant plans, policies and programmes

Parish Council Name: Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor

Neighbourhood Development Plan Name: Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor Neighbourhood Development Plan

Date completed: November 2016

Plans and Programmes	Type of document	Date	Overview	Key message, target/objective/indicator	SEA topic(s) ¹	Implications for the NDP and SEA
The EC Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations	European Union Legislation	2010	These regulations transpose the Habitats Directive in England, Wales and to a limited extent Scotland by ensuring that activities are carried out in accordance with the Habitats Directive, which is to protect biodiversity through the conservation of natural habitats and species of wild flora and fauna.	The Regulations make it an offence (subject to exceptions) to deliberately capture, kill, disturb, or trade in the animals listed in Schedule 2, or pick, collect, cut, uproot, destroy, or trade in the plants listed in Schedule 4. However, these actions can be made lawful through the granting of licenses by the appropriate authorities.	Biodiversity Cultural heritage and the landscape	The Neighbourhood Plan should be compliant with all the relevant legislation and regulations.
The EC Water Framework Directive	European Union	2000	Commits all EU member states to achieve good qualitative and quantitative status of all water courses by 2015	Aims for 'good status' for all ground and surface waters (rivers, lakes, transitional waters, and coastal waters) in the EU	Water	The Neighbourhood Plan should be compliant with all the relevant legislation and regulations.
The Wildlife and Countryside Act (1981)	Domestic Legislation	1981	The major legal instrument for wildlife protection in Britain, although other significant acts have been passed since. It	The principle mechanism for the legislative protection of wildlife in Great Britain.	 Biodiversity Cultural heritage and the landscape Flora and fauna 	The Neighbourhood Plan should be compliant with all the relevant legislation and regulations.

-

¹ Derived from the LDF General Scoping Report (June 2007)

Plans and Programmes	Type of document	Date	Overview	Key message, target/objective/indicator	SEA topic(s) ¹	Implications for the NDP and SEA
			has numerous parts and supplementary lists and schedules many of which have been amended since publication.		Material assetsSoil	
The Countryside and Right of Way Act (2000)	Domestic Legislation	2000	Creates a statutory right of access on foot to certain types of open land, to modernise the public rights of way system, to strengthen nature conservation legislation, and to facilitate better management of AONBs.	The Act provides for a new right of access on foot to areas of open land comprising: Mountain (land over 600 metres); Moorland; Heath; Downland; Registered common land. There are provisions to consider extending the right in the future to coastal land, but not woodland despite some early publicity suggesting this.	 Biodiversity Cultural heritage and the landscape Flora and fauna Material assets Soil 	The Neighbourhood Plan should be compliant with all the relevant legislation and regulations.
The Natural Environment and Rural Communities Act (2006)	Domestic Legislation	2006	Designed to help achieve a rich and diverse natural environment and thriving rural communities through modernised and simplified arrangements for delivering	Provides that any public body or statutory undertaker in England and Wales must have regard to the purpose of conservation of biological diversity in the exercise of their functions.	 Biodiversity Cultural heritage and the landscape Flora and fauna Material assets Soil 	The Neighbourhood Plan should be compliant with all the relevant legislation and regulations.

Plans and Programmes	Type of document	Date	Overview	Key message, target/objective/indicator	SEA topic(s) ¹	Implications for the NDP and SEA
		2009	Government policy. Sets out a single strategy on how the EU will more effectively meet its long-standing commitment to meet the challenges of sustainable development.	Recognises the need to gradually change current unsustainable consumption and production patterns and move towards a better integrated approach to policy making. The Strategy sets overall objectives, targets and concrete actions for seven key priority challenges, predominantly environmental: Climate change and clean energy; Sustainable transport	Air Climate factors Cultural heritage and the landscape Population and human health	•
				 Sustainable production and consumption; Public health threats; Better management of natural resources; Social inclusion, demography and migration; Fighting global poverty. 		

Plans and Programmes	Type of document	Date	Overview	Key message, target/objective/indicator	SEA topic(s) ¹	Implications for the NDP and SEA
Biodiversity 2020: A strategy for England's wildlife and ecosystem services	National Strategy	2011	Forms part of the UK's Post-2010 Biodiversity Framework by setting out England's contribution towards the UK's commitments under the United Nations Convention of Biological Diversity.	Sets out to halt overall biodiversity loss, support healthy well-functioning ecosystems and establish coherent ecological networks, with more and better places for nature for the benefit of wildlife and people.	Biodiversity	The NDP should take account of the provisions of the strategy, making the most of opportunities to enhance wildlife habitats or restore degraded ecosystems in the process.
National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF)	National planning policy.	2012	Consolidates the suite of PPG/PPS into one succinct planning policy document.		 Air Biodiversity Climate factors Cultural heritage and the landscape Flora and fauna Material assets Population and human health Soil Water 	The NDP should take into account the relevant policies set within the NPPF.
Planning Practice Guidance	Governmen t Guidance	2014	Provides guidance to local planning authorities and others on the operation of the planning system.		 Air Biodiversity Climate factors Cultural heritage and the landscape Flora and fauna Material assets 	The NDP should take into account the planning guidance provided within these documents.

Plans and Programmes	Type of document	Date	Overview	Key message, target/objective/indicator	SEA topic(s) ¹	Implications for the NDP and SEA
					Population and human healthSoilWater	
Herefordshire Core Strategy, (adopted) 2011- 2031	Developme nt Plan Document (DPD)	2015	Sets out the vision, objectives and policies for the Herefordshire Local Plan (Core Strategy), which will guide development across the county up to 2031.	Outlines the emerging suite of countywide planning policies relating to housing, economic development and the environment, which the NDP will need to be in conformity with where relevant. The Core Strategy includes a range of objectives, five of which directly relate to rural areas: To meet the housing needs of all sections of the community To improve access to services in rural areas To strengthen the economic viability of the villages and their rural hinterlands To achieve sustainable communities and protect the environment	 Air Biodiversity Climate factors Cultural heritage and the landscape Flora and fauna Material assets Population and human health Soil Water 	The NDP should take account of relevant policies set within in the Core Strategy. Where necessary, the NDP should provide services, facilities and employment opportunities that are accessible to both local and neighbouring communities. Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor is listed in the Core Strategy table 4.14 and lies within the Ross on Wye LHMA. This means the NDP should take into consideration the criteria set within Policy RA1 and RA2. The neighbourhood plan should allocate a minimum of 35 dwellings within Goodrich and Welsh

Plans and Programmes	Type of document	Date	Overview	Key message, target/objective/indicator	SEA topic(s) ¹	Implications for the NDP and SEA
				To conserve, promote, utilise and enjoy our natural, built, historic and cultural assets for the fullest benefit of the whole community.		Bicknor within the plan period of 2011 to 2031.
				To achieve a thriving rural Herefordshire, the Core Strategy seeks to enhance the role the villages have traditionally played in as accessible, sustainable centres for their rural catchments.		
				Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor is within the Ross on Wye Housing Market Area (HMA) and so the target for proportionate growth is 14% across the parish.		

Plans and Programmes	Type of document	Date	Overview	Key message, target/objective/indicator	SEA topic(s) ¹	Implications for the NDP and SEA
Herefordshire Local Transport Plan 2016-2031	Corporate	2016	The Local Transport Plan outlines the significant role that transport will play to enable the delivery of the Core Strategy proposals. This sets out the Council's strategy for supporting economic growth, social inclusion and reducing the environmental impacts of transport, as well as the program of investment for the period 2016 to 2031.	The Transport Plan aims to increase highway capacity for new development sites as improve efficiency of existing transport network. The document includes five key objectives, one which plans to enable economic growth connecting new roads with developments. Intrinsic to this is to provide a good quality transport network. The other objectives aim to promote healthy lifestyles with pollution reduction and active travel schemes. Improvements will be made to make journeys easier and safer, ensuring access to services for living in rural areas maximising accessibility.	 Air Climate factors Population and human health 	The LTP does not explore current transport issues in the Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor Neighbourhood Plan area, but any new development proposed through the NDP should seek to reduce the environmental impacts of transport.

Plans and Programmes	Type of document	Date	Overview	Key message, target/objective/indicator	SEA topic(s) ¹	Implications for the NDP and SEA
Understanding Herefordshire Report	Built and natural environ-ment	2016	Important to understand the place such as the local economy natural and built environment in which people live, learn and work as part of understanding their quality of life Promotion of healthy lifestyle choices. Enable development for economy and housing to required levels. Growth should be supported by sustainable transport measures.	An air quality management plan is in place to tackle this. Destination Hereford project is in place to give locals more sustainable transport options. Sustainable transport measures will also help to promote active lifestyles within Herefordshire.	Improve air quality. Have a more diverse range of transport options.	None identified.

Plans and Programmes	Type of document	Date	Overview	Key message, target/objective/indicator	SEA topic(s) ¹	Implications for the NDP and SEA
Malvern Hills AONB Management Plan 2014-2019	Corporate	2015	The Management Plan is the prime document which sets out the vision and objectives for the Malvern Hills AONB area and the priorities for its management.	Identifies the issues and challenges facing the special features of the area and contains 21 guiding principles and 14 strategic objectives and 76 policies which will help address them.	 Air Biodiversity Climate factors Cultural heritage and the landscape Flora and fauna Material assets Population and human health Soil Water 	The Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor Neighbourhood Plan Area is not within or adjacent to the Malvern Hills AONB.
Wye Valley AONB management Plan 2015-2020	Corporate	2015	The Management Plan is the prime document which sets out the vision for the Wye Valley AONB area and the priorities for its management.	Sets out a range of objectives which seek to reconcile the competing interests of the environment, the ecology and the social and economic wellbeing of the AONB.	 Air Biodiversity Climate factors Cultural heritage and the landscape Flora and fauna Material assets Population and human health Soil Water 	The Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor Neighbourhood Plan Area is within the Wye Valley AONB. Therefore the NDP will need to take into account the Wye Valley AONB management plan priorities.

Plans and Programmes	Type of document	Date	Overview	Key message, target/objective/indicator	SEA topic(s) ¹	Implications for the NDP and SEA
Herefordshire Economic Development Strategy 2011- 2016	Corporate	2011	Aims to increase the economic wealth of Herefordshire by setting out proposals and to support business growth up to 2016.	The document outlines the path and direction to foster economic vitality within Herefordshire. Key objectives therefore include: Sustaining business survival and growth Increasing wage levels, range and quality of jobs Having a skilled population to meet future work needs Developing the county's built infrastructure so enterprise can flourish.	 Cultural heritage and the landscape Material assets Population and human health 	None of merit.

Plans and Programmes	Type of document	Date	Overview	Key message, target/objective/indicator	SEA topic(s) ¹	Implications for the NDP and SEA
Herefordshire Employment Land Study	Evidence	2012	Includes employment land assessments for the plan period 2011-2031. The study includes Quantitative and Qualitative assessments of employment land, assessment of market demand and need, as well as providing forecasts and recommendations for future employment need over the plan period.	This study covers existing employment sites in Hereford, the five market towns and their rural hinterlands. There are no employment land allocations within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor at present and so the study does not identity sites which are worthy of continued protection from alternative uses. Nor does it make any recommendations in respect of employment need within the neighbourhood area.	Material assets Population and human health	None of merit; however the Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor NDP process may have to explore whether there is any employment need locally and if so whether there is any scope for providing employment land and premises.

Plans and Programmes	Type of document	Date	Overview	Key message, target/objective/indicator	SEA topic(s) ¹	Implications for the NDP and SEA
Herefordshire Housing Land Availability Assessment (HELAA)	Evidence	2015	The HELAA aims to justify site allocations in plans by: Identifying sites which are capable of delivering housing development Assessing sites for their housing potential; and Predicting when a site could be developed for housing.	 Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor NDP area is within the Ross on Wye HMA and is allocated under Policy RA1 and RA2 and should take into consideration the criteria set within this policy There needs to be proportional growth of 14% in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor across the parish (Ross on Wye HMA) over the plan period. 	 Air Biodiversity Climate factors Cultural heritage and the landscape Flora and fauna Population and human health Soil Water 	The HELAA assesses the potential availability of land for housing in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor. One site 001 (land opposite Goodrich House) has been identified in the HELAA land with a medium suitability. Where there is potential for up to 10 dwellings within the late stage of the plan period. Identified there is a limited Welsh Water treatment works capacity at the moment.

Plans and Programmes	Type of document	Date	Overview	Key message, target/objective/indicator	SEA topic(s) ¹	Implications for the NDP and SEA
Herefordshire Local Housing Market Assessment (LHMA)	Evidence	2013	Builds on an earlier Strategic Housing Market Assessment (SHMA) developed for Herefordshire and Shropshire. Its purpose is to inform the Local Plan's policies regarding housing need and demand (for market and affordable housing) within each of the 7 Housing Market Areas (HMAs) in Herefordshire between 2011 and 2031	The LHMA uses 7 HMAs as the geography for presenting data. Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor fall within the Ross-on-Wye HMA. Here, the study reveals that: • 55% of households are unable to afford market housing. • There is an annual requirement for 58 affordable dwellings between 2012 and 2017. The study identifies that, in rural parts of the Ross on Wye HMA between 2011-2031, there is a need for: • 690 market houses • 490 affordable houses.	 Air Biodiversity Climatic factors Cultural heritage Flora and fauna Population Soil Water 	The LHMA provides an indication of housing needs and affordability within the Ross HMA. It provides evidence that could be used to inform policies or market and affordable housing requirements in the NDP.

Plans and Programmes	Type of document	Date	Overview	Key message, target/objective/indicator	SEA topic(s) ¹	Implications for the NDP and SEA
Herefordshire Local Housing Requirements Study 2012 (updated in 2014)	Evidence	2014	Technical assessment of the housing market and potential future local housing requirements which supports planning policy regarding the amount of growth, housing tenure and housing type needed within Herefordshire up to 2031.	 The delivery of 5,300 homes in the rural areas would: Support growth in the rural population by 6% Increase the number of households by 14.5% Forecasts also predict that growth in the population of the rural areas is likely to be primarily through an increase in those aged over 75. Moderate growth is expected in the 30-44 and 60-74 age brackets. The Local Housing Requirements Study therefore anticipates continuing improvements in life expectancy; significant growth is expected of those in their 80s, with the existing population in their 40s and 50s moving into retirement. As a consequence, the rural areas will face an increasing urgency to provide more 3 bedroom homes, with more 1 	 Air Biodiversity Climate factors Cultural heritage and the landscape Flora and fauna Material assets Population and human health Soil Water 	This study provides an indication of housing requirements in the rural areas and the Ross on Wye. This evidence can be used to inform the content of the Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor NDP, which could include policies to facilitate the provision of the right types of homes in the right places.

Plans and Programmes	Type of document	Date	Overview	Key message, target/objective/indicator	SEA topic(s) ¹	Implications for the NDP and SEA
				and 2 bed homes required in the affordable sector.		
Herefordshire Rural Housing Background Report	Evidence	2013	Provides the justification for the proportional housing growth targets outlined in the Core Strategy	The village of Goodrich is classified as a 4.14 settlement, which means it is considered a sustainable location for proportional growth of up to 14% across the parish.	 Air Biodiversity Climate factors Cultural heritage and the landscape Flora and fauna Material assets Population and human health Soil Water 	The Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor NDP will need to be in conformity with the provisions of Core Strategy Policy RA1 and RA2.

Plans and Programmes	Type of document	Date	Overview	Key message, target/objective/indicator	SEA topic(s) ¹	Implications for the NDP and SEA
Herefordshire Draft Gypsies and Travellers Assessment	Evidence	2016	Assesses the accommodation needs of Gypsies and Travellers across Herefordshire.	 Key findings from the survey of Gypsy and Traveller households in 2012 found that: 31% of households surveyed have some sort of accommodation need Of the 17 households with an accommodation need, 7 had a requirement for at least one additional pitch 10 households had a requirement for bricks and mortar housing There is an additional requirement for 7 pitches and 9 units of Registered Social Landlord accommodation within Herefordshire. 	 Air Biodiversity Climate factors Cultural heritage and the landscape Flora and fauna Material assets Population and human health Soil Water 	The Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor NDP must establish whether any of the need identified in this assessment falls within the neighbourhood area and make appropriate provisions for it.
Herefordshire Local Biodiversity Action Plan	Evidence	2007	Focuses conservation efforts on the areas within Herefordshire that will result in the greatest benefit for ecological networks, habitats and species.	Integrating biodiversity objectives with other environmental, social and economic needs can provide a sustainable living and working environment that benefits both people and nature.	Biodiversity	The NDP can help to achieve the LBAP priorities.

Plans and Programmes	Type of document	Date	Overview	Key message, target/objective/indicator	SEA topic(s) ¹	Implications for the NDP and SEA
Building Biodiversity into the LDF	Evidence	2009	Provides the Council's Local Plan (Core Strategy) with evidence in respect of biodiversity and geodiversity, identifying both opportunities and constraints across Herefordshire.	This document provides useful information in respect of Hereford and the market towns only.	 Air Biodiversity Climate factors Cultural heritage and the landscape Flora and fauna Material assets Population and human health Soil Water 	There is a lack of information about rural areas which means it will be necessary to gather and assess existing biodiversity and geodiversity data, in order to ensure that the Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor NDP can overcome any existing constraints and capitalise on opportunities to enhance habitats and their networks.
Herefordshire Green Infrastructure Strategy	Evidence	2010	Develops a framework of natural and culturally important features and functions so that planning for a sustainable future is at the heart of planning within Herefordshire.	Establishes policies and principles for the protection and enhancement of those features and functions that contributes to the environment of Herefordshire across a range of scales.	 Air Biodiversity Climate factors Cultural heritage and the landscape Flora and fauna Material assets Population and human health Soil Water 	The study provides evidence that could be taken into account when preparing policies for the Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor NDP.

Plans and Programmes	Type of document	Date	Overview	Key message, target/objective/indicator	SEA topic(s) ¹	Implications for the NDP and SEA
Renewable Energy Study	Evidence	2010	Assesses the energy demand within Herefordshire and the ability for the county to accommodate renewable and low carbon energy technologies.	The total energy demand excluding transport for Herefordshire, at that point in time, was calculated as being: • Electrical: 731 GWh/yr • Heat: 1,810 GWh/yr • Total: 2,541 GWh/yr There is scope for all types of renewable energy production.	 Air Biodiversity Climate factors Cultural heritage and the landscape Flora and fauna Material assets Population and human health Soil Water 	The study provides evidence that could be taken into account when preparing policies for the Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor NDP.

Plans and Programmes	Type of document	Date	Overview	Key message, target/objective/indicator	SEA topic(s) ¹	Implications for the NDP and SEA
Herefordshire Playing Pitch Assessment	Evidence	2012	Produces a strategic framework, audit and assessment and needs analysis of outdoor sports pitches and facilities for Herefordshire. The document arises as a result of a recommendation in the Herefordshire and Worcestershire Sports Facilities Framework to develop local standards for playing fields and sports pitches throughout Herefordshire.	The study updates components of the Herefordshire and Worcestershire Sports Facilities Framework 2010 and identifies any current gaps in provision, and looks forward to 2031 to assess what facilities are likely to be required by that date. In terms of Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor parish itself, the study reveals that there is: 1.16ha Goodrich Cricket Ground isused by members 2.05ha 1 Football Pitch at Goodrich Primary, No open community access. Goodrich tennis courts x3.These are for private member use.	 Biodiversity Cultural heritage and the landscape Flora and fauna Material assets Population and human health 	The study provides evidence that could be taken into account when preparing policies for the Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor NDP. Additional local evidence may be required to identify if there is a need for any secured playing pitch facilities within the Group Parish.

Plans and Programmes	Type of document	Date	Overview	Key message, target/objective/indicator	SEA topic(s) ¹	Implications for the NDP and SEA
Open Spaces Study	Evidence	2006	The 2006 space audit and assessment of need is a snap shot of the quality, quantity and distribution of open space across Herefordshire.	The study reveals that within the Ross area, to which the Kerne Bridge Ward is a part, there is: • Extensive under provision of parks and gardens • Extensive over provision of natural and semi-natural green space • Under provision of amenity green space and average provision for outdoor sport • Average provision for children and young people.	 Biodiversity Climate factors Cultural heritage and the landscape Flora and fauna Material assets Population and human health 	The open space audit and assessment of does not give a specific indication of open space shortfalls and surpluses in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.

Plans and Programmes	Type of document	Date	Overview	Key message, target/objective/indicator	SEA topic(s) ¹	Implications for the NDP and SEA
Play Facilities Study	Evidence	2006	The Play Facilities Study 2012 updates the previous play facilities analysis under the Open Spaces Study 2006 and provides guidance and a framework for the development, delivery and continued sustainability of providing new and improved play facilities for children and young people in Herefordshire to 2031.	In terms of Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor, Goodrich Play field. Action priority is rated as medium, the field is rated good for natural play and is mostly used by juniors and teenagers. The playground serves the community well and no further works are needed at the time. However a future joined up approach with the primary school.	 Biodiversity Climate factors Cultural heritage and the landscape Flora and fauna Material assets Population and human health 	The study provides evidence that could be taken into account when preparing policies for the Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor NDP.

Plans and Programmes	Type of document	Date	Overview	Key message, target/objective/indicator	SEA topic(s) ¹	Implications for the NDP and SEA
Strategic Flood Risk Assessment (SFRA) and Water Cycle Study	Evidence	2009	The Strategic Flood Risk Assessment (SFRA) provides a summary of flood risk in Herefordshire to inform the location of future development. The Water Cycle Study examines how water resources and water supply infrastructure, wastewater treatment, water quality, sewerage and flood risk could constrain growth across Herefordshire.	The neighbourhood area is situated in the Lower Wye catchment and is has the highest risk of fluvial flooding in the county. Therefore requires a holistic integrated approach to flood risk management. The Lower Wye has a 23.4% standard run percentage run off by sub catchment. This is potentially moderately suitable for infiltration source control. Lower Wye has a very slow flood response (Tp-time to peak) time at around 25 hours. The WCS identifies 30 sites in the River Wye catchment where current discharge consent licences cannot be shown to have no adverse effect. Abstraction of water from the River Wye may have impacted the habitats directive ecological river flow.	 Biodiversity Climate factors Material assets Population and human health Water 	New development proposed through the Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor NDP should be assessed against the capacity of local infrastructure. Up-to-date flood risk information should be gathered from the Environment Agency, in order to ensure that any flood risks are considered when preparing the Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor NDP.

Appendix A2 – Baseline information for Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor

N.B. This is based on countywide baseline information with some additions relevant to Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor (in red). Where no locally specific data is available for current status, trends and targets, only countywide data is reported. Any gaps in data may be filled following additional research.

SA Objective ¹	SA Theme	Proposed indicator	Current status	Trends	Targets	Issues and constraints	Baseline (information) source					
SEA Topic cover	SEA Topic covered by objective: <i>Biodiversity, flora and fauna</i>											
13. Value, maintain, restore and expand county biodiversity.	Natural environment	Net change in condition of SSSIs across Herefordshire.	The 2011-2013 AMR does not contain updated conservation data. 2010/11: 27% of Herefordshire's SSSI land was in favourable condition. Within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor there is 3 SSSI's, River Wye, ParkWood, Upper Wye Gorge all Unfavourable recovering.Three bording SSS1 Great Doward, Coughton Wood and Marsh and	2006: 22% 2007: 22% 2008: 22% 2010: 24 % Proportion of SSSI land that was in unfavourable condition but recovering increased between 2010 and 2012 going from 41% to 65%. Proportion in unfavourable and declining condition had also decreased from 4% to 1%.	% of SSSI land in favourable condition (Increase) % of SSSI land in unfavourable condition but recovering (Increase) % of SSSI land in unfavourable condition and declining (Decrease)	Herefordshire's SSSIs are in extremely poor condition relative to England as whole, where 96.1% of all SSSI land was in favourable condition in April 2014. The proportion of SSSI in unfavourable condition but recovering is greater than England as a whole, where the figure currently stands at 58.6%.	Understanding Herefordshire: An integrated needs assessment (June 2013). NE & DEFRA Website November 2016					

SA Objective ¹	SA Theme	Proposed indicator	Current status	Trends	Targets	Issues and constraints	Baseline (information) source
			Brooks Head Grove.				
13. Value, maintain, restore and expand county biodiversity.	Natural environment	After use of mineral sites especially wildlife habitat creation	There is no countywide or locally specific data available at present.	-	Percentage of opportunities taken	Should be monitored through AMR following the adoption of the Core Strategy, in line with SA recommendations.	-
13. Value, maintain, restore and expand county biodiversity.	Natural environment	Phosphate levels within the River Wye SAC and adjoining tributaries that receive increased phosphates from proportional growth.	The Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor Neighbourhood Area, falls inside the River Wye (including Lugg) hydrological catchment of the SAC. This area is classed as the Lower River Lugg sub Catchment for the purposes of the Nutrient Management Plan. The River Lugg section of the SAC is currently exceeding phosphate targets.	N/A	N/A	N/A	Nutrient Management Plan 2014

SA Objective ¹	SA Theme	Proposed indicator	Current status	Trends	Targets	Issues and constraints	Baseline (information) source
13. Value, maintain, restore and expand county biodiversity.	Natural environment	Changes to protected habitats and impacts of species within the Herefordshire Local Biodiversity Action Plan.	The 2011-2013 AMR does not contain updated conservation data. 2010/11: 17 Habitat Action Plans and 14 Species Action Plans are currently in operation across Herefordshire. 2013/14: 16 Habitat Action Plans and 14 Species Action Plans and 14 Species Action Plans are currently in operation across Herefordshire. There is no locally specific data available at present.	There are no formal records of any unacceptable adverse impacts on habitats or protected species. Originally 156 Priority Species were identified for inclusion in Herefordshire's LBAP. Similarly Herefordshire's LBAP covered 23 habitats with Action Plans.	To protect and where possible enhance the habitats of protected species identified. No net losses.	Herefordshire Biological Records Centre (HBRC) holds limited data on some individual sites.	Herefordshire Council AMR (2013/14)

SA Objective ¹	SA Theme	Proposed indicator	Current status	Trends	Targets	Issues and constraints	Baseline (information) source
13. Value, maintain, restore and expand county biodiversity.	Natural environment	Changes in the areas of designated nature conservation sites as a consequence of planning permission.	Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor Parish has: SSSI: 3 SWS:8 SACs: 2 There are no NNRs and SINCs within the parish.	As of 2012, there had been no change in the areas of designated nature conservation sites as a consequence of the planning permissions granted.	To capitalise on opportunities to enhance the areas of value to nature conservation as much as possible.	Herefordshire Biological Records Centre (HBRC) holds limited data on some individual sites.	Herefordshire Council Initial Screening Report for the Neighbourhood Plan 5 th August 2016
13. Value, maintain, restore and expand county biodiversity.	Natural environment	Proportion of local sites where positive conservation management has or is being implemented.	The Parish Area of Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor has the following landscape types: Riverside meadows to the north and south edges of the parish, Wooded forest, principle wooded hills, wooded hills and principle settled farmlands and a small section to the west of unenclosed commons.	-	No specific targets identified.	Should be monitored through AMR following the adoption of the Core Strategy, in line with SA recommendations.	Herefordshire Landscape Character Assessment (2004 updated 2009)

SA Objective ¹	SA Theme	Proposed indicator	Current status	Trends	Targets	Issues and constraints	Baseline (information) source
SEA Topic cover	ed by objectives: I	Material assets					
14. Use natural resources and energy more efficiently.	Resource consumption and climate change	Maintaining Herefordshire Council's County Site and Monuments Register.	Countywide data would be too large to incorporate into this template. Whilst there is no qualitative, locally specific data available at present, there are numerous listed buildings and 4 Scheduled Ancient Monuments in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor according to the latest version of the register.	-	No specific targets identified, but need to ensure that the register is kept up to date.	Should be monitored through AMR following the adoption of the Core Strategy, in line with SA recommendations.	Herefordshire Environmental Records Register (search November 2016).

SA Objective ¹	SA Theme	Proposed indicator	Current status	Trends	Targets	Issues and constraints	Baseline (information) source
14. Use natural resources and energy more efficiently.	Resource consumption and climate change	Monitoring changes to historic landscapes.	Historic Landscape Character assessments have only been undertaken for Hereford City. Rapid townscape Assessments (2010) were only undertaken for Hereford, Ledbury and Ross.	-	No specific targets identified.	Should be monitored through AMR following the adoption of the Core Strategy, in line with SA recommendations.	Historic Landscape Character Assessment for Hereford. Rapid townscape Assessments (2010)
SEA Topic cover	red by objective: Po	opulation, Biodivers	sity, Flora and Fauna				
15. Value, protect, enhance and restore the landscape quality of Herefordshire, including its rural areas and open spaces.	Natural environment	Number of developments meeting and surpassing national design standards.	There is no countywide or locally specific data available at present.	-	No specific targets identified.	Should be monitored through AMR following the adoption of the Core Strategy, in line with SA recommendations.	-

15 \/ala						constraints	(information) source
/	Natural environment	The need for, frequency and outcomes of planning enforcement investigations/ planning appeals concerning aspects of local loss of heritage assets and locally important buildings particularly within a conservation area.	Countywide data would be too large to incorporate into this template. There are no outstanding enforcement actions or appeals concerning local loss of heritage assets and locally important buildings within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor at present.	No historic records of any planning enforcement action or appeals concerning locally important buildings.	To wherever possible improve upon or otherwise maintain current status.	Current status must be verified by Dvt Mgt and Enforcement Officers, but the NDP can help to avoid enforcement action and appeals during the plan period.	Council Dvt Mgt records (searched November 2016)

SEA Topic covered by objective: Climatic Factors

SA Objective ¹	SA Theme	Proposed indicator	Current status	Trends	Targets	Issues and constraints	Baseline (information) source
16. Reduce Herefordshire's vulnerability to the impacts of climate change as well as its contribution to the problem.	Resource consumption and climate change.	Transport patronage by mode	% of Herefordshire residents who travel to work by: Car: 70.1% Foot: 14.7: Bicycle: 4.3% Bus: 2% Train: 0.8% Motorbike: 0.8% Taxi: 0.3% Other: 7% There is no locally specific data available at present	The number of people cycling or travelling by bus as the main form transport to get to work declined between 2001 and 2011 – across England and Wales there was little change in either. Walking or driving a car or van on the other hand increased.	To encourage the take up of lesser polluting modes of transport.	There are a lack of transport options for many rural communities and therefore high car ownership and dependency – the last decade has seen a 15 per cent increase in household car ownership, although this is not reflected in traffic flows of recent years with volumes in Hereford City and wider county having decreased. The proportion of people working from home increased over the decade from 15 per cent in 2001 to 17 per cent in 2011.	2011 Census

SA Objective ¹	SA Theme	Proposed indicator	Current status	Trends	Targets	Issues and constraints	Baseline (information) source
16. Reduce Herefordshire's vulnerability to the impacts of climate change as well as its contribution to the problem.	Resource consumption and climate change.	Number of decentralised energy schemes granted permission.	There is no countywide or locally specific data available at present.	-	To contribute towards the national target.	Should be monitored through AMR following the adoption of the Core Strategy, in line with SA recommendations.	Herefordshire Council AMR (2013/14)

SA Objective ¹	SA Theme	Proposed indicator	Current status	Trends	Targets	Issues and constraints	Baseline (information) source
16. Reduce Herefordshire's vulnerability to the impacts of climate change as well as its contribution to the problem.	Resource consumption and climate	Total CO2 emissions per capita	Latest figure dates back to 2010: 1.61 million tonnes (mtCO²) There is no locally specific data available at present.	Between 2005 and 2010 Herefordshire's total and per capita carbon emission reduced by 7% and 8% respectively; while UK's total and per capita carbon emission reduced by 8% and 12% respectively within the same period. This trend hides an increase in emissions between 2009 and 2010 when total emissions in the county increased by 5% the same as across the UK (+5%).	To reduce the overall carbon emissions.	CO ² emissions produced are decreasing.	Understanding Herefordshire: An integrated needs assessment (June 2013).

SA Objective ¹	SA Theme	Proposed indicator	Current status	Trends	Targets	Issues and constraints	Baseline (information) source
SEA Topic cover	ed by objective: M	/ater					
17. Reduce the risk of flooding and the resulting detriment to public wellbeing, the economy and the environment.	Natural environment	Number of planning permissions granted contrary to the advice of the Environment Agency on flood defence grounds.	2010/11: None 2011/13: Not specified 2013/14: None There is no locally specific data available at present.	There have been no approvals contrary to EA advice since reporting began in 2004.	To have no applications permitted contrary to EA advice.	None identified.	Herefordshire Council AMR (2013/14)
SEA Topic cover	ed by objective: V	/ater, air, soil, matei	rial assets				
18. Minimise local and global pollution and protect or enhance environmental resources.	Natural environment	Agricultural land usage by quality. LA to monitor the number of hectares of the best and most versatile agricultural land (grades 3a and higher) lost to development.	The agricultural land classification around Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor is predominantly Grade 3 and 4 ('Good to poor'). There is also a small area of nonagricultural land in the north of the parish near the castle. Grade 2 ('Very Good') falls east of the parish.	-	Measure the number of hectares of best and most versatile soil lost through development.	Should be monitored through AMR following the adoption of the Core Strategy, in line with SA recommendations.	DEFRA 'Magic' website for land classification November 2016

SA Objective ¹	SA Theme	Proposed indicator	Current status	Trends	Targets	Issues and constraints	Baseline (information) source
18. Minimise local and global pollution and protect or enhance environmental resources.	Natural environment	Percentage of river length assessed as good or very good chemical quality and ecological quality as required by the Water Framework Directive	Latest figures for the county as a whole dates back to 2005 when there was considered to be 84% assessed as good or very good. This represents a decrease in the % since 2002 There is no locally specific data available at present.	Figure steadily improved before going into decline: Herefordshire 1999 85.9%, 2000 89.5%, 2001 92.2%, 2002 91.8%	To ensure that rivers meet their conservation objectives and do not fall below the required standard of quality.	None identified.	The State of Herefordshire (2007) Water Framework Directive (2000)
19. Ensure integrated, efficient and balanced land use.	ed by objective: So Built environment	Percentage of all new development completed on previously developed land.	2010/11: 67% 2011-13: 57% 2013-14: 65% There is no locally specific data available at present.	Completions on PDL had risen to 71% by 2005.	To increase the number of homes built on PDL in line with the provisions of national planning policy.	The number of brownfield completions has fallen slightly in recent years, though this is probably the offshoot of tough market conditions.	Herefordshire Council AMR (2010/11),(2011- 2013) and (2013- 2014)

SA Objective ¹	SA Theme	Proposed indicator	Current status	Trends	Targets	Issues and constraints	Baseline (information) source
19. Ensure integrated, efficient and balanced land use.	Built environment	Housing densities in urban and rural areas	There is no countywide or locally specific data available at present.	-	No specific targets identified.	Should be monitored through AMR following the adoption of the Core Strategy, in line with SA recommendations.	-
19. Ensure integrated, efficient and balanced land use.	Built environment	Level of development in urban areas compared to rural.	There is no countywide or locally specific data available at present. This indicator would not be applicable to rural NDPs.	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

SA Objective ¹	SA Theme	Proposed indicator	Current status	Trends	Targets	Issues and constraints	Baseline (information) source
20. Value, protect and enhance the character and built quality of settlements and neighbourhoods and the county's heritage assets, including conservation areas, historic environment and cultural heritage.	Built environment	Number and percentage of listed buildings and Scheduled Ancient Monuments on Buildings at Risk Register (Historic England).	Up-to-date countywide information will be presented in the next AMR and which is due to be published in 2014. However, this data would be too large to incorporate into this template. There are numerous listed buildings within the parish, one SAM and no Conservation Areas. Church of St Giles in Goodrich is currently recorded in the Buildings at Risk Register.	There were 72 heritage assets in Herefordshire that were considered to be at high risk and included in the Heritage at Risk Register 2014.	To wherever possible improve upon or otherwise maintain current status.	Improve condition Church of St Giles in Goodrich grade 2 listed building.	Buildings at Risk Register (Historic England; search November 2016)

SA Objective ¹	SA Theme	Proposed indicator	Current status	Trends	Targets	Issues and constraints	Baseline (information) source
20. Value, protect and enhance the character and built quality of settlements and neighbourhoods and the county's heritage assets, including conservation areas, historic environment and cultural heritage.	Built environment	The need for, frequency and outcomes of planning enforcement investigations/ planning appeals concerning aspects of local loss of heritage assets, locally important buildings within the parish and particularly within a conservation area.	Countywide data would be too large to incorporate into this template. There are no outstanding enforcement actions or appeals concerning local loss of heritage assets locally important buildings within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	No historic records of any planning enforcement action or appeals concerning locally important buildings within the Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor NDP area.	To wherever possible improve upon or otherwise maintain current status	Current status must be verified by Dvt Mgt and Enforcement Officers, but the NDP can help to avoid enforcement action and appeals during the plan period.	Council Dvt Mgt records (searched November 2016)

Appendix A3 – Environmental issues identified from the Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor baseline

These environmental issues are the same as most of those identified for the Herefordshire Core Strategy¹

SE	A Topic	Environmental issue	SA objectives
_	A :-	High reliance upon the private car causing high levels of air pollution and in Hereford in particular	Ohio ativa 40
1	Air	Need to reduce carbon emissions by encouraging alternative modes of travel.	Objective 16
		Habitats and species of national, regional and local importance are under pressure from the adaptation and diversification of farming and forestry employment.	
2	2 Biodiversity	Habitats and species of national, regional and local importance are under pressure from development	Objectives 13 &15
		Minimise loss of biodiversity and expand opportunities for wildlife everywhere.	
3	Climatic factors	Reduce greenhouse gas emissions through planning, design and build.	Objective 16
4	Cultural heritage	Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor have numerous listed buildings and 4 Scheduled Ancient, onuments all of which require ongoing protection and many in need of high levels of maintenance. Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor have got no conservation areas.	Objective 20
5	Flora and fauna	Conserve and enhance the character and quality of historic landscapes, including all types of natural flora and fauna.	Objective 15
6	Material assets	How the countryside can continue to be managed in an economically, socially and environmentally beneficial way in the face of continuing pressures on traditional farming.	Objectives 14 & 18
7	Population	Minimise energy waste through good designs, which help to reduce energy consumption and maximise efficiency.	Objective 15
	. op allanoli	Need to avoid enforcement investigations/action concerning locally important buildings and those within conservation areas in particular.	
8	Soil	Promoting development of previously developed land and buildings as opposed to greenfield sites or agricultural land of the highest quality.	Objectives 18 & 19
9	Water	Issues relating to availability of resources, foul drainage, pollution, and abstraction in a county which supports water dependent biodiversity of international and national importance, given the predicted climate change consequences for water availability and demanding projections for new housing. Steady decline in the chemical quality of rivers over the last 10 years.	Objectives 17 & 18

Appendix A4: SEA Framework

SEA Scoping Stage A, Task A4 - SEA Framework SEA Objectives, Indicators, Targets

Parish Council Name: Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor

Neighbourhood Development Plan Name: Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor Neighbourhood Plan

Date completed: November 2016

SEA Topics	SA Objective	SEA Objective	Sub-objectives / Appraisal Questions (Will the option/proposal/site)	Indicators	Targets
Nature Conservation (Biodiversity, flora and fauna)	Value, maintain, restore or expand county biodiversity. Value, protect, enhance or restore the landscape quality of Herefordshire, including its rural areas and open spaces.	To maintain and enhance nature conservation (biodiversity, flora and fauna)	 Protect or enhance habitats of international, national, regional or local importance. Protect international, national, regional or locally important terrestrial or aquatic species. Maintain wildlife corridors and minimise fragmentation of ecological areas and green spaces. Manage access to sites in a sustainable way that protects or enhances their nature conservation value. Create new appropriate habitats. Value, enhance and protect natural 	After use of mineral sites especially wildlife habitat creation Changes to protected habitats and impacts of species within the Herefordshire Local Biodiversity Action Plan.	% of SSSI land in favourable condition (Increase) % of SSSI land in unfavourable condition but recovering (Increase) % of SSSI land in unfavourable condition and declining (Decrease) Percentage of opportunities taken To protect and where possible enhance the habitats of protected species identified. No net losses

SEA Topics	SA Objective	SEA Objective	Sub-objectives / Appraisal Questions (Will the option/proposal/site)	Indicators	Targets
			environmental assets including AONB's, historic landscapes, open spaces, parks and gardens and their settings		
			Encourage local stewardship of local environments, for example by promoting best practices in agricultural management		
			 Ensure that environmental impacts caused by mineral operations and the transport of minerals are minimised. 		
			Promote the use of rural areas and open space by all, encourage easy noncar based access, and accommodate the needs of disabled users.		
Landscape	Not covered in SA	To maintain and enhance the quality of landscapes and townscapes	Protect and enhance the landscape everywhere and particularly in designated areas	Changes in the areas of designated nature conservation sites as a consequence of planning permission.	To capitalise on opportunities to enhance the areas of value to nature conservation as much as possible.
		To improve quality of surroundings	Value and protect diversity and local	Proportion of local sites where positive conservation management has or is being	No specific targets identified.

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SEA Topics	SA Objective	SEA Objective	Sub-objectives / Appraisal Questions (Will the option/proposal/site)	Indicators	Targets
			distinctiveness Improve landscape and ecological quality and character of the countryside Improve the quantity and quality of publicly accessible open space	implemented. Monitoring changes to historic landscapes. Area resulting in a loss of open space as a result of planning permission	No specific targets identified. No specific targets identified
			 Improve satisfaction of people with their neighbourhoods as places to live Decrease litter and graffiti in towns and countryside Result in the loss of open space 		
Heritage	Value, protect or enhance the character and built quality of settlements and neighbourhoods and the county's heritage assets, historic environment and cultural heritage.	To conserve and where appropriate enhance the historic environment, heritage assets and culture heritage	 Preserve, protect and enhance heritage assets including conservation areas, listed buildings, archaeological sites and other culturally important features in both urban and rural settings. Prevent development which is inappropriate in scale, form or design 	The need for, frequency and outcomes of planning enforcement investigations/planning appeals concerning the aspects of local loss of locally important buildings within a conservation area. Number and percentage of listed buildings and Scheduled Ancient Monuments on Buildings at Risk Register (English Heritage). Ensure that Herefordshire Council's Sites and Monuments Register is	To improve upon or otherwise maintain current status. To improve upon or otherwise maintain current status. No specific targets identified, but need to ensure that the register is kept up to date.

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SEA Topics	SA Objective	SEA Objective	Sub-objectives / Appraisal Questions (Will the option/proposal/site)	Indicators	Targets
			to its setting or to its function or local area. • Encourage development that creates and sustains well-designed, high quality built environments that incorporate green space, encourage biodiversity and promote local distinctiveness and sense of place. • Encourage cleanliness and/or improve the general appearance of the area.	kept up to date.	There is one listed building on the Buildings at Risk Register (English Heritage) November 2016. Ensure the condition and status of the building improves.

SEA Topics	SA Objective	SEA Objective	Sub-objectives / Appraisal Questions (Will the option/proposal/site)	Indicators	Targets
Air and Climate	Minimise local and global pollution and protect or enhance environmental resources. Reduce Herefordshire's vulnerability to the impacts of climate change as well as its contribution to the problem.	To improve air quality To reduce the effect of traffic on the environment To reduce contributions to climate change To reduce vulnerability to climate change	 Minimise water, air, soil, groundwater, noise and light pollution from current activities and the potential for such pollution. Protect or enhance the quality of watercourses. Provide opportunities to improve soil quality or reduce contaminated land. Reduce the county's contribution to climate change by reducing greenhouse gas emissions from transport, domestic, commercial and industrial sources. Increase the proportion of energy generated from renewable and low carbon sources including by microgeneration, Combined Heat and Power (CHP), district heating and in transportation. 	Number of decentralised energy schemes granted permission. Total CO2 emissions per capita	To increase the take up of alternative modes to the private car. To contribute towards the national target. To reduce the overall carbon emissions.

SEA Topics	SA Objective	SEA Objective	Sub-objectives / Appraisal Questions (Will the option/proposal/site)	Indicators	Targets
Water	Reduce the risk of flooding and the resulting detriment to public wellbeing, the economy and the environment. Minimise local and global pollution and protect or enhance environmental resources.	To improve water quality To provide for sustainable sources of water supply To avoid, reduce and manage flood risk	 Reduce flood risk both presently and taking into account climate change. Prevent inappropriate development of the floodplain, and include flood protection systems. Include sustainable urban drainage systems where appropriate. Minimise water, air, soil, groundwater, noise and light pollution from current activities and the potential for such pollution. Protect or enhance the quality of watercourses. 	Number of planning permissions granted contrary to the advice of the Environment Agency on flood defence grounds. Percentage of river length assessed as good or very good chemical quality and ecological quality Phosphate levels within the River Wye SAC and adjoining tributaries that receive increased phosphates from proportional growth.	To have no applications permitted contrary to EA advice. To ensure that rivers meet their conservation objectives and do not fall below the required standard of quality as set out in the Water Framework Directive. To meet the targets set out in the Nutrient Management Plan (2014)
Soil	Minimise local and global pollution and protect or enhance environmental resources. Ensure integrated, efficient and	To conserve soil resources and quality Ensure integrated, efficient and balanced land use.	 Minimise water, air, soil, groundwater, noise and light pollution from current activities and the potential for such pollution. Provide opportunities to improve soil quality or reduce contaminated land. Ensure new developments 	Percentage of all new development completed on previously developed land. Amount of land identified as best and most versatile agricultural land lost to development.	To increase the number of homes built on PDL in line with the provisions of national planning policy. Measure the number of hectares of best and most versatile soil lost through development.

SEA Topics	SA Objective	SEA Objective	Sub-objectives / Appraisal Questions (Will the option/proposal/site)	Indicators	Targets
	balanced land use.		are in appropriate locations, optimising the use of previously developed land and buildings, primarily focussed on the urban areas and are accessible by walking, cycling or sustainable transport and/or will increase the share of these transport modes, thereby reducing the need to travel.		
Population and Human Health	Value, protect, enhance or restore the landscape quality of Herefordshire, including its rural areas and open spaces.	To improve health of the population To reduce crime and nuisance	Value, enhance and protect natural environmental assets including AONB's, historic landscapes, open spaces, parks and gardens and their settings.	Number of developments meeting and surpassing national design	No specific targets identified.
			 Encourage local stewardship of local environments, for example by promoting best practices in agricultural management. 		
			 Ensure that environmental impacts caused by mineral operations and the transport of minerals are minimised. Promote the use of 		

SEA Topics	SA Objective	SEA Objective	Sub-objectives / Appraisal Questions (Will the option/proposal/site)	Indicators	Targets
			rural areas and open space by all, encourage easy noncar based access, and accommodate the needs of disabled users.		
Material Assets	Use natural resources and energy more efficiently.	To conserve natural and manmade resources	Maximise energy efficiency and minimise the consumption of non- renewable energy i.e. from fossil fuels.	The need for, frequency and outcomes of planning enforcement investigations/ planning appeals concerning the aspects of local loss of locally important buildings within a conservation area.	Measure the number of hectares of best and most versatile soil lost through development. No specific targets identified.
	Minimise local and global pollution and protect or enhance environmental resources.		Minimise the consumption of water, land, soil, minerals, aggregates and other raw materials by all? E.g. through integrated transport, sustainable resource-efficient design, local sourcing of food, goods, materials.	Maintaining Herefordshire Council's County Site and Monuments Register. Monitoring changes to historic landscapes.	No specific targets identified, but need to ensure that the register is kept up to date. No specific targets identified.
			Encourage the re- use/enhancement (to high standards of sustainable resource-efficient design) of existing buildings and minimise the need for new build.	Agricultural land usage by quality	Measure the number of hectares of best and most versatile soil lost through development.
			Encourage the use of clean technologies and water minimisation techniques.		

Appendix 3

Date: 19 January 2017

Our ref: 203299

Your ref: Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor Group NDP

Neighbourhood Planning Strategic & Conservation Teams Herefordshire Council

BY EMAIL ONLY



Customer Services Hornbeam House Crewe Business Park Electra Way Crewe Cheshire CW1 6GJ

T 0300 060 3900

Dear Mr Latham,

Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor Group- SEA Scoping Report Neighbourhood Plan Strategic Environmental Assessment Scoping and Habitat Regulations Assessment Screening

Thank you for your consultation on the above dated and received by Natural England on 6 December.

Natural England is a non-departmental public body. Our statutory purpose is to ensure that the natural environment is conserved, enhanced, and managed for the benefit of present and future generations, thereby contributing to sustainable development.

Where Neighbourhood Plans could have significant environmental effects, they may require a Strategic Environmental Assessment (SEA) under the Environment Assessment of Plans and Programmes Regulations 2004.

Further guidance on deciding whether the proposals are likely to have significant environmental effects and the requirements for consulting Natural England on SEA are set out in the National Planning Practice Guidance.

We welcome the production of this SEA Scoping report. The following comments are intended to further improve the SEA and its usefulness in assessing the Neighbourhood Plan.

Appendix A1

Natural England approves of the plans, policies and programmes contained in the SEA Scoping Report.

Appendix A2

Objective 15 "Value, protect, enhance and restore the landscape quality of Herefordshire, including its rural areas and open spaces".

Baseline information (source) on the landscape and open spaces needs to be included under SA objective 15.

Appendix A3

Natural England welcomes the environmental issues identified.

Appendix A4 – SEA Framework

Under the SEA topic "Nature Conservation (Biodiversity, flora and fauna)", we would welcome the inclusion of an indicator/target regarding the impact/benefit to ecological networks (NPPF paragraph 109, 113 and 117).

Habitats Regulations Assessment Screening

Where a Neighbourhood Plan could potentially lead to significant environmental effects it will be necessary to screen the Plan in relation to the Habitats and Species Regulations (2010), as amended (the 'Habitats Regulations'). One of the basic conditions that will be tested at Examination is whether the making of the plan is compatible with European obligations and this includes requirements relating to the Habitats Directive.

In relation to the Habitats Regulations, a Neighbourhood Plan cannot progress if the likelihood of significant effects on any European Site, either alone (or in combination with other plans and projects) cannot be ruled out) (see Schedule 2, The Neighbourhood Planning (General) Regulations 2012). Therefore measures may need to be incorporated into the Neighbourhood Plan to ensure that any likely significant effects are avoided in order to secure compliance with the Regulations.

A screening exercise should be undertaken if there is any doubt about the possible effects of the Plan on European protected sites. This will be particularly important if a Neighbourhood Plan is to progress before a Local Plan has been adopted and/or the Neighbourhood Plan proposes development which has not be assessed and/or included in the Habitats Regulations Assessment for the Local Plan.

We note the recommendation set out in the Initial HRA that a full Habitat Regulations Assessment Screening will be undertaken due to proximity to the River Wye (including River Lugg) Special Area of Conservation (SAC).

We would be happy to comment further should the need arise but if in the meantime you have any queries please do not hesitate to contact us.

For any queries relating to the specific advice in this letter <u>only</u> please contact Tom Amos on 02080 260961. For any new consultations, or to provide further information on this consultation please send correspondence to <u>consultations@naturalengland.org.uk</u>.

We really value your feedback to help us improve the service we offer. We have attached a feedback form to this letter and welcome any comments you might have about our service.

Yours sincerely

Tom Amos Adviser South Mercia Team

Appendix 4

Objectives verses SEA Objectives (SMART and Compatibility Test)				
SEA Stage B1	Key:	SMART criteria:		The following matrix appraises the
+ =/++	Compatible/ Very comp	S - Specific:	NDP objectives should specify what is intended to be done in detail and should not be open to a wide range of misinterpretations	emerging Goodrich and Welsh
-=	Possible conflict	M – Measurable:	It should be possible to monitor NDP objectives in a quantifiable way, by the use of indicators. Indicators should be measurable with limited resource implications.	Bicknor Parish NDP Objectives in terms of their SMART criteria and
0 =	Neutral	A – Attainable/achievable:	NDP objectives should be achievable and deliverable, related to the scale of growth proposed	their compatibility with the SEA Objectives. These have been developed from Government
X =	No relationship between objectives	R – Realistic:	NDP objectives should relate to the overall vision of the plan. Likewise, chosen indicators should relate to objectives and their outcomes.	guidance on SEA and from the
? =	Unclear, more information needed	T – Time-Bound:	Objectives should be specific to the NDP period or another specified time-frame. Objectives should be associated with a target and indicators should specify when the target should be achieved.	local evidence base gathered for identifying the NDP issues.

SEA Objectives

- 1- To maintain and enhance nature conservation (biodiversity, flora and fauna)
- 2- To maintain and enhance the quality of landscapes and townscapes
- 3- To improve quality of surroundings
- 4- To conserve and where appropriate enhance the historic environment and culture heritage
- 5- To improve air quality
- 6- To reduce the effect of traffic on the environment
- 7- To reduce contributions to climate change
- 8- To reduce vulnerability to climate change
- 9- To improve water quality
- 10- To provide for sustainable sources of water supply
- 11- To avoid, reduce and manage flood risk
- 12- To conserve soil resources and quality
- 13- To minimise the production of waste
- 14- To improve health of the population
- 15- To reduce crime and nuisance
- 16- To conserve natural and manmade resources

NDP objectives							SI	EA O	bjectiv	es									
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	Recommendations	SMART Test of NDP objective	After SMART objectives
To develop the built environment in a way that maintains and enhances its distinctiveness and attractiveness whilst catering for the housing needs of all age groups	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	This objective seeks to protect and enhance the local environment and its inhabitants, its setting and character of the parish of Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor. Overall the objective has generally a positive effect towards the relevant baseline objectives. This objective will help to mitigate detrimental impact on the built and natural environment caused from development.	This objective meets all of the SMART criteria except specifying a time frame in which the objective will be achieved; a time frame will strengthen the objective. This is assumed this objective will follow the plan period up to 2031.	No change
To encourage successful farming and small businesses, where members of the community can find employment	0	+	+	X	+	+	+	+	X	X	X	+	+	+	+	0	Overall the objective has generally a positive effect towards the relevant baseline objectives. This supports small scale and farming. This may help to reduce commuter traffic in busy periods. Policy safeguards exist within both the Core Strategy and neighbourhood plan to mitigate any impacts upon the environment.	Ensure proposed development considers environmental impact that development causes, ensure it is in line with the SEA Objectives. This objective is achievable and deliverable. Monitoring will be undertaken by the production of a Consultation Report and testing at the examination. A time frame in which the objective will be achieved is generally covered throughout the plan.	No change
To maintain and enhance the natural environment and the local heritage	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	This objective seeks to protect and enhance the local environment, its setting and character of the parish of Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor. Overall the objective has generally a positive effect towards the relevant baseline objectives. This objective will help to mitigate detrimental impact on the built and natural environment caused from development.	This objective meets all of the SMART criteria except specifying a time frame in which the objective will be achieved; a time frame will strengthen the objective. This is assumed this objective will follow the plan period up to 2031.	No change

Objectives verses SEA Objectives (SMART and Compatibility Test)				
SEA Stage B1	Key:	SMART criteria:		
+ =/++	Compatible/very comp	S – Specific:	NDP objectives should specify what is intended to be done in detail and should not be open to a wide range of misinterpretations	The following matrix appraises the
-=	Possible conflict	M – Measurable:	It should be possible to monitor NDP objectives in a quantifiable way, by the use of indicators. Indicators should be measurable with limited resource implications.	emerging Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor Group Parish NDP Objectives in
0 =	Neutral	A – Attainable/achievable	NDP objectives should be achievable and deliverable, related to the scale of growth proposed	terms of their SMART criteria and their compatibility with the SEA Objectives. These have been developed from Government guidance on SEA and
X =	No relationship between objectives	R – Realistic:	NDP objectives should relate to the overall vision of the plan. Likewise, chosen indicators should relate to objectives and their outcomes.	from the local evidence base gathered for identifying the NDP issues.
?=	Unclear, more information needed	T – Time-Bound:	Objectives should be specific to the NDP period or another specified time-frame. Objectives should be associated with a target and indicators should specify when the target should be achieved.	

SEA Objectives

- 1- To maintain and enhance nature conservation (biodiversity, flora and fauna)
- 2- To maintain and enhance the quality of landscapes and townscapes
- 3- To improve quality of surroundings
- 4- To conserve and where appropriate enhance the historic environment and culture heritage
- 5- To improve air quality
- 6- To reduce the effect of traffic on the environment
- 7- To reduce contributions to climate change
- 8- To reduce vulnerability to climate change
- 9- To improve water quality
- 10- To provide for sustainable sources of water supply
- 11- To avoid, reduce and manage flood risk
- 12- To conserve soil resources and quality
- 13- To minimise the production of waste
- 14- To improve health of the population
- 15- To reduce crime and nuisance
- 16- To conserve natural and manmade resources

Baseline carried over from Stage A

- 1-The 2011-2013 AMR does not contain updated conservation data.2010/11: 27% of Herefordshire's SSSI land was in favourable condition. Within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor there is 3 SSSI's, River Wye, Park Wood, Upper Wye Gorge all Unfavourable recovering. Three bordering SSS1 Great Doward, Coughton Wood and Marsh and Brooks Head Grove. The existing status of the Wye SAC between Hay and the Lugg confluence is currently meeting its phosphate target and is meeting the conservation targets. The 2011-2013 AMR does not contain updated conservation data. 2010/11: 17 Habitat Action Plans and 14 Species Action Plans are currently in operation across Herefordshire. Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor Group has: 3 SSSI and 3 bordering SSSI's, 8 SWS. There are two SACs within the parish River Wye and Wye Valley Woodlands.
- 2-There are no outstanding enforcement actions or appeals concerning locally important buildings within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor do not have a conservation area.
- 3-In terms of Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor itself, the study reveals that Goodrich has a cricket ground, football pitch at the primary school with no open community access and 3 tennis courts which are for private member use.
- 4-Whilst there is no qualitative, locally specific data available at present, there is four scheduled monuments in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor, with a further four SAMs on the border of the Parish, according to the latest version of the register.
- 5-Between 2005 and 2010 Herefordshire's total and per capita carbon emission reduced by 7% and 8% respectively; while UK's total and per capita carbon emission reduced by 8% and 12% respectively within the same period. This suggests that air quality is improving.
- 6-% of Herefordshire residents who travel to work by: Car: 70.1%, Foot: 14.7:,Bicycle: 4.3%,Bus: 2%, Train: 0.8%,Motorbike: 0.8%,Taxi: 0.3%,Other: 7%.
- 7-Herefordshire latest figure of C02 emissions per capita-dates back to 2010: 1.61 million tonnes (mtCO²)
- 8-Reduce the risk of flooding-There have been no approvals contrary to EA advice since reporting began in 2004. The 2011-2013 AMR does not contain updated conservation data.
- 9-Percentage of river length assessed as good or very good chemical quality and ecological quality as required by the Water Framework Directive. Latest figure dates back to 2005: 84%.
- 10- Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor parish falls into the Herefordshire Conjunctive Use Water Resource Zones (WRZs), one of 6 zones covering Herefordshire. 39% of demand is from non-household use.
- 11-Number of planning permissions granted contrary to the advice of the Environment Agency on flood defence grounds. The 2011-2013 AMR does not contain updated conservation data.
- 12-Around the village of Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor the soil classification is Grades 1 and 2. Around the remainder of the group parish it is mainly Grades 3 and 4, good to poor. Grade 2 ('Very Good') falls east of the parish. Percentage of all new development completed on previously developed land.2010/11: 67%2011-13: 57%.
- 13,14,15,16-There are numerous listed buildings within the parish and four SAMs. Church of St Giles in Goodrich is currently recorded in the Buildings at Risk Register. There are no outstanding enforcement actions or appeals concerning locally important buildings within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor Group parish at present. The Group Parish Area of Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor has the following landscape types: Riverside meadows to the north and south edges of the parish, Wooded forest, principle wooded hills, wooded hills and principle settled farmlands and a small section to the west of unenclosed commons.

NDP Policies							5	SEA ob	ojectiv	es									
Policies	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	Summary in relation to baseline	Overall commentary and any initial cumulative effects/ Recommendations	Conformity with Core Strategy
Baseline	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16			
Options																			
Option 1- Locating housing sites to meet the required level within or adjacent to the two settlement areas Goodrich Church and Goodrich Cruse.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	The designation of a settlement boundary will give additional certainty and help define those areas considered as the built form and open countryside. This can aid the direction of further growth to maintain the quality of the landscape and surroundings. There is less certainty over the positive effects on the baseline as any growth with be adjudged by criteria based policy.	Any settlement boundary would need to be designated to ensure that sufficient capacity was included to permit any proportional growth requirements. Criteria would need to be included within the policy to safeguard against effects on any SEA objectives.	This option would meet the Core Strategy requirements in terms of the SEA.
Option 2-In addition to the settlement areas described in option 1, including Goodrich Cross as a further settlement area from which the best sites may be chosen. Goodrich Cross is a settlement of some 53 houses set on each side of the A40.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	The designation of a settlement boundary will give additional certainty and help define those areas considered as the built form and open countryside. This can aid the direction of further growth to maintain the quality of the landscape and surroundings. There is less certainty over the positive effects on the baseline as any growth with be adjudged by criteria based policy.	Any settlement boundary would need to be designated to ensure that sufficient capacity was included to permit any proportional growth requirements. Criteria would need to be included within the policy to safeguard against effects on any SEA objectives.	This option would meet the Core Strategy requirements in terms of the SEA.
Option 3- Seeking a wider definition of what the settlement of Goodrich might comprise where it might encompass other areas around the three built-up areas.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	This option intends to expand identified settlements throughout the group parish and is likely to have a negative impact on the sea baseline and likely to cause unsustainable patterns of growth.	Any settlement boundary would need to be designated to ensure that sufficient capacity was included to permit any proportional growth requirements. Criteria would need to be included within the policy to safeguard against effects on any SEA objectives.	This policy meets the Core Strategy requirements for the purposes of the SEA.
Option 4- To provide for a notable expansion beyond the level of required housing growth within whichever of	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	This option intends to expand beyond proportionate growth and is likely to be unsustainable patterns of growth, impacting the existing resources of the group parish.	Any settlement boundary would need to be designated to ensure that sufficient capacity was included to permit any proportional growth requirements. Criteria would need to be included within the policy to safeguard against effects on any SEA objectives.	This policy meets the Core Strategy requirements for the purposes of the SEA.

the previous three options is chosen.																			
Option 5-Do nothing	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	Do nothing option is essentially not to produce a neighbourhood plan and rely on the criteria policies within the Core Strategy to guide further development. Specific policies and proposals for the parishes would not exist.	All developments would need to be in conformity with the Core Strategy. The Core Strategy has been subject to a Sustainability Appraisal and policies met the SEA objectives.	N/A
Site Option 1- Land opposite dean swift close SELECTED	0	+	+	0	+	+	0	0	0	0	0	+	+	+	+	0	Overall this site has a neutral impact on the SEA baseline data. This site is located within the identified settlement boundary. The scale of this site option could potentially accommodate up to 6 dwellings. Impact is uncertain at the moment as the feasibility of site due to environmental noise and nuisance issues.	This site is located within a sustainable area of Goodrich within the identified settlement boundary. This site option has access to some infrastructure and could have potential access onto the highway. Further determination of environmental impact can be assessed at planning application stage Level of development on this site will be determined in relation to safe access onto the A49 and impact on visual amenity.	This policy meets the Core Strategy requirements for the purposes of the SEA.
Site Option 2 - Land comprising the former Nutshell Caravan Park SELECTED	0	+	?	0	+	+	+	+	0	0	0	+	+	?	+	0	Overall this site has a positive and neutral impact on the baseline data. This 1.2 HA site is an old caravan site located within the settlement boundary. The scale of this site option could potentially accommodate up to 15 dwellings. The site is lies adjacent A40 which will be visible which will have some landscape impact. This can be mitigated through screening and design. Traffic noise impact to the site may affect the viability of the site.	This site is located within a sustainable area of Goodrich within the identified settlement boundary Further determination of environmental impact can be assessed at planning application stage Level of development on this site will be determined in relation to safe access onto the A49 and impact on visual amenity. A noise impact study should be carried at planning application.	This policy meets the Core Strategy requirements for the purposes of the SEA.
Site Option 3- Land next to Old Caravan Site	-	0	?	x	?	?	х	х	0	0	0	0	0	?	0	0	This site option is for up to dwellings 5-7 dwellings on a greenfield site. This has an overall neutral impact on the baseline data. The site is further away from community facilities than other sites. Landscape effects and loss of agricultural land are the principal concerns and the issue is whether the first can be appropriately mitigated such that this would be outweighed by the housing benefits.	This site is located outside Goodrich settlement. And likely to be unsustainable in terms of scale and location of this site. Impact of noise and light pollution from the A40. Further determination of environmental impact can be assessed at planning application stage Level of development on this site will be determined in relation to safe access onto the A49 and impact on visual amenity. A noise impact study should be carried at planning application.	This policy meets the Core Strategy requirements for the purposes of the SEA.
Site Option 4- Submisson 16b	-	-	-	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	This site option is for up to dwellings 3 dwellings. Overall the scale and location of the site. The site has few advantages while landscape and highway effects are adverse.	This site is located outside the main settlement of Goodrich, there are preferable site options. Site is greenfield and access may prove difficult.	This policy meets the Core Strategy requirements for the purposes of the SEA.
Site Option 5 – Site opposite Goodrich Manor	0	0	0	?	+	+	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	?	0	0	Overall has a neutral impact on the sea baseline. This site is located within the settlement boundary. The scale of this site option could potentially accommodate up to 3 dwellings on a 0.2 ha site. The site is quite large and in a visible location and	This site is located within a sustainable area of Goodrich within the identified settlement boundary. Although the site is constrained, mitigation measures included in the plan can help alleviate some issues. There are significant constraints to the development of this site. Landowner/developer may benefit from working	This policy meets the Core Strategy requirements for the purposes of the SEA.

																	located is adjacent to the A40.	with adjacent landowner/developer (site 6)	
Site Option 6- Land off Springfield Road north of Goodrich Manor SELECTED	0	0	0	0	+	+	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Overall has a neutral impact on the sea baseline. This site is located within the settlement boundary. The scale of this site option could potentially accommodate up to 9 dwellings on a 1.22 ha site. The site is quite large and in a visible location and located is adjacent to the A40.	This site is located within a sustainable area of Goodrich within the identified settlement boundary. Although the site is constrained, mitigation measures included in the plan can help alleviate some issues. Potential impact on Goodrich Manor, this can be clarified when further details are known of the housing scheme.	This policy meets the Core Strategy requirements for the purposes of the SEA.
Site Option 7- Land between Goodrich Cross and Goodrich Church (east end)	-	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	0	0	0	0	?	?	?	-	Overall has an uncertain impact on the sea baseline. This site option is for 8-10 dwellings on 0.6 ha, this will make a useful contribution to the parish and is small in scale. Development in this location would have a significant effect on distant views across to the site from the south and west through the introduction of a discordant feature within the landscape of the AONB. Would be difficult to mitigate effect.	This site is located within the main settlement of Goodrich. Overriding constraint is effect upon the landscape of the AONB and setting of this part of the village. This would be difficult to mitigate.	This policy meets the Core Strategy requirements for the purposes of the SEA.
Site Option 8 – Land at Goodrich Meadow	0	?	?	0	-	?	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	This site option is for up to 3 dwellings on 0.4ha and has an overall impact on the baseline data. This site is small in scale and unlikely to have a significant impact on landscape, but may impact the amenity of neighbouring properties.	This site is located within the main settlement of Goodrich. The scale and location of the site is likely to be sustainable. However access may prove difficult for 3 dwellings and have an adverse impact on neighbouring properties for vehicular usage.	This policy meets the Core Strategy requirements for the purposes of the SEA.
Site Option 9- Land next to Bryants Court	0	+	+	0	+	+	0	0	0	0	0	+	+	+	+	0	This site option is for 6-8 dwellings on a 0.4ha site. This has an overall positive impact on the baseline data. The site is within a sustainable location and would be within the village envelope.	This site is located within the main settlement of Goodrich. The scale and location of the site is likely to be sustainable. There would be significant benefits to the community and environment through the development of this site. Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP can help alleviate any detrimental effects caused within the development process.	This policy meets the Core Strategy requirements for the purposes of the SEA.
Site Option 10- Bryants Court	-	-	-	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	+	+	-	This site option is for 35-40 dwellings. This has an overall neutral impact on the baseline data. This site is a large scale and located within a sustainable location. However the site is quite a large scale and have a significant impact on character and historic setting and the AONB.	This site is located within the main settlement of Goodrich. However the scheme is large and will have a significant impact on the AONB and natural landscape which could prove hard to mitigate.	This policy meets the Core Strategy requirements for the purposes of the SEA.
Site Option 11- land next to south lodge	-	-	-	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	+	+	-	This site option is for up to 5 dwellings on 0.2ha Overall this has mainly a neutral uncertain impact on the SEA baseline. The site is removed from the main settlement and is likely to have detrimental impact on the AONB and character if the existing settlement,	This site is located north of Goodrich. The location and position of the site is likely to be unsustainable due to the proximity to the main village. Development of this site would create ribbon development impacting the natural character of the settlement.	This policy meets the Core Strategy requirements for the purposes of the SEA.
Site Option 12-	-	-	-	-	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	-	This site option is for up to 6-10 dwellings on 0.8 ha of site Overall this has mainly a	This site is located within Goodrich. The site is located on the northern edge of Goodrich. This	This policy meets the Core Strategy

The Square																	negative/ uncertain impact on the SEA baseline.	site has significant constraint relating to landscape and AONB impact and significant impact on local heritage assets and monuments.	requirements for the purposes of the SEA.
Policies																			
Policy GWB1 Promoting Sustainable Development	+	+	+	+	+	+	0	0	0	0	0	0	+	+	+	+	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor. This policy ensures development is in keeping with the natural and built environment and will help safeguard the environment against unsuitable development.	Overall this policy meets the SEA baseline. There are mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and Neighbourhood Plan to alleviate effects from development.	This policy meets the Core Strategy requirements for the purposes of the SEA.
Policy GWB2 Conserving the landscape and scenic beauty within the Wye Valley AONB	++	++	++	+	+	х	+	+	+	х	+	+	+	+	+	++	This policy will help to conserve the local environment and natural landscape is compatible with the Core Strategy and has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. Criteria within the NDP, has been included which would aim to safeguard environmental character and quality.	Overall this policy meets the SEA objectives and the requirements in the Core Strategy. This policy will help mitigate impact caused from potential development on natural and built environment. This policy is conformity with Core Strategy policies SD1, LD1, LD2, and LD3.	This policy meets the Core Strategy requirements for the purposes of the SEA.
Policy GWB3 Enhancement of the natural environment	++	+	+	++	+	x	+	+	+	x	+	+	+	+	+	++	This policy will help protect the local environment is compatible with the Core Strategy and has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. Criteria within the NDP, has been included which would aim to safeguard environmental character and quality.	Overall this policy meets the SEA objectives and the requirements in the Core Strategy. This policy will help mitigate impact caused from potential development on natural and built environment. This policy is conformity with Core Strategy policies SD1, LD1, LD2, and LD3.	This policy meets the Core Strategy requirements for the purposes of the SEA.
Policy GWB4 Protecting Heritage Assets	+	+	+	++	0	х	0	0	х	x	х	+	+	+	+	+	This policy will help safeguard heritage assets within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor is compatible with the Core Strategy and has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. Criteria within the NDP, has been included which would aim to safeguard environmental character and quality.	Overall this policy meets the SEA objectives and the requirements in the Core Strategy. This policy will help mitigate impact caused from potential development on the historic environment. This policy is conformity with Core Strategy policies LD1 and LD4.	This policy meets the Core Strategy requirements for the purposes of the SEA.
Policy GWB5 Protection from flood risk	+	+	+	+	+	х	+	+	++	++	++	+	+	+	+	+	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data. This policy provides criteria to manage foul and storm water drainage from flooding. The policy also supports sustainable urban drainage systems to mitigate impact caused from new development.	Overall this policy meets the SEA objectives and the requirements in the Core Strategy. This policy will help mitigate impact caused from potential development on natural and built environment. This policy is conformity with Core Strategy policies SD1.	Majority of this policy is in conformity. The last paragraph could be amended for greater conformity to the core strategy.
Policy GWB6 Sustainable Design	+	++	++	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data and has an overall positive effect. Criteria within this policy ensures new development will be appropriate to Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor's character in terms of scale design and materials. This policy promotes sustainable development in new development, striving to reduce carbon emissions.	This policy would not lead to development itself but contains criteria for sustainable design to be in keeping with the existing built and natural environment and is in conformity to policies SD1, LD1 and LD4. This policy will help mitigate impact caused from potential development on natural and built environment.	This policy meets the Core Strategy requirements for the purposes of the SEA.

Policy GWB7 Sewerage Infrastructure	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	Overall this policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data.	To mitigate impact caused from construction and development of sewage infrastructure there are mitigation measures are within the Core Strategy and ndp to alleviate impact.	This policy meets the Core Strategy requirements for the purposes of the SEA.
Policy GWB8 Traffic Measures within the Group Parish	0	0	+	x	+	+	+	+	X	x	х	0	0	+	+	0	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data. Criteria within this policy sets out traffic measures the parish should adhere to.	This policy would not lead to development itself but contains criteria for development to be in keeping with the existing built and natural environment and is in conformity to policies LD1, LD2, LD3 and LD4.	Some parts of this policy are not land use based so implementation of some parts of this policy is limited.
Policy GWB9 Highway Design Requirements	0	0	+	х	+	++	+	+	x	x	+	+	+	+	+	0	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data. Criteria within this policy sets promotes road safety and ensures residential amenity is not significantly impacted from new highways development.	Overall this policy meets the SEA baseline objectives. The policy stipulates criteria to protect road users. Some elements of this policy are not directly land use related, although the highway issues relevant to the community are acknowledged.	Some parts of this policy are not land use based so implementation of some parts of this policy is limited.
Policy GWB10 Broadband and Telecommunica tion Infrastructure	+	+	+	0	+	+	0	0	0	0	0	+	+	+	+	+	Overall this policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will help improve communication infrastructure within the group parish.	Overall this policy meets the SEA baseline objectives. This policy promotes the improvement of broadband and telecommunications within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy meets the Core Strategy requirements for the purposes of the SEA.
Policy GWB11 Protection and Enhancement of Community Facilities and Services	0	+	+	х	0	0	x	x	x	x	x	+	+	+	+	0	This policy moves towards the SEA baseline, overall having a mostly positive. This will encourage the continuing use and enhancement of existing facilities thus contributing to the village character and environment.	Overall this policy is compatible with the SEA baseline. This policy would not directly lead to development itself but contains criteria to safeguard existing community facilities and support new community facilities within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy meets the Core Strategy requirements for the purposes of the SEA.
Policy GWB12 Contributions to Community Services, Youth Provision and Recreation Facilities	0	+	+	x	0	0	x	X	х	x	x	+	+	+	+	0	This policy is positive as it will encourage the continuing use of existing facilities. This contains criteria for new development within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor to support community facilities through section 106 and CIL schemes.	Overall this policy is compatible with the SEA baseline. This policy would not lead to development itself but contains criteria to safeguard existing community facilities within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy meets the Core Strategy requirements for the purposes of the SEA.
Policy GWB13 Moors Meadow Local Green Space	+	+	+	+	+	x	+	+	0	0	+	+	+	+	+	+	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data and has a positive effect on the SEA baseline data. This policy identifies Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor Common as Local Green space, this adds an additional safeguard to this community space.	Overall this policy meets the SEA objectives and the requirements in the Core Strategy. This policy will help mitigate impact caused from potential development on natural and built environment. This policy is conformity with Core Strategy policies SD1 and LD1.	This policy meets the Core Strategy requirements for the purposes of the SEA.
Policy GWB14 Housing Development in Goodrich Village	+	+	+	х	+	0	0	0	?	?	?	+	+	+	+	+	This policy housing development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor has a positive impact on the baseline data. Water quality and usage, traffic impact and flood risk can be assessed when further details are known. There is criteria within this policy to ensure new development is fitting with its local context.	Overall this policy meets the SEA baseline objectives as it will only lead to small scale housing development focused with a defined settlement for Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in line with policy RA2 of the Core Strategy. Policies included within the Neighbourhood Plan and Local Plan will help mitigate and alleviate impact caused from development.	This policy meets the Core Strategy requirements for the purposes of the SEA.
Policy GWB15 Housing Sites in Goodrich Village	+	+	+	0	+	0	0	0	0	0	0	+	+	?	+	+	This policy allocates three housing sites in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor to accommodate up to 30 dwellings has a neutral and positive impact on the baseline data. Overall these allocations have mostly	Overall this policy meets the SEA baseline objectives as it will only lead to small scale sites focused with a defined settlement for Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor. Policies included within the Neighbourhood Plan and Local Plan will help	This policy meets the Core Strategy requirements for the purposes of

																	a positive and neutral impact on the baseline data. These allocations are in line with polices SD1 and RA2 of the Core Strategy.	mitigate and alleviate impact caused from development. Impact from noise and pollution from the A49 can be assessed further at planning application stage.	the SEA.
Policy GWB16 Meeting Housing Needs	+	+	+	x	+	0	0	0	0	0	0	+	+	+	+	+	Overall this policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy strives for housing development to meet the needs of the community in terms of size, type, tenure and local housing need.	Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP will help to alleviate detrimental effects caused from housing development.	This policy meets the Core Strategy requirements for the purposes of the SEA.
Policy GWB17 Affordable and Intermediate Homes	+	+	+	x	+	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	+	+	+	+	Overall this policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy aims to provide affordable and mid-level housing to meet the needs of people associate with Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor Group Parish.	Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP will help to alleviate detrimental effects caused from housing development.	This policy meets the Core Strategy requirements for the purposes of the SEA.
Policy GWB18 Tourism Enterprises	0	+	+	x	+	0	0	0	0	0	0	+	+	+	+	0	Overall this policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will lead to small scale tourism development. Policies included within the Neighbourhood Plan and Local Plan will help mitigate and alleviate impact caused from development.	Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP will help to alleviate detrimental effects caused from development out of tourism.	This policy meets the Core Strategy requirements for the purposes of the SEA.
Policy GWB19 Scale of Economic Development	0	+	+	x	+	+	0	0	x	х	х	+	+	+	+	0	Overall this policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy actively support Economic development within the Group Parish and is likely to lead to small scale economic growth.	Policies included within the Neighbourhood Plan and Local Plan will help mitigate and alleviate impact caused from economic development.	This policy meets the Core Strategy requirements for the purposes of the SEA.
Policy GWB20 Farm Diversification	0	+	+	x	+	+	0	0	x	х	x	+	+	+	+	0	Overall this policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy supports farm diversification and is likely to lead to small scale	Policies included within the Neighbourhood Plan and Local Plan will help mitigate and alleviate impact caused from small scale development.	This policy meets the Core Strategy requirements for the purposes of the SEA.
Policy GWB21 Working from Home	0	+	+	X	+	+	0	0	X	X	x	+	+	+	+	0	This policy support small scale domestic business development. Overall this policy has a positive effect towards the SEA baseline.	This policy will lead to small scale domestic development, and may help to reduce commuter traffic. Policies included within the Neighbourhood Plan and Local Plan will help mitigate and alleviate impact caused from development	This policy meets the Core Strategy requirements for the purposes of the SEA.

Key:

++ Move	+ Move towards	Move away	- Move away	0 Neutral	? Uncertain	N/A No
		significantly				relationship
significantly	Marginally		marginally			

towards

Policy GWB1 Promoting Sustainable Development

SEA Objective	cumulative effects, significance of the effect and magnitude of the effect in terms of the three time periods)			Summary Explanation	Enhancement and mitigation opportunities
	Short term (1 – 5 years)	Medium term (6 – 10 years)	Long term (11 years +)		
To maintain and enhance nature conservation (biodiversity, flora and fauna)	+	+	++	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To maintain and enhance the quality of landscapes and townscapes	+	+	++	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To improve quality of surroundings	+	+	++	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable	This policy acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within

				development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To conserve and where appropriate enhance the historic environment and cultural heritage	+	+	+	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To improve air quality	+	+	+	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To reduce the effect of traffic on the environment	+	+	+	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To reduce contributions to climate change	0	0	+	This policy has mainly a neutral impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To reduce vulnerability to climate change	0	0	+	This policy has mainly a neutral impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.

To improve water quality	0	0	+	This policy has mainly a neutral impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To provide for sustainable sources of water supply	0	0	+	This policy has mainly a neutral impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To avoid, reduce and manage flood risk	0	0	0	This policy has mainly a neutral impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To conserve soil resources and quality	0	0	+	This policy has mainly a neutral impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To minimise the production of waste	+	+	+	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.

To improve health of the population	+	+	+	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To reduce crime and nuisance	+	+	+	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To conserve natural and manmade resources	+	+	++	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
Overall commentary and any cumulative effects	This policy acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.				

Policy GWB2 Conserving the landscape and scenic beauty within the Wye Valley AONB

SEA Objective	Assessme	nt of effect (cor	nsider	Summary Explanation	Enhancement and mitigation
	cumulative effects, significance of the effect and magnitude of the effect in terms of the three time periods)				opportunities
	Short Medium Long term term (1 – term (11 years +)				

B3: Predict and evaluate the effects of the policies and sites within the Neighbourhood Development Plan

	5 years)	(6 – 10 years)			
To maintain and enhance nature conservation (biodiversity, flora and fauna)	+	++	++	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To maintain and enhance the quality of landscapes and townscapes	+	++	++	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To improve quality of surroundings	+	++	++	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To conserve and where appropriate enhance the historic environment and cultural heritage	+	+	++	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To improve air quality	+	+	+	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more

				development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To reduce the effect of traffic on the environment	x	x	X	No relationship	
To reduce contributions to climate change	+	+	+	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To reduce vulnerability to climate change	+	+	+	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To improve water quality	+	+	+	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To provide for sustainable sources of water supply	x	x	x	No relationship	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and

					Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To avoid, reduce and manage flood risk	+	+	+	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To conserve soil resources and quality	+	+	+	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To minimise the production of waste	+	+	+	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To improve health of the population	+	+	+	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To reduce crime and nuisance	+	+	+	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more

				development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To conserve natural and manmade resources	++	++	++	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
Overall commentary and any cumulative effects		as mainly a positiv I Welsh Bicknor.	e impact on the	baseline data. This policy will promote	sustainable development in

Policy GWB3

Enhancement of the natural environment

SEA Objective	Assessme cumulative	nt of effect (cor effects, significan magnitude of the	ance of the	Summary Explanation	Enhancement and mitigation opportunities
	terms of the	three time peri	ods)		
	Short term (1 – 5 years)	Medium term (6 – 10	Long term (11 years +)		
		years)			

To maintain and enhance nature conservation (biodiversity, flora and fauna)	+	++	++	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To maintain and enhance the quality of landscapes and townscapes	+	+	++	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To improve quality of surroundings	+	+	+	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To conserve and where appropriate enhance the historic environment and cultural heritage	+	++	++	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To improve air quality	+	+	+	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium

					and long term.
To reduce the effect of traffic on the environment	x	X	X	No relationship	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To reduce contributions to climate change	+	+	+	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To reduce vulnerability to climate change	+	+	+	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To improve water quality	+	+	+	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To provide for sustainable sources of water supply	X	x	x	No relationship	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and

					Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To avoid, reduce and manage flood risk	+	+	+	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To conserve soil resources and quality	+	+	+	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To minimise the production of waste	+	+	+	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To improve health of the population	+	+	+	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To reduce crime and nuisance	+	+	+	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more

				development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To conserve natural and manmade resources	+	++	++	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
Overall commentary and any cumulative effects		• •	•	baseline data. This policy will promote um and long term.	sustainable development in

Policy GWB4

Protecting Heritage Assets

SEA Objective		nt of effect (con		Summary Explanation	Enhancement and mitigation
	cumulative effects, significance of the effect and magnitude of the effect in terms of the three time periods)			opportuniti	opportunities
	Short term (1 – 5 years)	Medium term (6 – 10 years)	Long term (11 years +)		

To maintain and enhance nature conservation (biodiversity, flora and fauna)	+	+	+	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To maintain and enhance the quality of landscapes and townscapes	+	+	++	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To improve quality of surroundings	+	+	+	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To conserve and where appropriate enhance the historic environment and cultural heritage	+	++	++	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To improve air quality	0	0	0	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium

B3: Predict and evaluate the effects of the policies and sites within the Neighbourhood Development Plan

					and long term.
To reduce the effect of traffic on the environment	x	X	X	No relationship	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To reduce contributions to climate change	0	0	0	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To reduce vulnerability to climate change	0	0	0	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To improve water quality	X	X	X	No relationship	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To provide for sustainable sources of water supply	X	x	x	No relationship	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and

					Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To avoid, reduce and manage flood risk	X	X	X	No relationship	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To conserve soil resources and quality	+	+	+	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To minimise the production of waste	+	+	+	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To improve health of the population	+	+	+	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To reduce crime and nuisance	+	+	+	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more

				development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.	
To conserve natural and manmade resources	+	+	+	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.	
Overall commentary and any cumulative effects	This policy will help safeguard heritage assets within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor is compatible with the Core Strategy and has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. Criteria within the NDP, has been included which would aim to safeguard environmental character and quality. This overall has a positive impact in the short medium and long time lifespan of the ndp.					

Policy GWB5

Protection from flood risk

SEA Objective	cumulative effect and r	nt of effect (co effects, signification magnitude of the ethree time per	ance of the e effect in	Summary Explanation	Enhancement and mitigation opportunities
	Short term (1 – 5 years)	Medium term (6 – 10 years)	Long term (11 years +)		

To maintain and enhance nature conservation (biodiversity, flora and fauna)	+	+	+	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To maintain and enhance the quality of landscapes and townscapes	+	+	+	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To improve quality of surroundings	+	+	+	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To conserve and where appropriate enhance the historic environment and cultural heritage	+	+	+	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To improve air quality	+	+	+	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium

B3: Predict and evaluate the effects of the policies and sites within the Neighbourhood Development Plan

					and long term.
To reduce the effect of traffic on the environment	x	X	X	No relationship	
To reduce contributions to climate change	+	+	+	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To reduce vulnerability to climate change	+	+	+	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To improve water quality	+	++	++	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To provide for sustainable sources of water supply	+	++	++	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.

To avoid, reduce and manage flood risk	+	++	++	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To conserve soil resources and quality	+	+	+	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To minimise the production of waste	+	+	+	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To improve health of the population	+	+	+	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To reduce crime and nuisance	+	+	+	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium

					and long term.		
To conserve natural and manmade resources	+	+	+	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.		
Overall commentary and any cumulative effects	This policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy will promote sustainable development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.						

Policy GWB6

Sustainable Design

SEA Objective	Assessment of effect (consider cumulative effects, significance of the effect and magnitude of the effect in terms of the three time periods)			Summary Explanation	Enhancement and mitigation opportunities
	Short term (1 – 5 years)	Medium term (6 – 10 years)	Long term (11 years +)		
To maintain and enhance nature conservation (biodiversity, flora and fauna)	+	+	+	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data. This policy provides criteria to manage foul and storm water drainage from flooding. The policy also supports sustainable urban drainage systems to mitigate impact caused	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.

				from new development.	
To maintain and enhance the quality of landscapes and townscapes	+	++	++	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data. This policy provides criteria to manage foul and storm water drainage from flooding. The policy also supports sustainable urban drainage systems to mitigate impact caused from new development.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To improve quality of surroundings	+	++	++	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data. This policy provides criteria to manage foul and storm water drainage from flooding. The policy also supports sustainable urban drainage systems to mitigate impact caused from new development.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To conserve and where appropriate enhance the historic environment and cultural heritage	+	+	+	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data. This policy provides criteria to manage foul and storm water drainage from flooding. The policy also supports sustainable urban drainage systems to mitigate impact caused from new development.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To improve air quality	+	+	+	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data. This policy provides criteria to manage foul and storm water drainage from flooding.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more

				The policy also supports sustainable urban drainage systems to mitigate impact caused from new development.	sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To reduce the effect of traffic on the environment	X	X	X	n/a	n/a
To reduce contributions to climate change	+	+	+	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data. This policy provides criteria to manage foul and storm water drainage from flooding. The policy also supports sustainable urban drainage systems to mitigate impact caused from new development.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To reduce vulnerability to climate change	+	+	+	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data. This policy provides criteria to manage foul and storm water drainage from flooding. The policy also supports sustainable urban drainage systems to mitigate impact caused from new development.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To improve water quality	++	++	++	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data. This policy provides criteria to manage foul and storm water drainage from flooding. The policy also supports sustainable urban drainage systems to mitigate impact caused	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.

				from new development.	
To provide for sustainable sources of water supply	++	++	++	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data. This policy provides criteria to manage foul and storm water drainage from flooding. The policy also supports sustainable urban drainage systems to mitigate impact caused from new development.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To avoid, reduce and manage flood risk	++	++	++	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data. This policy provides criteria to manage foul and storm water drainage from flooding. The policy also supports sustainable urban drainage systems to mitigate impact caused from new development.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To conserve soil resources and quality	+	+	+	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data. This policy provides criteria to manage foul and storm water drainage from flooding. The policy also supports sustainable urban drainage systems to mitigate impact caused from new development.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium and long term.
To minimise the production of waste	+	+	+	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data. This policy provides criteria to manage foul and storm water drainage from flooding. The policy also supports	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more sustainable within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium

				sustainable urban drainage	and long term.	
				systems to mitigate impact caused		
				from new development.		
To improve health of the population	+	+	+	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data. This policy provides criteria to manage foul and	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to be more	
				storm water drainage from flooding.	sustainable within Goodrich and	
				The policy also supports	Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium	
				sustainable urban drainage	and long term.	
				systems to mitigate impact caused	and long term.	
				from new development.		
				Trom new development.		
To reduce crime and	+	+	+	Overall the policy is compatible with	This policy itself acts as a	
nuisance	_	-	-	the baseline data. This policy	mitigation measure for new	
				provides criteria to manage foul and	development to be more	
				storm water drainage from flooding.	sustainable within Goodrich and	
				The policy also supports	Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium	
				sustainable urban drainage	and long term.	
				systems to mitigate impact caused		
				from new development.		
To conserve natural	_	_	_	Overall the policy is compatible with	This policy itself acts as a	
	+	+	+	the baseline data. This policy	mitigation measure for new	
and manmade				provides criteria to manage foul and	development to be more	
resources				storm water drainage from flooding.	sustainable within Goodrich and	
				The policy also supports	Welsh Bicknor in the short, medium	
				sustainable urban drainage	and long term.	
				systems to mitigate impact caused	and long torm.	
				from new development.		
				nom new development.		
Overall commentary	Overall the p	olicy is compatible	with the baseling	ne data. This policy provides criteria to	manage foul and storm water	
and any cumulative						
and any cumulative	drainage from flooding. The policy also supports sustainable urban drainage systems to mitigate impact caused from new					

effects	development.

Policy GWB7

Sewerage Infrastructure

SEA Objective	Assessment of effect (consider cumulative effects, significance of the effect and magnitude of the effect in terms of the three time periods)			Summary Explanation	Enhancement and mitigation opportunities
	Short term (1 – 5 years)	Medium term (6 – 10 years)	Long term (11 years +)		
To maintain and enhance nature conservation (biodiversity, flora and fauna)	+	+	+	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data. This policy provides criteria to manage sewerage in the group parish. The policy also supports sustainable urban drainage systems to mitigate impact caused from new development.	Overall this policy meets the SEA objectives and the requirements in the Core Strategy. This policy will help mitigate impact caused from potential development on natural and built environment. This policy is conformity with Core Strategy policies SD1.
To maintain and enhance the quality of landscapes and townscapes	+	++	++	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data. This policy provides criteria to manage sewerage in the group parish. The policy also supports sustainable urban drainage systems to mitigate impact caused from new development.	Overall this policy meets the SEA objectives and the requirements in the Core Strategy. This policy will help mitigate impact caused from potential development on natural and built environment. This policy is conformity with Core Strategy policies SD1.

To improve quality of surroundings	+	++	++	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data. This policy provides criteria to manage foul and storm water drainage from flooding. The policy also supports sustainable urban drainage systems to mitigate impact caused from new development.	Overall this policy meets the SEA objectives and the requirements in the Core Strategy. This policy will help mitigate impact caused from potential development on natural and built environment. This policy is conformity with Core Strategy policies SD1.
To conserve and where appropriate enhance the historic environment and cultural heritage	+	+	+	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data. This policy provides criteria to manage sewerage in the group parish. The policy also supports sustainable urban drainage systems to mitigate impact caused from new development.	Overall this policy meets the SEA objectives and the requirements in the Core Strategy. This policy will help mitigate impact caused from potential development on natural and built environment. This policy is conformity with Core Strategy policies SD1.
To improve air quality	+	+	+	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data. This policy provides criteria to manage sewerage in the group parish. The policy also supports sustainable urban drainage systems to mitigate impact caused from new development.	Overall this policy meets the SEA objectives and the requirements in the Core Strategy. This policy will help mitigate impact caused from potential development on natural and built environment. This policy is conformity with Core Strategy policies SD1.
To reduce the effect of traffic on the environment	+	+	+	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data. This policy provides criteria to manage sewerage in the group parish. The policy also supports sustainable urban drainage systems to mitigate impact caused from new development.	Overall this policy meets the SEA objectives and the requirements in the Core Strategy. This policy will help mitigate impact caused from potential development on natural and built environment. This policy is conformity with Core Strategy policies SD1.

To reduce contributions to climate change	+	+	+	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data. This policy provides criteria to manage sewerage in the group parish. The policy also supports sustainable urban drainage systems to mitigate impact caused from new development.	Overall this policy meets the SEA objectives and the requirements in the Core Strategy. This policy will help mitigate impact caused from potential development on natural and built environment. This policy is conformity with Core Strategy policies SD1.
To reduce vulnerability to climate change	+	+	+	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data. This policy provides criteria to manage sewerage in the group parish. The policy also supports sustainable urban drainage systems to mitigate impact caused from new development.	Overall this policy meets the SEA objectives and the requirements in the Core Strategy. This policy will help mitigate impact caused from potential development on natural and built environment. This policy is conformity with Core Strategy policies SD1.
To improve water quality	+	+	+	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data. This policy provides criteria to manage sewerage in the group parish. The policy also supports sustainable urban drainage systems to mitigate impact caused from new development.	Overall this policy meets the SEA objectives and the requirements in the Core Strategy. This policy will help mitigate impact caused from potential development on natural and built environment. This policy is conformity with Core Strategy policies SD1.
To provide for sustainable sources of water supply	+	+	+	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data. This policy provides criteria to manage sewerage in the group parish. The policy also supports sustainable urban drainage systems to mitigate	Overall this policy meets the SEA objectives and the requirements in the Core Strategy. This policy will help mitigate impact caused from potential development on natural and built environment. This policy is conformity with Core Strategy

				impact caused from new development.	policies SD1.
To avoid, reduce and manage flood risk	+	+	+	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data. This policy provides criteria to manage sewerage in the group parish. The policy also supports sustainable urban drainage systems to mitigate impact caused from new development.	Overall this policy meets the SEA objectives and the requirements in the Core Strategy. This policy will help mitigate impact caused from potential development on natural and built environment. This policy is conformity with Core Strategy policies SD1.
To conserve soil resources and quality	+	+	+	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data. This policy provides criteria to manage sewerage in the group parish. The policy also supports sustainable urban drainage systems to mitigate impact caused from new development.	Overall this policy meets the SEA objectives and the requirements in the Core Strategy. This policy will help mitigate impact caused from potential development on natural and built environment. This policy is conformity with Core Strategy policies SD1.
To minimise the production of waste	+	+	++	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data. This policy provides criteria to manage sewerage in the group parish. The policy also supports sustainable urban drainage systems to mitigate impact caused from new development.	Overall this policy meets the SEA objectives and the requirements in the Core Strategy. This policy will help mitigate impact caused from potential development on natural and built environment. This policy is conformity with Core Strategy policies SD1.
To improve health of the population	+	+	+	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data. This policy provides criteria to manage sewerage in the group parish. The	Overall this policy meets the SEA objectives and the requirements in the Core Strategy. This policy will help mitigate impact caused from

				policy also supports sustainable urban drainage systems to mitigate impact caused from new development.	potential development on natural and built environment. This policy is conformity with Core Strategy policies SD1.
To reduce crime and nuisance	+	+	+	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data. This policy provides criteria to manage sewerage in the group parish. The policy also supports sustainable urban drainage systems to mitigate impact caused from new development.	Overall this policy meets the SEA objectives and the requirements in the Core Strategy. This policy will help mitigate impact caused from potential development on natural and built environment. This policy is conformity with Core Strategy policies SD1.
To conserve natural and manmade resources	+	+	+	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data. This policy provides criteria to manage sewerage in the group parish. The policy also supports sustainable urban drainage systems to mitigate impact caused from new development.	Overall this policy meets the SEA objectives and the requirements in the Core Strategy. This policy will help mitigate impact caused from potential development on natural and built environment. This policy is conformity with Core Strategy policies SD1.
Overall commentary and any cumulative effects		l olicy is compatible age infrastructure		l ne data in the short, medium and long t rish.	l erm and will help the group parish

Policy GWB8 Traffic Measures within the Group Parish

SEA Objective	cumulative of effect and m	effects, significant agnitude of the three time period term (6 – 10 years)	nce of the effect in	Summary Explanation	Enhancement and mitigation opportunities
To maintain and enhance nature conservation (biodiversity, flora and fauna)	0	0	0	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data.	This policy strives to minimise traffic, noise pollution, increase highway safety and increase transport choices.
To maintain and enhance the quality of landscapes and townscapes	0	0	0	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data.	This policy strives to minimise traffic, noise pollution, increase highway safety and increase transport choices.
To improve quality of surroundings	+	+	+	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data.	This policy strives to minimise traffic, noise pollution, increase highway safety and increase transport choices.
To conserve and where appropriate enhance the historic	x	x	X	No relationship	This policy strives to minimise traffic, noise pollution, increase highway safety and increase

environment and					transport choices.
cultural heritage					
To improve air quality	+	+	+	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data.	This policy strives to minimise traffic, noise pollution, increase highway safety and increase transport choices.
To reduce the effect of traffic on the environment	+	+	+	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data.	This policy strives to minimise traffic, noise pollution, increase highway safety and increase transport choices.
To reduce contributions to climate change	+	+	+	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data.	This policy strives to minimise traffic, noise pollution, increase highway safety and increase transport choices.
To reduce vulnerability to climate change	+	+	+	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data.	This policy strives to minimise traffic, noise pollution, increase highway safety and increase transport choices.
To improve water quality	X	X	X	No relationship	
To provide for sustainable sources of water supply	X	X	X	No relationship	
To avoid, reduce and manage flood risk	X	x	X	No relationship	

To conserve soil resources and quality	0	0	0	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data.	This policy strives to minimise traffic, noise pollution, increase highway safety and increase transport choices.		
To minimise the production of waste	0	0	0	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data.	This policy strives to minimise traffic, noise pollution, increase highway safety and increase transport choices.		
To improve health of the population	+	+	+	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data.	This policy strives to minimise traffic, noise pollution, increase highway safety and increase transport choices.		
To reduce crime and nuisance	+	+	+	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data.	This policy strives to minimise traffic, noise pollution, increase highway safety and increase transport choices.		
To conserve natural and manmade resources	0	0	0	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data.	This policy strives to minimise traffic, noise pollution, increase highway safety and increase transport choices.		
Overall commentary and any cumulative effects	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data in the short, medium and long term and will help the group parish to improve the road network and address noise and air pollution problems. Although the intent of this policy is admirable, some areas are not land use so implementation of parts of this policy are limited.						

Policy GWB9 Highway Design Requirements

Policy GWB9 Highway Design SEA Objective	Assessment of effect (consider cumulative effects, significance of the effect and magnitude of the effect in terms of the three time periods) Short Medium Long term		Summary Explanation	Enhancement and mitigation opportunities	
	term (1 – 5 years)	term (6 – 10 years)	(11 years +)		
To maintain and enhance nature conservation (biodiversity, flora and fauna)	0	0	0	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data. Improving	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to positively impact highway design, improve car parking and help alleviate traffic speeds.
To maintain and enhance the quality of landscapes and townscapes	0	0	0	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to positively impact highway design, improve car parking and help alleviate traffic speeds.
To improve quality of surroundings	+	+	+	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to positively impact highway design, improve car parking and help alleviate traffic speeds.

To conserve and where appropriate enhance the historic environment and cultural heritage	x	X	X	No relationship	
To improve air quality	+	+	+	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to positively impact highway design, improve car parking and help alleviate traffic speeds.
To reduce the effect of traffic on the environment	+	++	++	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to positively impact highway design, improve car parking and help alleviate traffic speeds.
To reduce contributions to climate change	+	+	+	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to positively impact highway design, improve car parking and help alleviate traffic speeds.
To reduce vulnerability to climate change	+	+	+	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to positively impact highway design, improve car parking and help alleviate traffic

					speeds.
To improve water quality	x	X	x	No relationship	
To provide for sustainable sources of water supply	x	X	x	No relationship	
To avoid, reduce and manage flood risk	X	X	X	No relationship	
To conserve soil resources and quality	0	0	0	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to positively impact highway design, improve car parking and help alleviate traffic speeds.
To minimise the production of waste	0	0	0	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to positively impact highway design, improve car parking and help alleviate traffic speeds.
To improve health of the population	+	+	+	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to positively impact highway design, improve car parking and help alleviate traffic speeds.

To reduce crime and nuisance	+	+	+	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to positively impact highway design, improve car parking and help alleviate traffic speeds.		
To conserve natural and manmade resources	0	0	0	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data.	This policy itself acts as a mitigation measure for new development to positively impact highway design, improve car parking and help alleviate traffic speeds.		
Overall commentary and any cumulative effects	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data in the short, medium and long term and will help the group parish to improve the road network and address noise and air pollution problems. Although the intent of this policy is admirable, some areas are not land use so implementation of parts of this policy are limited.						

Policy GWB10 Broadband and Telecommunication Infrastructure

SEA Objective	cumulative effect and n	nt of effect (con effects, significal nagnitude of the three time perio	nce of the effect in	Summary Explanation	Enhancement and mitigation opportunities
	Short term (1 – 5 years)	Medium term (6 – 10 years)	Long term (11 years +)		

To maintain and enhance nature conservation (biodiversity, flora and fauna)	+	+	+	Overall this policy has a positive effect on the SEA baseline and strives to strengthen and improve broadband and telecommunications infrastructure.	The neighbourhood plan has in built criteria to mitigate any undesirable impact caused from development.
To maintain and enhance the quality of landscapes and townscapes	+	+	+	Overall this policy has a positive effect on the SEA baseline and strives to strengthen and improve broadband and telecommunications infrastructure.	The neighbourhood plan has in built criteria to mitigate any undesirable impact caused from development.
To improve quality of surroundings	+	+	+	Overall this policy has a positive effect on the SEA baseline and strives to strengthen and improve broadband and telecommunications infrastructure.	The neighbourhood plan has in built criteria to mitigate any undesirable impact caused from development.
To conserve and where appropriate enhance the historic environment and cultural heritage	0	0	+	Overall this policy has a neutral effect on the SEA baseline and strives to strengthen and improve broadband and telecommunications infrastructure.	The neighbourhood plan has in built criteria to mitigate any undesirable impact caused from development.
To improve air quality	0	0	+	Overall this policy has a neutral effect on the SEA baseline and strives to strengthen and	The neighbourhood plan has in built criteria to mitigate any undesirable impact caused from

				improve broadband and telecommunications infrastructure.	development.
To reduce the effect of traffic on the environment	0	+	+	Overall this policy has a positive effect on the SEA baseline and strives to strengthen and improve broadband and telecommunications infrastructure.	The neighbourhood plan has in built criteria to mitigate any undesirable impact caused from development.
To reduce contributions to climate change	0	+	+	Overall this policy has a positive effect on the SEA baseline and strives to strengthen and improve broadband and telecommunications infrastructure.	The neighbourhood plan has in built criteria to mitigate any undesirable impact caused from development.
To reduce vulnerability to climate change	0	0	+	Overall this policy has a neutral effect on the SEA baseline and strives to strengthen and improve broadband and telecommunications infrastructure.	The neighbourhood plan has in built criteria to mitigate any undesirable impact caused from development.
To improve water quality	0	0	+	Overall this policy has a neutral effect on the SEA baseline and strives to strengthen and improve broadband and telecommunications	The neighbourhood plan has in built criteria to mitigate any undesirable impact caused from development.

				infrastructure.	
To provide for sustainable sources of water supply	0	0	0	Overall this policy has a neutral effect on the SEA baseline and strives to strengthen and improve broadband and telecommunications infrastructure.	The neighbourhood plan has in built criteria to mitigate any undesirable impact caused from development.
To avoid, reduce and manage flood risk	0	0	0	Overall this policy has a neutral effect on the SEA baseline and strives to strengthen and improve broadband and telecommunications infrastructure.	The neighbourhood plan has in built criteria to mitigate any undesirable impact caused from development.
To conserve soil resources and quality	0	0	0	Overall this policy has a neutral effect on the SEA baseline and strives to strengthen and improve broadband and telecommunications infrastructure.	The neighbourhood plan has in built criteria to mitigate any undesirable impact caused from development.
To minimise the production of waste	+	+	+	Overall this policy has a positive effect on the SEA baseline and strives to strengthen and improve broadband and telecommunications infrastructure.	The neighbourhood plan has in built criteria to mitigate any undesirable impact caused from development.

To improve health of the population	+	+	+	Overall this policy has a positive effect on the SEA baseline and strives to strengthen and improve broadband and telecommunications infrastructure.	The neighbourhood plan has in built criteria to mitigate any undesirable impact caused from development.	
To reduce crime and nuisance	+	+	+	Overall this policy has a positive effect on the SEA baseline and strives to strengthen and improve broadband and telecommunications infrastructure.	The neighbourhood plan has in built criteria to mitigate any undesirable impact caused from development.	
To conserve natural and manmade resources	+	+	+	Overall this policy has a positive effect on the SEA baseline and strives to strengthen and improve broadband and telecommunications infrastructure.	The neighbourhood plan has in built criteria to mitigate any undesirable impact caused from development.	
Overall commentary and any cumulative effects	Overall the policy is compatible with the baseline data in the short, medium and long term and will help the group parish have greater connectivity and communications infrastructure within the area. This may encourage small scale domestic businesses and working from home, which in time may help to alleviate commuter traffic.					

Policy GWB11 Protection and Enhancement of Community Facilities and Services

SEA Objective	Assessment of effect (consider cumulative effects, significance of the effect and magnitude of the effect in terms of the three time periods) Short Medium Long term			Summary Explanation	Enhancement and mitigation opportunities
	term (1 –	term	Long term (11 years +)		
	5 years)	(6 – 10 years)			
To maintain and enhance nature conservation (biodiversity, flora and fauna)	0	0	+	This policy strives to protect and enhance community facilities within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy contains criteria to help mitigate any detrimental impact caused from an expansion or new development of community services.
To maintain and enhance the quality of landscapes and townscapes	+	+	+	This policy strives to protect and enhance community facilities within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy contains criteria to help mitigate any detrimental impact caused from an expansion or new development of community services.
To improve quality of surroundings	+	+	+	This policy strives to protect and enhance community facilities within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy contains criteria to help mitigate any detrimental impact caused from an expansion or new development of community services.

To conserve and where appropriate enhance the historic environment and cultural heritage	x	X	x	No relationship	
To improve air quality	0	0	0	This policy strives to protect and enhance community facilities within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy contains criteria to help mitigate any detrimental impact caused from an expansion or new development of community services.
To reduce the effect of traffic on the environment	0	0	0	This policy strives to protect and enhance community facilities within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy contains criteria to help mitigate any detrimental impact caused from an expansion or new development of community services.
To reduce contributions to climate change	х	х	х	No relationship	
To reduce vulnerability to climate change	х	х	х	No relationship	
To improve water quality	х	х	х	No relationship	
To provide for sustainable sources of water supply	x	х	х	No relationship	

To avoid, reduce and manage flood risk	x	x	х	No relationship	
To conserve soil resources and quality	+	+	+	This policy strives to protect and enhance community facilities within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy contains criteria to help mitigate any detrimental impact caused from an expansion or new development of community services.
To minimise the production of waste	+	+	+	This policy strives to protect and enhance community facilities within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy contains criteria to help mitigate any detrimental impact caused from an expansion or new development of community services.
To improve health of the population	+	+	+	This policy strives to protect and enhance community facilities within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy contains criteria to help mitigate any detrimental impact caused from an expansion or new development of community services.
To reduce crime and nuisance	+	+	+	This policy strives to protect and enhance community facilities within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	This policy contains criteria to help mitigate any detrimental impact caused from an expansion or new development of community services.
To conserve natural and manmade resources	0	0	+	This policy strives to protect and enhance community facilities within Goodrich and Welsh	This policy contains criteria to help mitigate any detrimental impact caused from an expansion or new development

			Bicknor.	of community services.
Overall commentary and any cumulative effects	•	•	ne data in the short, medium and long tes within the area.	erm and will help the group parish

Policy GWB12 Contributions to Community Services, Youth Provision and Recreation Facilities

SEA Objective	Assessment of effect (consider cumulative effects, significance of the effect and magnitude of the effect in terms of the three time periods)			Summary Explanation	Enhancement and mitigation opportunities
	Short term (1 – 5 years)	Medium term (6 – 10 years)	(11 years +)		
To maintain and enhance nature conservation (biodiversity, flora and fauna)	0	0	+	This policy is compatible with the sea baseline data. It supports funding from CIL and Section 106 to enhance community facilities within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	None required
To maintain and enhance the quality of landscapes and	+	+	+	This policy is compatible with the sea baseline data. It supports funding from CIL and Section 106 to enhance	None required

townscapes				community facilities within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	
To improve quality of surroundings	+	+	+	This policy is compatible with the sea baseline data. It supports funding from CIL and Section 106 to enhance community facilities within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	None required
To conserve and where appropriate enhance the historic environment and cultural heritage	х	х	х	No relationship	
To improve air quality	0	0	0	This policy is compatible with the sea baseline data. It supports funding from CIL and Section 106 to enhance community facilities within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	None required
To reduce the effect of traffic on the environment	0	0	0	This policy is compatible with the sea baseline data. It supports funding from CIL and Section 106 to enhance community facilities within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	None required

To reduce contributions to climate change	x	x	x	No relationship	
To reduce vulnerability to climate change	х	х	х	No relationship	
To improve water quality	x	x	x	No relationship	
To provide for sustainable sources of water supply	X	X	X	No relationship	
To avoid, reduce and manage flood risk	x	x	X	No relationship	
To conserve soil resources and quality	+	+	+	This policy is compatible with the sea baseline data. It supports funding from CIL and Section 106 to enhance community facilities within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	None required
To minimise the production of waste	+	+	+	This policy is compatible with the sea baseline data. It supports funding from CIL and Section 106 to enhance community facilities within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	None required
To improve health of	+	+	+	This policy is compatible with the sea baseline data. It	None required

the population				supports funding from CIL and Section 106 to enhance community facilities within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	
To reduce crime and nuisance	+	+	+	This policy is compatible with the sea baseline data. It supports funding from CIL and Section 106 to enhance community facilities within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	None required
To conserve natural and manmade resources	0	0	0	This policy is compatible with the sea baseline data. It supports funding from CIL and Section 106 to enhance community facilities within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	None required
Overall commentary and any cumulative effects		olicy is compatible fund community fa		ne data in the short, medium and long area.	term and will help the group parish

Policy GWB13 Moors Meadow Local Green Space

SEA Objective	Assessment of effect (consider	Summary Explanation	Enhancement and mitigation
	cumulative effects, significance of the		opportunities
	effect and magnitude of the effect in		
	terms of the three time periods)		

	Short term (1 – 5 years)	Medium term (6 – 10 years)	Long term (11 years +)		
To maintain and enhance nature conservation (biodiversity, flora and fauna)	+	+	++	This policy has a positive impact on the SEA baseline and strives to protect the current use of Moors Meadow and land immediately to the south west of St Giles Church.	None required
To maintain and enhance the quality of landscapes and townscapes	+	+	++	This policy has a positive impact on the SEA baseline and strives to protect the current use of Moors Meadow and land immediately to the south west of St Giles Church.	None required
To improve quality of surroundings	+	+	++	This policy has a positive impact on the SEA baseline and strives to protect the current use of Moors Meadow and land immediately to the south west of St Giles Church.	None required
To conserve and where appropriate enhance the historic environment and	+	+	+	This policy has a positive impact on the SEA baseline and strives to protect the current use of Moors Meadow and land	None required

cultural heritage				immediately to the south west of St Giles Church.	
To improve air quality	+	+	+	This policy has a positive impact on the SEA baseline and strives to protect the current use of Moors Meadow and land immediately to the south west of St Giles Church.	None required
To reduce the effect of traffic on the environment	х	Х	X	No relationship	
To reduce contributions to climate change	+	+	+	This policy has a positive impact on the SEA baseline and strives to protect the current use of Moors Meadow and land immediately to the south west of St Giles Church.	None required
To reduce vulnerability to climate change	+	+	+	This policy has a positive impact on the SEA baseline and strives to protect the current use of Moors Meadow and land immediately to the south west of St Giles Church.	None required
To improve water quality	0	0	+	This policy has a positive impact on the SEA baseline and strives to protect the current use of	None required

To provide for	0	0	+	Moors Meadow and land immediately to the south west of St Giles Church. This policy has a positive impact	None required
sustainable sources of water supply				on the SEA baseline and strives to protect the current use of Moors Meadow and land immediately to the south west of St Giles Church.	
To avoid, reduce and manage flood risk	+	+	+	This policy has a positive impact on the SEA baseline and strives to protect the current use of Moors Meadow and land immediately to the south west of St Giles Church.	None required
To conserve soil resources and quality	+	+	+	This policy has a positive impact on the SEA baseline and strives to protect the current use of Moors Meadow and land immediately to the south west of St Giles Church.	None required
To minimise the production of waste	+	+	+	This policy has a positive impact on the SEA baseline and strives to protect the current use of Moors Meadow and land immediately to the south west of	None required

				St Giles Church.	
To improve health of the population	+	+	+	This policy has a positive impact on the SEA baseline and strives to protect the current use of Moors Meadow and land immediately to the south west of St Giles Church.	None required
To reduce crime and nuisance	+	+	+	This policy has a positive impact on the SEA baseline and strives to protect the current use of Moors Meadow and land immediately to the south west of St Giles Church.	None required
To conserve natural and manmade resources	+	+	+	This policy has a positive impact on the SEA baseline and strives to protect the current use of Moors Meadow and land immediately to the south west of St Giles Church.	None required
Overall commentary and any cumulative effects	_	-		ne data in the short, medium and long teadow and land immediately to the sou	

Policy GWB14 Housing Development in Goodrich Village

SEA Objective	Assessment of effect (consider cumulative effects, significance of the effect and magnitude of the effect in terms of the three time periods)			Summary Explanation	Enhancement and mitigation opportunities
	Short term (1 – 5 years)	Medium term (6 – 10 years)	Long term (11 years +)		
To maintain and enhance nature conservation (biodiversity, flora and fauna)	+	+	+	This policy housing development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor has a positive impact on the baseline data in the short, medium and long. Water quality and usage, traffic impact and flood risk can be assessed when further details are known.	There is criteria within this policy to ensure new development is fitting with its local context.
To maintain and enhance the quality of landscapes and townscapes	+	+	+	This policy housing development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor has a positive impact on the baseline data in the short, medium and long. Water quality and usage, traffic impact and flood risk can be assessed when further details are known.	There is criteria within this policy to ensure new development is fitting with its local context.
To improve quality of	+	+	+	This policy housing development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor has a	There is criteria within this policy to ensure new development is fitting

surroundings				positive impact on the baseline data in the short, medium and long. Water quality and usage, traffic impact and flood risk can be assessed when further details are known.	with its local context.
To conserve and where appropriate enhance the historic environment and cultural heritage	x	x	x	No relationship	
To improve air quality	+	+	+	This policy housing development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor has a positive impact on the baseline data in the short, medium and long. Water quality and usage, traffic impact and flood risk can be assessed when further details are known.	There is criteria within this policy to ensure new development is fitting with its local context.
To reduce the effect of traffic on the environment	0	0	0	Overall this has a neutral impact on the baseline data.	There is criteria within this policy to ensure new development is fitting with its local context.
To reduce contributions to climate change	0	0	0	Overall this has a neutral impact on the baseline data.	There is criteria within this policy to ensure new development is fitting with its local context.
To reduce vulnerability to climate change	0	0	0	Overall this has a neutral impact on the baseline data.	There is criteria within this policy to ensure new development is fitting

					with its local context.
To improve water quality	?	?	?	Overall this has an uncertain impact on the baseline objective. Impact on water quality can be determined at planning application stage.	The Core Strategy and NDP have mitigation criteria to ensure detrimental impacts caused from new development is alleviated.
To provide for sustainable sources of water supply	?	?	?	Overall this has an uncertain impact on the baseline objective. The impact and provisions of water supply can be determined at the planning application stage.	The Core Strategy and NDP have mitigation criteria to ensure detrimental impacts caused from new development is alleviated.
To avoid, reduce and manage flood risk	?	?	?	Overall this has an uncertain impact on the baseline objective. A more detailed assessment of flood risk can be determined at planning application stage.	The Core Strategy and NDP have mitigation criteria to ensure detrimental impacts caused from new development is alleviated.
To conserve soil resources and quality	0	+	+	This policy housing development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor has a positive impact on the baseline data in the short, medium and long. Water quality and usage, traffic impact and flood risk can be assessed when further details are known.	There is criteria within this policy to ensure new development is fitting with its local context.
To minimise the production of waste	0	+	+	This policy housing development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor has a positive impact on the baseline data	There is criteria within this policy to ensure new development is fitting

				in the short, medium and long. Water quality and usage, traffic impact and flood risk can be assessed when further details are known.	with its local context.
To improve health of the population	+	+	+	This policy housing development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor has a positive impact on the baseline data in the short, medium and long. Water quality and usage, traffic impact and flood risk can be assessed when further details are known.	There is criteria within this policy to ensure new development is fitting with its local context.
To reduce crime and nuisance	+	+	+	This policy housing development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor has a positive impact on the baseline data in the short, medium and long. Water quality and usage, traffic impact and flood risk can be assessed when further details are known.	There is criteria within this policy to ensure new development is fitting with its local context.
To conserve natural and manmade resources	+	+	+	This policy housing development in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor has a positive impact on the baseline data in the short, medium and long. Water quality and usage, traffic impact and flood risk can be assessed when further details are known.	There is criteria within this policy to ensure new development is fitting with its local context.

Overall commentary	Overall the housing site policy moves towards the SEA baseline in the short, medium and long term. Although
and any cumulative	all of the sites selected do not fall within flood zone 2 or 3 impact of water usage and quality can be further
effects	assessed at planning application stage when further details are known.

Policy GWB15 Housing Sites in Goodrich Village

SEA Objective	Assessment of effect (consider cumulative effects, significance of the effect and magnitude of the effect in terms of the three time periods)			Summary Explanation	Enhancement and mitigation opportunities
	Short term (1 – 5 years)	Medium term (6 – 10 years)	Long term (11 years +)		
To maintain and enhance nature conservation (biodiversity, flora and fauna)	+	+	+	This policy housing sites in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor has a positive impact on the baseline data in the short, medium and long. Water quality and usage, traffic impact, noise and pollution can be assessed when further details are known.	There is criteria within this policy to ensure new development is fitting with its local context. Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP can help alleviate effects caused from development.
To maintain and enhance the quality of landscapes and townscapes	0	+	+	This policy housing sites in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor has a positive impact on the baseline data in the short, medium and long. Water quality and usage, traffic impact, noise and pollution can be assessed when further details are	There is criteria within this policy to ensure new development is fitting with its local context. Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP can help alleviate effects caused from development.

B3: Predict and evaluate the effects of the policies and sites within the Neighbourhood Development Plan

				known.	
To improve quality of surroundings	0	+	+	This policy housing sites in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor has a positive impact on the baseline data in the short, medium and long. Water quality and usage, traffic impact, noise and pollution can be assessed when further details are known.	There is criteria within this policy to ensure new development is fitting with its local context. Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP can help alleviate effects caused from development.
To conserve and where appropriate enhance the historic environment and cultural heritage	0	0	0	This policy housing sites in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor has a positive impact on the baseline data in the short, medium and long. Water quality and usage, traffic impact, noise and pollution can be assessed when further details are known.	There is criteria within this policy to ensure new development is fitting with its local context. Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP can help alleviate effects caused from development.
To improve air quality	+	+	+	This policy housing sites in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor has a positive impact on the baseline data in the short, medium and long. Water quality and usage, traffic impact, noise and pollution can be assessed when further details are known.	There is criteria within this policy to ensure new development is fitting with its local context. Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP can help alleviate effects caused from development.
To reduce the effect of traffic on the environment	0	0	0	This policy housing sites in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor has a positive impact on the baseline data in the short, medium and long. Water quality and usage, traffic	There is criteria within this policy to ensure new development is fitting with its local context. Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP can help alleviate effects

				impact, noise and pollution can be assessed when further details are known.	caused from development.
To reduce contributions to climate change	0	0	0	This policy housing sites in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor has a positive impact on the baseline data in the short, medium and long. Water quality and usage, traffic impact, noise and pollution can be assessed when further details are known.	There is criteria within this policy to ensure new development is fitting with its local context. Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP can help alleviate effects caused from development.
To reduce vulnerability to climate change	0	0	0	This policy housing sites in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor has a positive impact on the baseline data in the short, medium and long. Water quality and usage, traffic impact, noise and pollution can be assessed when further details are known.	There is criteria within this policy to ensure new development is fitting with its local context. Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP can help alleviate effects caused from development.
To improve water quality	0	0	0	This policy housing sites in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor has a positive impact on the baseline data in the short, medium and long. Water quality and usage, traffic impact, noise and pollution can be assessed when further details are known.	There is criteria within this policy to ensure new development is fitting with its local context. Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP can help alleviate effects caused from development.
To provide for sustainable sources of	0	0	0	This policy housing sites in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor has a positive impact on the baseline data	There is criteria within this policy to ensure new development is fitting with its local context. Mitigation

water supply				in the short, medium and long. Water quality and usage, traffic impact, noise and pollution can be assessed when further details are known.	measures within the Core Strategy and NDP can help alleviate effects caused from development.
To avoid, reduce and manage flood risk	0	0	0	This policy housing sites in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor has a positive impact on the baseline data in the short, medium and long. Water quality and usage, traffic impact, noise and pollution can be assessed when further details are known.	There is criteria within this policy to ensure new development is fitting with its local context. Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP can help alleviate effects caused from development.
To conserve soil resources and quality	+	+	+	This policy housing sites in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor has a positive impact on the baseline data in the short, medium and long. Water quality and usage, traffic impact, noise and pollution can be assessed when further details are known.	There is criteria within this policy to ensure new development is fitting with its local context. Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP can help alleviate effects caused from development.
To minimise the production of waste	0	+	+	This policy housing sites in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor has a positive impact on the baseline data in the short, medium and long. Water quality and usage, traffic impact, noise and pollution can be assessed when further details are known.	There is criteria within this policy to ensure new development is fitting with its local context. Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP can help alleviate effects caused from development.

To improve health of the population	+	+	+	This policy housing sites in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor has a positive impact on the baseline data in the short, medium and long. Water quality and usage, traffic impact, noise and pollution can be assessed when further details are known.	There is criteria within this policy to ensure new development is fitting with its local context. Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP can help alleviate effects caused from development.		
To reduce crime and nuisance	+	+	+	This policy housing sites in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor has a positive impact on the baseline data in the short, medium and long. Water quality and usage, traffic impact, noise and pollution can be assessed when further details are known.	There is criteria within this policy to ensure new development is fitting with its local context.		
To conserve natural and manmade resources	0	+	+	This policy housing sites in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor has a positive impact on the baseline data in the short, medium and long. Water quality and usage, traffic impact, noise and pollution can be assessed when further details are known.	There is criteria within this policy to ensure new development is fitting with its local context.		
Overall commentary and any cumulative effects	medium and	This policy housing sites in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor have mainly a positive impact on the baseline data in the short, medium and long term. Water quality and usage, traffic impact, noise and pollution can be assessed when further details are known. As most of the sites are located nearby the A49, can be assessed further at planning application stage.					

Policy GWB16 Meeting Housing Needs

SEA Objective	Assessment of effect (consider cumulative effects, significance of the effect and magnitude of the effect in terms of the three time periods)			Summary Explanation	Enhancement and mitigation opportunities
	Short term (1 – 5 years)	Medium term (6 – 10 years)	Long term (11 years +)		
To maintain and enhance nature conservation (biodiversity, flora and fauna)	+	+	+	Overall this policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy strives for housing development to meet the needs of the community in terms of size, type, tenure and local housing need.	Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP will help to alleviate detrimental effects caused from housing development.
To maintain and enhance the quality of landscapes and townscapes	+	+	+	Overall this policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy strives for housing development to meet the needs of the community in terms of size, type, tenure and local housing need in the short, medium and long term.	Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP will help to alleviate detrimental effects caused from housing development.
To improve quality of surroundings	+	+	+	Overall this policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy strives for housing development to meet the needs of	Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP will help to alleviate detrimental effects caused

To conserve and where appropriate enhance the historic environment and cultural heritage	x	x	x	the community in terms of size, type, tenure and local housing need in the short, medium and long term. No relationship	from housing development.
To improve air quality	+	+	+	Overall this policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy strives for housing development to meet the needs of the community in terms of size, type, tenure and local housing need in the short, medium and long term.	Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP will help to alleviate detrimental effects caused from housing development.
To reduce the effect of traffic on the environment	0	0	+	Overall this policy has mainly a neutral impact on the baseline data. This policy strives for housing development to meet the needs of the community in terms of size, type, tenure and local housing need in the short, medium and long term.	Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP will help to alleviate detrimental effects caused from housing development.
To reduce contributions to climate change	0	0	+	Overall this policy has mainly a neutral impact on the baseline data. This policy strives for housing development to meet the needs of the community in terms of size, type, tenure and local housing need	Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP will help to alleviate detrimental effects caused from housing development.

				in the short, medium and long term.	
To reduce vulnerability to climate change	0	0	+	Overall this policy has mainly a neutral impact on the baseline data. This policy strives for housing development to meet the needs of the community in terms of size, type, tenure and local housing need in the short, medium and long term.	Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP will help to alleviate detrimental effects caused from housing development.
To improve water quality	0	0	0	Overall this policy has mainly a neutral impact on the baseline data. This policy strives for housing development to meet the needs of the community in terms of size, type, tenure and local housing need in the short, medium and long term.	Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP will help to alleviate detrimental effects caused from housing development.
To provide for sustainable sources of water supply	0	0	0	Overall this policy has mainly a neutral impact on the baseline data. This policy strives for housing development to meet the needs of the community in terms of size, type, tenure and local housing need in the short, medium and long term.	Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP will help to alleviate detrimental effects caused from housing development.
To avoid, reduce and manage flood risk	0	0	0	Overall this policy has mainly a neutral impact on the baseline data. This policy strives for housing development to meet the needs of the community in terms of size, type, tenure and local housing need in the short, medium and long term.	Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP will help to alleviate detrimental effects caused from housing development.

To conserve soil resources and quality	0	0	0	Overall this policy has mainly a neutral impact on the baseline data. This policy strives for housing development to meet the needs of the community in terms of size, type, tenure and local housing need in the short, medium and long term.	Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP will help to alleviate detrimental effects caused from housing development.
To minimise the production of waste	0	+	+	Overall this policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy strives for housing development to meet the needs of the community in terms of size, type, tenure and local housing need in the short, medium and long term.	Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP will help to alleviate detrimental effects caused from housing development.
To improve health of the population	0	+	+	Overall this policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy strives for housing development to meet the needs of the community in terms of size, type, tenure and local housing need in the short, medium and long term.	Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP will help to alleviate detrimental effects caused from housing development.
To reduce crime and nuisance	+	+	+	Overall this policy has mainly a positive impact on the baseline data. This policy strives for housing development to meet the needs of the community in terms of size, type, tenure and local housing need in the short, medium and long term.	Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP will help to alleviate detrimental effects caused from housing development.
To conserve natural	+	+	+	Overall this policy has mainly a	Mitigation measures within the

and manmade resources		positive impact on the baseline data. This policy strives for housing development to meet the needs of the community in terms of size, type, tenure and local housing need in the short, medium and long term.	Core Strategy and NDP will help to alleviate detrimental effects caused from housing development.
Overall commentary and any cumulative effects	 eeting housing ne	and Welsh Bicknor have mainly a pos	itive impact on the baseline data in

Policy GWB17 Affordable and Intermediate Homes

SEA Objective	Assessment of effect (consider cumulative effects, significance of the effect and magnitude of the effect in terms of the three time periods)			Summary Explanation	Enhancement and mitigation opportunities
	Short term (1 – 5 years) Medium term (11 years +) (6 – 10 years) (11 years +)				
To maintain and enhance nature conservation (biodiversity, flora and fauna)	+	+	+	Overall this policy has a positive impact on the SEA baseline objective. This policy promotes affordable and intermediate homes in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP will help to alleviate detrimental effects caused from housing development.

To maintain and enhance the quality of landscapes and townscapes	+	+	+	Overall this policy has a positive impact on the SEA baseline objective. This policy promotes affordable and intermediate homes in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP will help to alleviate detrimental effects caused from housing development.
To improve quality of surroundings	+	+	+	Overall this policy has a positive impact on the SEA baseline objective. This policy promotes affordable and intermediate homes in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP will help to alleviate detrimental effects caused from housing development.
To conserve and where appropriate enhance the historic environment and cultural heritage	х	х	х	No relationship	
To improve air quality	+	+	+	Overall this policy has a positive impact on the SEA baseline objective. This policy promotes affordable and intermediate homes in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP will help to alleviate detrimental effects caused from housing development.
To reduce the effect of traffic on the environment	+	+	+	Overall this policy has a positive impact on the SEA baseline objective. This policy promotes affordable and intermediate	Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP will help to alleviate detrimental effects caused

				homes in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	from housing development.
To reduce contributions to climate change	0	+	+	Overall this policy has a positive impact on the SEA baseline objective. This policy promotes affordable and intermediate homes in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP will help to alleviate detrimental effects caused from housing development.
To reduce vulnerability to climate change	0	+	+	Overall this policy has a positive impact on the SEA baseline objective. This policy promotes affordable and intermediate homes in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP will help to alleviate detrimental effects caused from housing development.
To improve water quality	0	0	0	Overall this policy has a neutral impact on the SEA baseline objective. This policy promotes affordable and intermediate homes in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP will help to alleviate detrimental effects caused from housing development.
To provide for sustainable sources of water supply	0	0	0	Overall this policy has a neutral impact on the SEA baseline objective. This policy promotes affordable and intermediate homes in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP will help to alleviate detrimental effects caused from housing development.

To avoid, reduce and manage flood risk	0	0	0	Overall this policy has a positive impact on the SEA baseline objective. This policy promotes affordable and intermediate homes in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP will help to alleviate detrimental effects caused from housing development.
To conserve soil resources and quality	0	0	0	Overall this policy has a positive impact on the SEA baseline objective. This policy promotes affordable and intermediate homes in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP will help to alleviate detrimental effects caused from housing development.
To minimise the production of waste	0	0	+	Overall this policy has a positive impact on the SEA baseline objective. This policy promotes affordable and intermediate homes in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP will help to alleviate detrimental effects caused from housing development.
To improve health of the population	0	+	+	Overall this policy has a positive impact on the SEA baseline objective. This policy promotes affordable and intermediate homes in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP will help to alleviate detrimental effects caused from housing development.
To reduce crime and nuisance	+	+	+	Overall this policy has a positive impact on the SEA baseline objective. This policy promotes	Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP will help to alleviate detrimental effects caused

				affordable and intermediate homes in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	from housing development.		
To conserve natural and manmade resources	0	+	+	Overall this policy has a positive impact on the SEA baseline objective. This policy promotes affordable and intermediate homes in Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor.	Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP will help to alleviate detrimental effects caused from housing development.		
Overall commentary and any cumulative effects	This policy	Overall this policy has a positive and neutral impact on the SEA baseline in the short, medium and long term. This policy promotes affordable and intermediate homes within Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor to help meet and address local housing needs.					

Policy GWB18 Tourism Enterprises

SEA Objective	cumulative effect and r	nt of effect (cor effects, significate magnitude of the ethree time peri	ance of the e effect in	Summary Explanation	Enhancement and mitigation opportunities
	Short term (1 – 5 years)	Medium term (6 – 10 years)	Long term (11 years +)		

To maintain and enhance nature conservation (biodiversity, flora and fauna)	0	0	0	Overall this policy has a neutral impact on the SEA baseline objective.	Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP will help to alleviate detrimental effects caused from tourism development.
To maintain and enhance the quality of landscapes and townscapes	0	+	+	Overall this policy has a positive impact on the SEA baseline objective.	Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP will help to alleviate detrimental effects caused from tourism development
To improve quality of surroundings	0	+	+	Overall this policy has a positive impact on the SEA baseline objective.	Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP will help to alleviate detrimental effects caused from tourism development
To conserve and where appropriate enhance the historic environment and cultural heritage	x	x	х	No relationship	
To improve air quality	0	+	+	Overall this policy has a positive impact on the SEA baseline objective.	Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP will help to alleviate detrimental effects caused from tourism development
To reduce the effect of traffic on the environment	0	0	0	Overall this policy has a neutral impact on the SEA baseline objective.	Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP will help to alleviate detrimental effects caused from tourism development

B3: Predict and evaluate the effects of the policies and sites within the Neighbourhood Development Plan

To reduce contributions to climate change	0	0	0	Overall this policy has a neutral impact on the SEA baseline objective.	Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP will help to alleviate detrimental effects caused from tourism development
To reduce vulnerability to climate change	0	0	0	Overall this policy has a neutral impact on the SEA baseline objective.	Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP will help to alleviate detrimental effects caused from tourism development
To improve water quality	0	0	0	Overall this policy has a neutral impact on the SEA baseline objective.	Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP will help to alleviate detrimental effects caused from tourism development
To provide for sustainable sources of water supply	0	0	0	Overall this policy has a neutral impact on the SEA baseline objective.	Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP will help to alleviate detrimental effects caused from tourism development
To avoid, reduce and manage flood risk	0	0	0	Overall this policy has a neutral impact on the SEA baseline objective.	Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP will help to alleviate detrimental effects caused from tourism development
To conserve soil resources and quality	0	+	+	Overall this policy has a positive impact on the SEA baseline objective.	Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP will help to alleviate detrimental effects caused from tourism development
To minimise the production of waste	+	+	+	Overall this policy has a positive impact on the SEA baseline objective.	Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP will help to alleviate detrimental effects caused

					from tourism development		
To improve health of the population	+	+	+	Overall this policy has a positive impact on the SEA baseline objective.	Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP will help to alleviate detrimental effects caused from tourism development		
To reduce crime and nuisance	+	+	+	Overall this policy has a positive impact on the SEA baseline objective.	Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP will help to alleviate detrimental effects caused from tourism development		
To conserve natural and manmade resources	0	0	0	Overall this policy has a neutral impact on the SEA baseline objective.	Mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP will help to alleviate detrimental effects caused from tourism development		
Overall commentary and any cumulative effects	actively pro	Overall this policy has a positive impact on the sea baseline in the short, medium and long term. This policy actively promotes small scale tourism development within the group parish, mitigation measures within the Core Strategy and NDP can help alleviate detrimental impacts stemmed from new developments.					

Policy GWB19

Scale of Economic Development

SEA Objective	Assessment of effect (consider cumulative effects, significance of the effect and magnitude of the effect in terms of the three time periods)				Enhancement and mitigation opportunities
Short Medium Long term term (1 –			Long term		

	5 years)	term (6 – 10 years)	(11 years +)		
To maintain and enhance nature conservation (biodiversity, flora and fauna)	0	0	0	Overall this policy has a neutral impact on the SEA baseline objective.	Policies included within the Neighbourhood Plan and Local Plan will help mitigate and alleviate impact caused from small scale economic development.
To maintain and enhance the quality of landscapes and townscapes	+	+	+	Overall this policy has a positive impact on the SEA baseline objective.	Policies included within the Neighbourhood Plan and Local Plan will help mitigate and alleviate impact caused from small scale economic development.
To improve quality of surroundings	+	+	+	Overall this policy has a positive impact on the SEA baseline objective.	Policies included within the Neighbourhood Plan and Local Plan will help mitigate and alleviate impact caused from small scale economic development.
To conserve and where appropriate enhance the historic environment and cultural heritage	х	х	х	No relationship	
To improve air quality	+	+	+	Overall this policy has a positive impact on the SEA baseline objective.	Policies included within the Neighbourhood Plan and Local Plan will help mitigate and alleviate impact caused from small scale

B3: Predict and evaluate the effects of the policies and sites within the Neighbourhood Development Plan

					economic development.
To reduce the effect of traffic on the environment	0	+	+	Overall this policy has a positive impact on the SEA baseline objective.	Policies included within the Neighbourhood Plan and Local Plan will help mitigate and alleviate impact caused from small scale economic development.
To reduce contributions to climate change	0	0	0	Overall this policy has a neutral impact on the SEA baseline objective.	Policies included within the Neighbourhood Plan and Local Plan will help mitigate and alleviate impact caused from small scale economic development.
To reduce vulnerability to climate change	0	0	0	Overall this policy has a neutral impact on the SEA baseline objective.	Policies included within the Neighbourhood Plan and Local Plan will help mitigate and alleviate impact caused from small scale economic development.
To improve water quality	х	х	х	No relationship	
To provide for sustainable sources of water supply	х	х	х	No relationship	
To avoid, reduce and manage flood risk	х	х	х	No relationship	
To conserve soil resources and quality	+	+	+	Overall this policy has a positive impact on the SEA baseline	Policies included within the Neighbourhood Plan and Local Plan will help mitigate and alleviate

					1
				objective.	impact caused from small scale
					economic development.
	_				
To minimise the	0	+	+	Overall this policy has a positive	Policies included within the
production of waste				impact on the SEA baseline	Neighbourhood Plan and Local
				objective.	Plan will help mitigate and alleviate
				,	impact caused from small scale
					economic development.
To improve health of	+	+	+	Overall this policy has a positive	Policies included within the
the population				impact on the SEA baseline	Neighbourhood Plan and Local
ше реражиен				objective.	Plan will help mitigate and alleviate
				objective.	impact caused from small scale
					economic development.
					·
To reduce crime and	+	+	+	Overall this policy has a positive	Policies included within the
nuisance				impact on the SEA baseline	Neighbourhood Plan and Local
				objective.	Plan will help mitigate and alleviate
					impact caused from small scale
					economic development.
To conserve natural	0	0	0	Overall this policy has a neutral	Policies included within the
and manmade				impact on the SEA baseline	Neighbourhood Plan and Local
resources				objective.	Plan will help mitigate and alleviate
103041003				Objective.	impact caused from small scale
					economic development.
					·
Overall commentary	Overall this	policy has a pos	sitive impact or	the sea baseline in the short, med	ium and long term. This policy
and any cumulative	actively pro	motes small sca	le economic de	evelopment within the group parish,	mitigation measures within the
effects				detrimental impacts stemmed from	_
			,	,	•

B3: Predict and evaluate the effects of the policies and sites within the Neighbourhood Development Plan

Policy GWB20 Farm Diversification

SEA Objective	cumulative of effect and m	nt of effect (con effects, significant agnitude of the three time period Medium term (6 – 10 years)	nce of the effect in	Summary Explanation	Enhancement and mitigation opportunities
To maintain and enhance nature conservation (biodiversity, flora and fauna)	0	0	0	Overall this policy has a neutral impact on the SEA baseline objective.	Policies included within the Neighbourhood Plan and Local Plan will help mitigate and alleviate impact caused from small scale rural development.
To maintain and enhance the quality of landscapes and townscapes	0	+	+	Overall this policy has a positive impact on the SEA baseline objective.	Policies included within the Neighbourhood Plan and Local Plan will help mitigate and alleviate impact caused from small scale rural development.
To improve quality of surroundings	0	+	+	Overall this policy has a positive impact on the SEA baseline objective.	Policies included within the Neighbourhood Plan and Local Plan will help mitigate and alleviate impact caused from small scale rural development.
To conserve and where appropriate enhance	х	х	Х	No relationship	

the historic environment and cultural heritage					
To improve air quality	+	+	+	Overall this policy has a positive impact on the SEA baseline objective.	Policies included within the Neighbourhood Plan and Local Plan will help mitigate and alleviate impact caused from small scale rural development.
To reduce the effect of traffic on the environment	+	+	+	Overall this policy has a positive impact on the SEA baseline objective.	Policies included within the Neighbourhood Plan and Local Plan will help mitigate and alleviate impact caused from small scale rural development.
To reduce contributions to climate change	0	0	0	Overall this policy has a neutral impact on the SEA baseline objective.	Policies included within the Neighbourhood Plan and Local Plan will help mitigate and alleviate impact caused from small scale rural development.
To reduce vulnerability to climate change	0	0	0	Overall this policy has a neutral impact on the SEA baseline objective.	Policies included within the Neighbourhood Plan and Local Plan will help mitigate and alleviate impact caused from small scale rural development.
To improve water quality	х	х	х	No relationship	
To provide for sustainable sources of	Х	Х	Х	No relationship	

water supply					
To avoid, reduce and manage flood risk	х	х	х	No relationship	
To conserve soil resources and quality	+	+	+	Overall this policy has a positive impact on the SEA baseline objective.	Policies included within the Neighbourhood Plan and Local Plan will help mitigate and alleviate impact caused from small scale rural development.
To minimise the production of waste	+	+	+	Overall this policy has a positive impact on the SEA baseline objective.	Policies included within the Neighbourhood Plan and Local Plan will help mitigate and alleviate impact caused from small scale rural development.
To improve health of the population	+	+	+	Overall this policy has a positive impact on the SEA baseline objective.	Policies included within the Neighbourhood Plan and Local Plan will help mitigate and alleviate impact caused from small scale rural development.
To reduce crime and nuisance	+	+	+	Overall this policy has a positive impact on the SEA baseline objective.	Policies included within the Neighbourhood Plan and Local Plan will help mitigate and alleviate impact caused from small scale rural development.
To conserve natural and manmade resources	0	0	0	Overall this policy has a neutral impact on the SEA baseline objective.	Policies included within the Neighbourhood Plan and Local Plan will help mitigate and alleviate impact caused from small scale

					rural development.
Overall commentary and any cumulative effects	actively pro	motes farm diver	sification within	the sea baseline in the short, meding the group parish, mitigation measts stemmed from new developments	ures within the Core Strategy and

Policy GWB21 Working from Home

SEA Objective	cumulative of effect and m	nt of effect (con- effects, significan nagnitude of the three time perio	nce of the effect in	Summary Explanation	Enhancement and mitigation opportunities
	Short term (1 – 5 years)	Medium term (6 – 10 years)	Long term (11 years +)		
To maintain and enhance nature conservation (biodiversity, flora and fauna)	0	0	0	Overall this policy has a neutral impact on the SEA baseline objective.	Policies included within the Neighbourhood Plan and Local Plan will help mitigate and alleviate impact caused from small scale domestic development.
To maintain and enhance the quality of landscapes and townscapes	+	+	+	Overall this policy has a positive impact on the SEA baseline objective.	Policies included within the Neighbourhood Plan and Local Plan will help mitigate and alleviate impact caused from small scale domestic development.

To improve quality of surroundings	+	+	+	Overall this policy has a positive impact on the SEA baseline objective.	Policies included within the Neighbourhood Plan and Local Plan will help mitigate and alleviate impact caused from small scale domestic development.
To conserve and where appropriate enhance the historic environment and cultural heritage	x	х	x	No relationship	
To improve air quality	+	+	+	Overall this policy has a positive impact on the SEA baseline objective.	Policies included within the Neighbourhood Plan and Local Plan will help mitigate and alleviate impact caused from small scale domestic development.
To reduce the effect of traffic on the environment	+	+	+	Overall this policy has a positive impact on the SEA baseline objective.	Policies included within the Neighbourhood Plan and Local Plan will help mitigate and alleviate impact caused from small scale domestic development.
To reduce contributions to climate change	0	0	+	Overall this policy has a neutral impact on the SEA baseline objective.	Policies included within the Neighbourhood Plan and Local Plan will help mitigate and alleviate impact caused from small scale domestic development.
To reduce vulnerability to climate change	0	0	+	Overall this policy has a neutral impact on the SEA baseline	Policies included within the Neighbourhood Plan and Local Plan will help mitigate and alleviate

				objective.	impact caused from small scale domestic development.	
To improve water quality	х	х	х	No relationship		
To provide for sustainable sources of water supply	х	х	х	No relationship		
To avoid, reduce and manage flood risk	х	х	х	No relationship		
To conserve soil resources and quality	+	+	+	Overall this policy has a positive impact on the SEA baseline objective.	Policies included within the Neighbourhood Plan and Local Plan will help mitigate and alleviate impact caused from small scale domestic development.	
To minimise the production of waste	+	+	+	Overall this policy has a positive impact on the SEA baseline objective.	Policies included within the Neighbourhood Plan and Local Plan will help mitigate and alleviate impact caused from small scale domestic development.	
To improve health of the population	+	+	+	Overall this policy has a positive impact on the SEA baseline objective.	Policies included within the Neighbourhood Plan and Local Plan will help mitigate and alleviate impact caused from small scale domestic development.	
To reduce crime and	+	+	+	Overall this policy has a positive impact on the SEA baseline	Policies included within the Neighbourhood Plan and Local	

nuisance				objective.	Plan will help mitigate and alleviate impact caused from small scale domestic development.	
To conserve natural and manmade resources	0	0	+	Overall this policy has a neutral impact on the SEA baseline objective.	Policies included within the Neighbourhood Plan and Local Plan will help mitigate and alleviate impact caused from small scale domestic development.	
Overall commentary and any cumulative effects	actively pro	motes working fr neasures within t	om home and	the sea baseline in the short, med small scale domestic development gy and NDP can help alleviate deti	s within the group parish,	

Key:

	+ + Move	+ Move towards	Move away	- Move away	0 Neutral	? Uncertain	X No relationship
	significantly	marginally		marginally			
_	towards	,	Significantly				

SEA Objective Objective / Policy	1. To maintain and enhance nature conservation (biodiversity, flora and fauna)	2. To maintain and enhance the quality of landscapes and townscapes	3. To improve quality of surroundings	4. To conserve and where appropriate enhance the historic environment and culture heritage	5. To improve air quality	6. To reduce the effect of traffic on the environment	7. To reduce contributions to climate change	8. To reduce vulnerability to climate change	9. To improve water quality	10. To provide for sustainable sources of water supply	11. To avoid, reduce and manage flood risk	12. To conserve soil resources and quality	13. To minimise the production	14. To improve health of the population	15. To reduce crime and nuisance	16. To conserve natural and manmade resources
To develop the built environment in a way that maintains and enhances its distinctiveness and attractiveness whilst catering for the housing needs of all age groups	++	+	+	++	+	+	+	+	+	X	+	+	+	+	+	++
To encourage successful farming and small businesses, where members of the community can find employment	0	+	+	X	+	+	+	+	X	X	X	+	+	+	+	0
To maintain and enhance the natural environment and the local heritage	++	+	+	++	+	+	+	+	+	X	+	+	+	+	+	++

Polices	olices															
Policy GWB1	+	+	+	+	+	+	0	0	0	0	0	0	+	+	+	+
Policy GWB2	++	++	++	+	+	x	+	+	+	x	+	+	+	+	+	++
Policy GWB3	++	+	+	++	+	x	+	+	+	х	+	+	+	+	+	++
Policy GWB4	+	+	+	++	0	х	0	0	X	x	x	+	+	+	+	+
Policy GWB5	+	+	+	+	+	х	+	+	++	++	++	+	+	+	+	+
Policy GWB6	+	++	++	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Policy GWB7	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Policy GWB8	0	0	+	X	+	+	+	+	X	x	X	0	0	+	+	0
Policy GWB9	0	0	+	x	+	++	+	+	x	x	+	+	+	+	+	0
Policy GWB10	+	+	+	0	+	+	0	0	0	0	0	+	+	+	+	+
Policy GWB11	0	+	+	x	0	0	х	x	х	x	x	+	+	+	+	0
Policy GWB12	0	+	+	x	0	0	х	x	x	x	x	+	+	+	+	0
Policy GWB13	+	+	+	+	+	x	+	+	0	0	+	+	+	+	+	+
Policy GWB14	+	+	+	x	+	0	0	0	?	?	?	+	+	+	+	+
Policy GWB15	+	+	+	0	+	0	0	0	0	0	0	+	+	?	+	+
Policy GWB16	+	+	+	х	+	0	0	0	0	0	0	+	+	+	+	+
Policy GWB17	+	+	+	Х	+	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	+	+	+	+
Policy GWB18	0	+	+	X	+	0	0	0	0	0	0	+	+	+	+	0
Policy GWB19	0	+	+	x	+	+	0	0	х	х	x	+	+	+	+	0
Policy GWB20	0	+	+	x	+	+	0	0	x	x	x	+	+	+	+	0
Policy GWB21	0	+	+	x	+	+	0	0	Х	X	x	+	+	+	+	0

Cumulative effects of whole plan (1 + 2 + 3)	Overall the Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor Neighbourhood Plan policies and objectives have a positive impact towards the SEA baseline data. And are in general conformity with the Core Strategy Overall all of the policies and objectives meet the Core Strategy requirements for the purposes of the SEA. Policies and objectives strive to preserve and maintain natural and built historic environment that can help mitigate impact from the housing policies. The three sites identified within the settlement boundary lie outside the flood risk zone, therefore development within the settlement boundary is not at risk of fluvial flooding. However they are still at risk of pluvial and surface water flooding. Water supply and flood risk issues in each proposed housing scheme can be determined at planning application stage, and will be tested on a case by case basis.
Commentary for significant cumulative effects	Overall this has had a positive effect on the SEA baseline data. Overall the unknown areas require further detail such as scale and size of development, therefore are likely to be determined at planning application/ proposal stage. No significant cumulative effects have been identified.

Appendix 5

GOODRICH AND WELSH BICKNOR OPTIONS

Option 1-Locating housing sites to meet the required level within or adjacent to the two settlement areas Goodrich Church and Goodrich Cruse.

Option 2-In addition to the settlement areas described in option 1, including Goodrich Cross as a further settlement area from which the best sites may be chosen. Goodrich Cross is a settlement of some 53 houses set on each side of the A40.

Option 3-Seeking a wider definition of what the settlement of Goodrich might comprise where it might encompass other areas around the three built-up areas.

Option 4-To provide for a notable expansion beyond the level of required housing growth within whichever of the previous three options is chosen.

Option 5- Do nothing

Site Options- 30 sites were initially looked at from call of sites in autumn 2017, 12 sites were assessed further as site options.

Site 1- Land off of 6 dwellings

Site 2- Old Caravan Site 15 dwellings

Site 3- Land next to Old Caravan site 5-7 dwellings

Site 4-3 dwellings

Site 5- Site opposite Goodrich Manor 8-10 dwellings

Site 6-Goodrich Manor 9 dwellings

Site 7-8-10 dwellings

Site 8-3 dwellings

Site 9- Land next to Bryants Court 6-8 dwellings

Site 10- Bryants Court 35-40 dwellings

Site 11- Land next to south lodge 5 dwellings

Site 12- The Square 6-10 dwellings

Appendix 6

Template C2: SEA Quality Assurance Checklist

Parish Council Name: Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor Group Parish

Neighbourhood Development Plan Name: Goodrich and Welsh Bicknor Group NDP

Date completed: February 2018

Objectives and context	Where are the points covered in Neighbourhood Development Plan SEA (insert chapter, section, page references, as necessary)
The Neighbourhood Development Plan's purpose and objectives are made clear.	Chapter 1.6 – 1.10
• The Neighbourhood Area's environmental issues and constraints, including acknowledgement of those in the Local Plan (Core Strategy) SA, where relevant, and local environmental protection objectives, are considered in developing objectives and targets.	Chapter 2 methodology, chapter 3 and tables A2 and A3
SEA objectives are clearly set out and linked to indicators and targets where appropriate.	Chapter 3 paragraph 3.5 and 3.7
• Links with other locally related plans, programmes and policies are identified, explained and acknowledgement for those set out in the SA of the Local Plan (Core Strategy) is given, where relevant.	Chapter 3, paragraph 3.1
Conflicts that exist between SEA objectives; between SEA and Neighbourhood Development Plan objectives; and between SEA objectives and other local plan objectives are identified and described.	Chapter 3
Scoping	
Statutory Consultees_are consulted in appropriate ways and at appropriate times on the content and scope of the Environmental Report.	Chapter 2, paragraphs 2.6-2.9
The assessment focuses on significant issues.	Chapter 2 and chapter 4
Technical, procedural and other difficulties encountered are discussed;	Chapter 2

Chapter 2, chapter 4 and chapter 5
Chapter 4 and chapter 5
Paragraph 5.4
Chapter 5
Chapter 5
Chapter 5
Chapter 1, Chapter 3
Initial screening report and Chapter 1
Chapter 2

Prediction and evaluation of likely significant environmental effects	
• Effects identified include the types listed in the Directive (biodiversity, population, human health, fauna, flora, soil, water, air, climate factors, material assets, cultural heritage and landscape), as relevant; and other local likely environmental effects are also covered, as appropriate.	Tables A2, A3 and A4
Both positive and negative effects are considered, and the duration of effects (short, medium or long-term) is addressed.	Tables B2 and B3
 Likely secondary, cumulative (growing in quantity and strength) and synergistic (acting together) effects are identified, where practicable. 	Table B4
Inter-relationships between effects are considered, where practicable.	Chapter 5, chapter 6
The prediction and evaluation of effects makes use of relevant accepted standards, regulations, and thresholds (i.e. data gathered for the evidence base).	Chapter 5, chapter 6
Methods used to evaluate the effects are described.	Chapter 2
Mitigation measures	
Measures envisaged to prevent, reduce and offset any significant adverse effects of implementing the Neighbourhood Development Plan are indicated.	Chapter 6, paragraph 6.6 – 6.9
• Issues to be taken into account when determining planning applications or other projects, for example funding bids, are identified.	Chapter 6
The Environmental Report	
Is clear and concise in its layout and presentation.	_
Uses simple, clear language and avoids or explains technical terms.	-
 Uses maps and other illustrations, 	

where appropriate.	Chapter 2
Explains the methodology used.	Paragraph 2.6-2.9
Explains who was consulted and what methods of consultation were used.	
Identifies sources of information, including expert judgement and matters of opinion.	Paragraph 2.8-2.9
Contains a non-technical summary covering the overall approach to the SEA, the objectives of the Neighbourhood Development Plan, the main options considered, and any changes to the Neighbourhood Development Plan resulting from the SEA.	Page 1 / Paragraph 1.8 / Chapter 6
Consultation	
The SEA is consulted on as an integral part of the plan-making process of the Neighbourhood Development Plan.	Paragraph 2.6-2.9
Consultation Bodies and the public likely to be affected by, or having an interest in, the Neighbourhood Development Plan are consulted in ways and at times, which give them an early and effective opportunity within appropriate time frames to express their opinions on the draft Neighbourhood Development Plan and Environmental Report.	Chapter 8
Decision-making and information on	Chapter 8
the decision	
The environmental report and the opinions of those consulted are taken into account in finalising and adopting the Neighbourhood Development Plan.	Following draft consultation
An explanation is given of how they have been taken into account.	Following draft consultation
Reasons are given for choosing the Neighbourhood Development Plan as adopted, in the light of other reasonable alternatives considered.	

Monitoring measures Measures proposed for monitoring the Neighbourhood Development Plan are Chapter 7 clear, practicable and linked to the indicators and objectives used in the SEA. Monitoring is used, where appropriate, during implementation of the Chapter 7 Neighbourhood Development Plan to make good deficiencies in baseline information in the SEA. Acknowledgement that monitoring enables unforeseen adverse effects to be Chapter 7 identified at an early stage. (These effects may include predictions which prove to be incorrect.) And that • Proposals are made for action in Chapter 7 response to significant adverse effects

arising from the monitoring of the Neighbourhood Development Plan.