### Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch Neighbourhood Development Plan (NDP)

### **Basic Conditions Statement**

(Paragraph 8(2) of Schedule 4B to the Town and Country Planning Act 1990)

June 2017

### Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch Parish Councils

With assistance from



### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Planning Practice Guidance (Paragraph: 065 Reference ID: 41-065-20140306)<sup>1</sup> sets out that only a draft Neighbourhood Development Plan or Order that meets each of a set of basic conditions can be put to a referendum and be made. The basic conditions are set out in paragraph 8(2) of Schedule <u>4B to the Town and Country Planning Act 1990</u> as applied to Neighbourhood Development Plans by section 38A of the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004. The basic conditions are:

a. having regard to national policies and advice contained in guidance issued by the Secretary of State it is appropriate to make the order (or Neighbourhood Development Plan).

b. having special regard to the desirability of preserving any listed building or its setting or any features of special architectural or historic interest that it possesses, it is appropriate to make the order. This applies only to Orders.

c. having special regard to the desirability of preserving or enhancing the character or appearance of any conservation area, it is appropriate to make the order. This applies only to Orders.

d. the making of the order (or Neighbourhood Development Plan) contributes to the achievement of sustainable development.

e. the making of the order (or Neighbourhood Development Plan) is in general conformity with the strategic policies contained in the development plan for the area of the authority (or any part of that area).

f. the making of the order (or Neighbourhood Development Plan) does not breach, and is otherwise compatible with, EU obligations.

g. prescribed conditions are met in relation to the Order (or plan) and prescribed matters have been complied with in connection with the proposal for the order (or Neighbourhood Development Plan).

1.2 This Basic Conditions Statement sets out how the Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch NDP has been prepared to meet the basic conditions. It has been prepared and submitted as a supporting document for consideration by the NDP independent Examiner.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> <u>https://www.gov.uk/guidance/neighbourhood-planning--2#basic-conditions-for-neighbourhood-plan-to-referendum</u>

#### 2.0 LEGAL REQUIREMENTS

#### 2.1 The Submission Plan is being submitted by a qualifying body

This Submission Plan is being submitted by a qualifying body, namely Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch Parish Councils (representing Abbeydore, Bacton, Ewyas Harold, Dulas, Llancillo, Rowlestone and Kentchurch Parishes).

#### 2.2 What is being proposed is a neighbourhood development plan

The plan being proposed relates to planning matters (the use and development of land) and has been prepared in accordance with the statutory requirements and processes set out in the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended by the Localism Act 2011) and the Neighbourhood Development Planning Regulations 2012.

#### 2.3 The proposed Neighbourhood Development Plan states the period for which it is to have effect

The proposed Neighbourhood Development Plan states the period for which it is to have effect. That period is from the Plan being made (2017) up to 2031 (the same period as the Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy).

#### 2.4 The policies do not relate to excluded development

The Neighbourhood Development Plan proposal does not deal with county matters (mineral extraction and waste development), nationally significant infrastructure or any other matters set out in Section 61K of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

### 2.5 The proposed Neighbourhood Development Plan does not relate to more than one neighbourhood area and there are no other neighbourhood development plans in place within the neighbourhood area.

The Neighbourhood Development Plan proposal relates to the Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch Neighbourhood Area and to no other area. There are no other Neighbourhood Development Plans relating to that neighbourhood area.

### 3.0 BASIC CONDITIONS

### 3.1 a. Having regard to national policies and advice contained in guidance issued by the Secretary of State, it is appropriate to make the plan

The Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch Neighbourhood Development Plan has been produced with appropriate regard to the guidance contained within the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF). Paragraphs 183-185 of the NPPF outline specific guidance in relation to the production of Neighbourhood Development Plans. Paragraph 184 states that "The ambition of the neighbourhood should be aligned with the strategic needs and priorities of the local area. Neighbourhood Development Plans must be in general conformity with the strategic policies of the local plan." The Neighbourhood Development Plan has been drafted with regard to the relevant strategic planning policies for Herefordshire Council, and the comprehensive evidence base that supports these policies.

Paragraph 184 also states that Neighbourhood Development Plans should "not promote less development than set out in the Local Plan or undermine its strategic policies". The Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch Neighbourhood Development Plan does not undermine the strategic policies of Herefordshire Council. The Plan aims to support these policies by supporting new housing development, protecting and enhancing the Golden Valley landscape character, promoting high quality, sensitive design in all new development, supporting new and enhanced tourism facilities, supporting the provision of green infrastructure, promoting sensitive highways design, protecting local green spaces and supporting proposals for new rural businesses and homeworking.

The Plan has regard to the twelve core planning principles set out within paragraph 17 of the Framework, as set out in Table 1 below:

# Table 1 NPPF Core Planning Principles and the Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch Submission Neighbourhood Development Plan

NPPF Core Planning Principle	Regard that the Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch Neighbourhood Development Plan has to guidance
Planning should be genuinely plan-led, empowering local people to shape their surroundings, with succinct local and Neighbourhood Development Plans setting out a positive vision for the future of the area. Plans should be kept up to date, and be based on joint working and co-operation to address larger than local issues. They should provide a practical framework within which decisions on planning applications can be made with a high degree of predictability and efficiency.	The Parish Councils have produced the Submission Plan in line with this guidance. The NDP will provide a framework to ensure that development is genuinely plan-led, and through involvement of the local community in shaping its policies and proposals through informal and formal consultation, the Plan has empowered local people to shape their surroundings. The vision, objectives, policies and proposals in the Plan have been developed with a thorough approach to community engagement. The Plan sets out a positive vision for the area up to 2031. The Neighbourhood Development Plan sets out a concise and practical suite of policies (11 general policies in total and a number of area specific policies to address particular issues relevant to the different parishes within the area)) to guide development control decisions.
Planning should not simply be about scrutiny, but instead be a creative exercise in finding ways to enhance and improve the places in which people live their lives.	The Submission Neighbourhood Development Plan offers the local community the opportunity to shape the future development of Abbeydore, Bacton, Ewyas Harold, Dulas, Llancillo, Rowlestone and Kentchurch in a creative way, ensuring that the quality and distinctiveness of the neighbourhood area is enhanced by including

NPPF Core Planning Principle	Regard that the Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch Neighbourhood Development Plan has to guidance
	policies which protect the rural landscape setting. The Plan includes policies to promote high quality design and the protection of built and natural heritage assets as well as the protection of the area's dark skies.
Planning should proactively drive and support sustainable economic development to deliver the homes, business and industrial units, infrastructure and thriving local places that the country needs. Every effort should be made objectively to identify and then meet the housing, business and other development needs of an area, and respond to wider opportunities for growth. Plans should take account of market signals, such as land prices and housing affordability, and set out a clear strategy for allocating sufficient land which is suitable for development in their area, taking account of the needs of the residential and business communities.	This Submission Neighbourhood Development Plan refines and amplifies the Herefordshire-wide Core Strategy Local Plan policies. It supports appropriate business and economic growth in the parishes in Policy G11 - Rural Businesses and Homeworking. Policy G6 supports appropriate tourism related development. New housing to meet local needs in the villages of Abbeydore and Bacton is supported (Policy AB1). Housing is also supported within the defined settlement boundary for Ewyas Harold village (Policy EH1). Policy EH2 supports new housing to meet local needs within the village of Rowlestone when it is appropriate and proportionate to the size, role and function of the existing villages. Policy K1 supports new housing development within Pontrilas.
Planning should always seek to secure high quality design and a good standard of amenity for all existing and future occupants of land and buildings.	The Submission Neighbourhood Development Plan sets out policies which encourage high quality design in new development (Policy G4), and which protect and enhance local landscape character in the Golden Valley (Policy G3). Policy G7 protects green infrastructure in the Golden Valley.

NPPF Core Planning Principle	Regard that the Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch Neighbourhood Development Plan has to guidance
	Policy EH3 sets out detailed design guidance for new housing development in Ewyas Harold and Rowlestone.
Planning should take account of the different roles and character of different areas, promoting the vitality of our main urban areas, protecting the Green Belts around them, recognising the intrinsic character and beauty of the countryside and supporting thriving rural communities within it.	The Submission Neighbourhood Development Plan has had regard to this core planning principle. It recognises the rural character of this sparsely populated group of parishes, and the different roles of the villages and settlements within a local hierarchy. The significant role of Ewyas Harold as the main focus for housing and service development is highlighted in the Plan, together with Abbeydore and Bacton and villages where limited market housing will be permitted. Dulas, Kentchurch, Llancillo, and Rowlestone are villages where new housing will be strictly limited. The Plan recognises the intrinsic character of this beautiful rural area and includes policies which protect the landscape, dark skies and heritage assets.
Support the transition to a low carbon future in a changing climate, taking full account of flood risk and coastal change, and encourage the reuse of existing resources, including conversion of existing buildings, and encourage the use of renewable resources (for example, by the development of renewable energy).	The Submission Neighbourhood Development Plan takes into consideration the historic and ongoing problems related to flooding in some parts of the area and includes a policy to help address these issues (Policy G3). Policy G4 encourages the provision of green infrastructure.

NPPF Core Planning Principle	Regard that the Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch Neighbourhood Development Plan has to guidance
	Policy G6 promotes safer access and the use of public transport could assist with reducing carbon emissions associated with high levels of dependency on the private car associated with rural areas.
Planning should contribute to conserving and enhancing the natural environment and reducing pollution. Allocations of land for development should prefer land of lesser environmental value, where consistent with other policies in the Framework.	The Submission Neighbourhood Development Plan is fully consistent with this principle. The Plan provides a policy framework for the protection and enhancement of this highly sensitive rural landscape of the Golden Valley in Policy G1. This policy protects important local assets and encourages the preservation and enhancement of local habitats and wildlife and integrating landscaping schemes into the surrounding landscape. Policy G7 protects the rural environment and tranquillity while Policy G8 encourages lighting to be minimised so that it does not lead to light pollution that detracts from the area's dark skies. The Plan also restricts development in the open countryside / wider rural area around Ewyas Harold village through the identification of a settlement boundary. This should have a beneficial impact on the natural environment.
Planning should encourage the effective use of land by reusing land that has been previously developed (Brownfield land), provided that it is not of high environmental value.	The Submission Plan seeks to safeguard locally important open spaces from new development (Policy G10) and encourages new housing within the identified settlement boundary of Ewyas Harold in Policy EH1.

NPPF Core Planning Principle	Regard that the Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch Neighbourhood Development Plan has to guidance
	Policies EH2, K1 and AB1 all promote the use of brownfield land for new developments.
Planning should promote mixed-use developments, and encourage multiple benefits from the use of land in urban and rural areas, recognising that some open land can perform many functions (such as wildlife, recreation, flood risk mitigation,	The Submission Plan recognises that green infrastructure, including open spaces, can perform multiple functions including contribution to local character, enhancing the setting of heritage assets and providing opportunities for recreational activities (Policy G5).
carbon storage or food production).	Overall the Plan supports an approach which should provide a sustainable future for this rural community, providing policies which protect existing community facilities in the villages (Policies EH1, EH6 and K1), support a mix of new housing (Policy EH1 and K1) and rural businesses that do not have an adverse impact on the landscape (Policy G9), and which protect valued green spaces (Policy G7)
Planning should conserve heritage assets in a manner appropriate to their significance, so that they can be enjoyed for their contribution to the quality of life of this and future generations	The Submission Neighbourhood Development Plan is fully in line with this principle. Policy G1 protects and enhances designated and non-designated heritage assets while Policy G2 promotes high quality design across the area. Local policies such as Policies AB1, K1 and EH1 encourage good design appropriate to the local context.
Planning should actively manage patterns of growth to make the fullest possible use of public transport, walking and cycling, and	The Submission Neighbourhood Development Plan seeks to focus development in sustainable locations by promoting new housing development within the settlement boundary of Ewyas Harold (Policy

NPPF Core Planning Principle	Regard that the Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch Neighbourhood Development Plan has to guidance
focus significant development in locations which are or can be made sustainable	EH1) and by encouraging the provision of new and improved pedestrian routes (Policy G2).
Planning should take account of and support local strategies to improve health, social and cultural wellbeing for all, and deliver sufficient community and cultural services to meet local needs	<ul> <li>The Neighbourhood Development Plan is fully in accord with this principle.</li> <li>Policies in the Plan safeguard and seek to protect and improve the open countryside and rural landscape setting and promote walking and cycling.</li> <li>Policies also protect local community facilities in Ewyas Harold (Policy EH6 - Ewyas Harold Local Centre and Policy EH5 which identifies a site for a new primary school).</li> </ul>

## 3.2 b. Having Special Regard to the Desirability of Preserving any Listed Building or its Setting or any Features of Special Architectural or Historic Interest

There are 80 Listed Buildings and Scheduled Monuments in the Neighbourhood Development Plan area. Policies EH1 and K1 aim to protect and enhance these heritage assets and their settings.

[Note: this Basic Condition only applies to Neighbourhood Development Orders but has been included for the sake of completeness].

### 3.3 c. Having Special Regard to the Desirability of Preserving or Enhancing Character or Appearance of any Conservation Area

The Plan area has no Conservation Areas.

[Note: this Basic Condition only applies to Neighbourhood Development Orders but has been included for the sake of completeness].

### 3.4 d. Contributes to the Achievement of Sustainable Development

The Submission Neighbourhood Development Plan contributes strongly to the achievement of sustainable development.

Paragraphs 6-10 of the National Planning Policy Framework outline the Government's definition of sustainable development.

The UK Government's interpretation of the concept of sustainable development builds on that of the UN resolution 24/187, which is 'meeting the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs.'

The NPPF amplifies this simple definition, at paragraph 7, stating that sustainable development has three dimensions, economic, social and environmental. Planning needs to perform a number of roles in relation to these issues:

- "an economic role contributing to building a strong, responsive and competitive economy, by ensuring that sufficient land of the right type is available in the right places at the right time to support growth and innovation; and by identifying and coordinating development requirements, including the provision of infrastructure;
- a social role supporting strong, vibrant and healthy communities, by providing the supply of housing required to meet the needs of the present and future generations; and by creating a high quality built environment, with accessible local services that reflect the community's needs and support its health, social and cultural well- being; and
- an environmental role contributing to protecting and enhancing our natural, built and historic environment; and as part of this, helping to improve biodiversity, use natural resources prudently, minimise waste and pollution, and mitigate and adapt to climate change including moving to a low carbon economy."

In Paragraph 6, the NPPF states that "the policies in paragraphs 18-219, taken as a whole, constitute the Government's view of what sustainable development in England means in practice for the planning system".

Table 1 above gives a clear and comprehensive narrative of how the framework complies with the Core Planning Principles of the NPPF, and by corollary, the achievement of sustainable development.

Table 2 below summarises how the policies and allocations in the Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch Submission Plan contribute to the economic, social and environmental aspects of sustainable development.

Table 2Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch Submission Plan's contribution to the economic, social and<br/>environmental aspects of sustainable development.

Sustainable Development Role	Neighbourhood Development Plan's Contribution
Economic	The Submission Neighbourhood Development Plan seeks to support appropriate local economic development which is sensitive to the rural landscape and setting of the area, for example through supporting tourism, homeworking and rural enterprise.
Social	The plan protects local community facilities and recognises the role of the landscape and countryside in supporting health and wellbeing of local residents. The Plan also supports new market and local needs housing and a mix of tenures, types and sizes of houses.
Environmental	<ul> <li>The Submission Neighbourhood Development Plan sets out policies that protect local wildlife and biodiversity and protects rural landscapes, especially the high quality landscape and distinctive landscape of the Golden Valley.</li> <li>The Plan seeks to promote more sustainable transport patterns through improved accessibility and safer transport links and traffic management.</li> </ul>
	Policies seek to promote the local distinctiveness of the area, and recognise the significance of locally important natural and built heritage assets to local residents as an important aspect of the area's identity.

### **3.5** e. In General Conformity with Strategic Local Planning Policy

The Submission Neighbourhood Development Plan is in general conformity with strategic Local Plan policies contained in the Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy 2011 - 2031.

Table 3 below sets out the way that the Neighbourhood Development Plan conforms to the relevant strategic policies from the Core Strategy.

### Table 3 Conformity with Strategic Local Planning Policy

Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch NDP Policies	Relevant Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy Policies (HLPCS)	Assessment of "general conformity"
POLICY G1 – PROTECTING AND ENHANCING	Policy SS1 - Presumption in Favour of Sustainable	Policy G1 is in general
THE LANDSCAPE OF THE GOLDEN VALLEY	Development	conformity with HLPCS
	When considering development proposals Herefordshire	Policy SS1 in that it
To protect and enhance the valued	Council will take a positive approach that reflects the	seeks to protect and
landscape of the Golden Valley, where	presumption in favour of sustainable development	enhance the landscape
appropriate, development proposals will	contained within national policy. It will always work	of the Golden Valley in
have to demonstrate that:	proactively to find solutions which mean that proposals can	the Neighbourhood
	be approved wherever possible and to secure development	Development Plan area.
a. The character of the Golden Valley	that improves the social, economic and environmental	Sustainable
landscape has influenced the design,	conditions in Herefordshire.	development includes
scale, form and siting of the		social, economic and
development proposed;	Planning applications that accord with the policies in this	environmental roles.
b. They protect and enhance the	Core Strategy (and, where relevant with policies in other	The landscape in the
differing settings of the various	Development Plan Documents and Neighbourhood	Golden Valley is a
settlements in the Golden Valley;	Development Plans) will be approved, unless material	valued landscape and a
c. They protect and enhance any	considerations indicate otherwise.	key environmental asset
designated areas such as wildlife		in the neighbourhood
sites, listed buildings, and ancient	Where there are no policies relevant to the application or	area. Policy GP1 is in
monuments;	relevant policies are out of date at the time of making the	general conformity with

Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch NDP Policies		Relevant Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy Policies (HLPCS)	Assessment of "general conformity"
	They retain and enhance non- designated assets such as stone walls, ancient and veteran trees, wildlife sites and commons;	<ul><li>decision then the council will grant permission unless material considerations indicate otherwise - taking into account whether:</li><li>a) any adverse impacts of granting permission would</li></ul>	the presumption in favour of sustainable development in Policy SS1.
	They protect and enhance the natural environment, heritage and scenic beauty of the Golden Valley;	significantly and demonstrably outweigh the benefits, when assessed against the policies in national policy taken as a whole; or	Policy GP1 is in general conformity with HLPCS Policy SS6 that seeks to
T.	They incorporate appropriate landscaping schemes and future on- going management of such schemes to ensure the proposal integrates in	<ul> <li>b) specific elements of national policy indicate that development should be restricted.</li> <li>Policy SS6 – Environmental Quality and Local</li> </ul>	conserve and enhance environmental assets, including landscape.
g.	to the surrounding landscape; They maintain and extend native tree species, hedgerows, and other	<b>Distinctiveness</b> Development proposals should conserve and enhance those environmental assets that contribute towards the county's distinctiveness, in particular its settlement pattern,	The nine criteria in Policy GP1 provide specific local detail for
h.	important vegetation; They will not have an adverse impact on the environmental quality of the area's priority habitats and	landscape, biodiversity and heritage assets and especially those with specific environmental designations. In addition, proposals should maintain and improve the effectiveness of	the assessment of planning proposals that are in general conformity with
i.	ancient woodlands; and Proposals should conserve watercourses and riverside habitats. Where necessary, this should include management and mitigation measures for the improvement and	those ecosystems essential to the health and wellbeing of the county's residents and its economy. Development proposals should be shaped through an integrated approach to planning the following environmental components from the outset, and based upon sufficient information to determine the effect upon each where they are relevant:	environmental assets identified as contributing to the County's distinctiveness: setting of settlements; wildlife; built heritage
	enhancement of water quality and habitat.	<ul> <li>landscape, townscape and local distinctiveness, especially in Areas of Outstanding Natural Beauty;</li> </ul>	assets; green infrastructure and physical resources.

Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold	Relevant Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy Policies	Assessment of "general
Group and Kentchurch NDP Policies	(HLPCS)	conformity"
	<ul> <li>biodiversity and geodiversity especially Special Areas of Conservation and Sites of Special Scientific Interest;</li> <li>historic environment and heritage assets, especially Scheduled Monuments and Listed Buildings;</li> <li>the network of green infrastructure;</li> <li>local amenity, including light pollution, air quality and tranquility;</li> <li>agricultural and food productivity;</li> <li>physical resources, including minerals, soils, management of waste, the water environment, renewable energy and energy conservation.</li> </ul> Policy LD1 – Landscape and Townscape Development proposals should: <ul> <li>demonstrate that character of the landscape and townscape has positively influenced the design, scale, nature and site selection, protection and enhancement of the setting of settlements and designated areas;</li> <li>conserve and enhance the natural, historic and scenic beauty of important landscapes and features, including Areas of Outstanding Natural Beauty, nationally and locally designated parks and gardens and conservation areas; through the protection of the area's character and by enabling appropriate uses, design and management;</li></ul>	Policy GP1 is in general conformity with HLPCS Policy LD1 that seeks to manage development proposals impact on landscape and townscape. Criterion (a) is in general conformity with the first bullet point of LD1 that proposals should demonstrate that "character of the landscape and townscape has positively influenced the design", Policy GP1, including criterion (a) seeks to make this Golden Valley specific. Policy GP1 is also in general conformity with the conservation and enhancement of landscapes;

Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch NDP Policies	Relevant Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy Policies (HLPCS)	Assessment of "general conformity"
	<ul> <li>incorporate new landscape schemes and their management to ensure development integrates appropriately into its surroundings; and</li> <li>maintain and extend tree cover where important to amenity, through the retention of important trees, appropriate replacement of trees lost through development and new planting to support green infrastructure.</li> <li>Policy LD3 – Green infrastructure         Development proposals should protect, manage and plan for the preservation of existing and delivery of new green infrastructure, and should achieve the following objectives:         <ol> <li>identification and retention of existing green infrastructure corridors and linkages; including the protection of valued landscapes, trees, hedgerows, woodlands, water courses and adjoining flood plain;</li> <li>provision of on-site green infrastructure; in particular proposals will be supported where this enhances the network and</li></ol></li></ul>	incorporation of landscape schemes (criterion (f)); and maintenance and extension of tree cover (criterion (g)). Policy GP1 is in general conformity with HLPCS Policy LD3 in that is seeks to identify, conserve and enhance key green infrastructure in the Neighbourhood Development Plan area.
POLICY G2 – DESIGN	Policy SS1 - Presumption in Favour of Sustainable	Policy is in general
	Development	conformity with HLPCS
All new development in the area will be	When considering development proposals Herefordshire	Policy SS1 and the
expected to be of high quality design.	Council will take a positive approach that reflects the	presumption in favour
Proposals will be assessed against the	presumption in favour of sustainable development	of sustainable
following criteria:	contained within national policy. It will always work	development. Good

Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch NDP Policies		Relevant Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy Policies (HLPCS)	Assessment of "general conformity"
	Contribution to immunity and	proactively to find solutions which mean that proposals can	design is one of the
a.	Contribution to improving and enhancing the built heritage and	be approved wherever possible and to secure development that improves the social, economic and environmental	components of sustainable
	natural environment of the site and	conditions in Herefordshire.	development within the
	its surroundings;		NPPF.
h	The overall design of the proposal in	Planning applications that accord with the policies in this	
<b>D</b> .	terms of siting, scale, height,	Core Strategy (and, where relevant with policies in other	Policy GP2 is in general
	proportions, massing, orientation,	Development Plan Documents and Neighbourhood	conformity with HLPCS
	mix of uses, detailing, and materials;	Development Plans) will be approved, unless material	Policy SS6 in that it sets
C.	The development does not	considerations indicate otherwise.	criteria for assessment
•	adversely impact on existing natural		of planning proposals
	horizons, and has appropriate	Where there are no policies relevant to the application or	that take in: the
	regard to existing roof lines;	relevant policies are out of date at the time of making the	distinctive built
d.	The impact on the residential	decision then the council will grant permission unless	environment; natural
	amenity of existing and future	material considerations indicate otherwise - taking into	environment; local
	residents;	account whether:	amenity; and use of
e.	Sustainable construction and design	c) any adverse impacts of granting permission would	resources.
	that minimises the use of resources	significantly and demonstrably outweigh the	
	and emissions and uses recycled	benefits, when assessed against the policies in	Policy GP2 is in general
	materials, renewable energy and the	national policy taken as a whole; or	conformity with HLPCS
	natural treatment of waste water	d) specific elements of national policy indicate that	Policy LD1 in setting
	and the re-use of greywater,	development should be restricted.	local criteria for the
	wherever possible;		assessment of
f.		Policy SS6 – Environmental Quality and Local	proposals. Criterion (a)
	recycled natural stone tiles for	Distinctiveness	is in general conformity
	roofing and walling is encouraged;	Development proposals should conserve and enhance	with the overall aim of
		those environmental assets that contribute towards the	Policy LD1; (b) and (c)

Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold	Relevant Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy Policies	Assessment of "general
Group and Kentchurch NDP Policies	(HLPCS)	conformity"
<ul> <li>g. Use of suitable native species in any planting and inclusion of bird nest boxes and roosting opportunities for bats; and</li> <li>h. Access and highway safety, including the provision of new and improved pedestrian footpaths and footways, permissive pedestrian rights of way and cyclepaths, and provision of safe pedestrian road crossings where required.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>county's distinctiveness, in particular its settlement pattern, landscape, biodiversity and heritage assets and especially those with specific environmental designations. In addition, proposals should maintain and improve the effectiveness of those ecosystems essential to the health and wellbeing of the county's residents and its economy. Development proposals should be shaped through an integrated approach to planning the following environmental components from the outset, and based upon sufficient information to determine the effect upon each where they are relevant: <ul> <li>landscape, townscape and local distinctiveness, especially in Areas of Outstanding Natural Beauty;</li> <li>biodiversity and geodiversity especially Special Areas of Conservation and Sites of Special Scientific Interest;</li> <li>historic environment and heritage assets, especially Scheduled Monuments and Listed Buildings;</li> <li>the network of green infrastructure;</li> <li>local amenity, including light pollution, air quality and tranquillity;</li> <li>agricultural and food productivity;</li> <li>physical resources, including minerals, soils, management of waste, the water environment, renewable energy and energy conservation.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	provide local detail to help implement bullet point one of LD1; criterion (g) sets a local criterion to help meet the biodiversity aim of LD1. Criterion (a) of LD1 is in general conformity with HLPCS Policy LD4. Criterion (e) and (f) of Policy GP2 are in general conformity with HLPCS Policy SD1 in particular use of sustainable construction methods and sustainably sourced materials.

Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch NDP Policies	Relevant Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy Policies (HLPCS)	Assessment of "general conformity"
	<ul> <li>Development proposals should:</li> <li>demonstrate that character of the landscape and townscape has positively influenced the design, scale, nature and site selection, protection and enhancement of the setting of settlements and designated areas;</li> <li>conserve and enhance the natural, historic and scenic beauty of important landscapes and features, including Areas of Outstanding Natural Beauty, nationally and locally designated parks and gardens and conservation areas; through the protection of the area's character and by enabling appropriate uses, design and management;</li> <li>incorporate new landscape schemes and their management to ensure development integrates appropriately into its surroundings; and</li> <li>maintain and extend tree cover where important to amenity, through the retention of important trees, appropriate replacement of trees lost through development and new planting to support green infrastructure.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Policy LD4 – Historic Environment and Heritage Assets</li> <li>Development proposals affecting heritage assets and the wider historic environment should:</li> <li>1. protect, conserve and where possible enhance heritage assets and their settings, heritage assets and their settings in a manner appropriate to their significance through appropriate management, uses and sympathetic</li> </ul>	

Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch NDP Policies	Relevant Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy Policies (HLPCS)	Assessment of "general conformity"
	<ul> <li>design, in particular emphasising the original form and function where possible;</li> <li>2. the conservation and enhancement of heritage assets and their settings through appropriate management, uses and sympathetic design, where opportunities exist, contribute to the character and local distinctiveness of the townscape or wider environment, especially within conservation areas;</li> <li>3. use the retention, repair and sustainable use of heritage assets to provide a focus for wider regeneration schemes;</li> <li>4. record and advance the understanding of the significance of any heritage assets to be lost (wholly or in part) and to make this evidence or archive generated publicly accessible and.</li> <li>5. where appropriate, improve the understanding of and public access to the heritage asset.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>The scope of the works required to protect, conserve and enhance heritage assets and their settings should be proportionate to their significance. Development schemes should emphasise the original form and function of any asset and, where appropriate, improve the understanding of and public access to them.</li> <li>Policy SD1 – Sustainable Design and Energy Efficiency Development proposals should create safe, sustainable, well integrated environments for all members of the</li> </ul>	

Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch NDP Policies	Relevant Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy Policies (HLPCS)	Assessment of "general conformity"
	<ul> <li>community. In conjunction with this, all development proposals should incorporate the following requirements:</li> <li>ensure that proposals make efficient use of land - taking into account the local context and site characteristics,</li> <li>new buildings should be designed to maintain local distinctiveness through incorporating local architectural detailing and materials and respecting scale, height, proportions and massing of surrounding development, while making a positive contribution to the architectural diversity and character of the area including, where appropriate, through innovative design</li> <li>safeguard residential amenity for existing and proposed residents;</li> <li>ensure new development does not contribute to, or suffer from, adverse impacts arising from noise, light or air contamination, land instability or cause ground water pollution;</li> <li>where contaminated land is present, undertake appropriate remediation where it can be demonstrated that this will be effective</li> <li>ensure that distinctive features of existing buildings and their setting are safeguarded and where appropriate, restored;</li> <li>utilise physical sustainability measures that include, in particular, orientation of buildings, the provision of water conservation measures, storage for bicycles and waste including provision for recycling, and</li> </ul>	

Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch NDP Policies	Relevant Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy Policies (HLPCS)	Assessment of "general conformity"
	<ul> <li>enabling renewable energy and energy conservation infrastructure</li> <li>where possible, on-site renewable energy generation should also be incorporated</li> <li>create safe and accessible environments that minimise opportunities for crime and anti-social behaviour by incorporating Secured by Design principles, and consider the incorporation of fire safety measures, particularly</li> <li>ensuring designs can be easily adapted and accommodate new technologies to meet changing needs throughout the lifetime of the development; and</li> <li>utilise sustainable construction methods which minimise the use of non-renewable resources and maximise the use of recycled and sustainably sourced materials;</li> <li>All planning applications including material changes of use, will be expected to demonstrate how the above design and energy efficiency considerations have been factored into the proposal from the outset.</li> </ul>	
POLICY G3 – FLOODING	Policy SS1 - Presumption in Favour of Sustainable	Policy GP3 is in general
	Development	conformity with HLPCS
All new development is required to include	When considering development proposals Herefordshire	Policy SS1 in that it
adequate surface water drainage measures	Council will take a positive approach that reflects the	seeks to ensure new
(including Sustainable Drainage Systems) to	presumption in favour of sustainable development contained within national policy. It will always work	development includes solutions to address and

Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch NDP Policies	Relevant Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy Policies (HLPCS)	Assessment of "general conformity"
<ul> <li>protect existing and new development from flooding.</li> <li>Development should be designed to reduce the consequences of flooding and to facilitate recovery from the effects of flooding.</li> <li>All development of existing properties (including alterations) must demonstrate that surface water is diverted into suitable and adequate drainage systems and not sewers.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>proactively to find solutions which mean that proposals can be approved wherever possible and to secure development that improves the social, economic and environmental conditions in Herefordshire.</li> <li>Planning applications that accord with the policies in this Core Strategy (and, where relevant with policies in other Development Plan Documents and Neighbourhood Development Plans) will be approved, unless material considerations indicate otherwise.</li> <li>Where there are no policies relevant to the application or relevant policies are out of date at the time of making the decision then the council will grant permission unless material considerations indicate otherwise - taking into account whether: <ul> <li>any adverse impacts of granting permission would significantly and demonstrably outweigh the benefits, when assessed against the policies in national policy taken as a whole; or</li> </ul></li></ul>	surface water or flooding issues identified with a development. Policy GP2 is also in general conformity with HLPCS Policy SD3. Both policies seek the inclusion of measures to avoid or reduce the impact of flooding, both policies encourage use of SuDS. Policy GP3 seeks to maximise the potential separation of foul and surface water in general conformity with Policy
	<ul> <li>f) specific elements of national policy indicate that development should be restricted.</li> <li>Policy SD3 – Sustainable Water Management and Water Resources</li> <li>Measures for sustainable water management will be required to be an integral element of new development in</li> </ul>	SD3 criterion 7 of the HLPCS.

Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch NDP Policies	Relevant Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy Policies (HLPCS)	Assessment of "general conformity"
	<ul> <li>order to reduce flood risk; to avoid an adverse impact on water quantity; to protect and enhance groundwater resources and to provide opportunities to enhance biodiversity, health and recreation. This will be achieved by ensuring that:</li> <li>1. development proposals are located in accordance with the Sequential Test and Exception Tests (where appropriate) and have regard to the <i>Strategic Flood Risk Assessment (SFRA) 2009</i> for Herefordshire;</li> <li>2. development is designed to be safe taking into account the lifetime of the development, and the need to adapt to climate change by setting appropriate floor levels, providing safe pedestrian and vehicular access, where appropriate, implementing a flood evacuation management plan and avoiding areas identified as being subject to Rapid Inundation from a breach of a Flood Defence;</li> <li>3. where flooding is identified as an issue, new development should reduce flood risk through the inclusion of flood storage compensation measures, or provide similar betterment to enhance the local flood risk regime;</li> <li>4. development will not result in the loss of open watercourse, and culverts should be opened up where possible to improve drainage and flood flows. Proposals involving the creation of new culverts (unless essential to the provision of access) will not be permitted;</li> <li>5. development includes appropriate sustainable drainage systems (SuDS) to manage surface water appropriate to the</li> </ul>	

hydrological setting of the site. Development should not result in an increase in runoff and should aim to achieve a reduction in the existing runoff rate and volumes, where possible; 6. water conservation and efficiency measures are included in all new developments, specifically: • residential development should achieve Housing - Optional Technical Standards - Water efficiency. At the time of adoption, the published	Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch NDP Policies	Relevant Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy Policies (HLPCS)	Assessment of "general conformity"
<ul> <li>water efficiency standards were 110 litres/person/day; or</li> <li>non-residential developments in excess of 1,000 sq.m gross floorspace to achieve the equivalent of BREEAM 3 credits for water consumption as a minimum;</li> <li>7. the separation of foul and surface water on new developments is maximised;</li> <li>8. development proposals do not lead to deterioration of EU Water Framework Directive water body status;</li> <li>9. development should not cause an unacceptable risk to the availability or quality of water resources; and</li> <li>10. in particular, proposals do not adversely affect water quality, either directly through unacceptable pollution of surface water or groundwater, or indirectly through overloading of Wastewater Treatment Works.</li> </ul>		result in an increase in runoff and should aim to achieve a reduction in the existing runoff rate and volumes, where possible; 6. water conservation and efficiency measures are included in all new developments, specifically: • residential development should achieve Housing - Optional Technical Standards - Water efficiency. At the time of adoption, the published water efficiency standards were 110 litres/person/day; or • non-residential developments in excess of 1,000 sq.m gross floorspace to achieve the equivalent of BREEAM 3 credits for water consumption as a minimum; 7. the separation of foul and surface water on new developments is maximised; 8. development proposals do not lead to deterioration of EU Water Framework Directive water body status; 9. development should not cause an unacceptable risk to the availability or quality of water resources; and 10. in particular, proposals do not adversely affect water quality, either directly through unacceptable pollution of surface water or groundwater, or indirectly through	

Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch NDP Policies	Relevant Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy Policies (HLPCS)	Assessment of "general conformity"
	Development proposals should help to conserve and enhance watercourses and riverside habitats, where necessary through management and mitigation measures for the improvement and/or enhancement of water quality and habitat of the aquatic environment. Proposals which are specifically aimed at the sustainable management of the water environment will in particular be encouraged, including where they are required to support business needs such as for agriculture. Innovative measures such as water harvesting, winter water storage and active land use management will also be supported. In all instances it should be demonstrated that there will be no significant adverse lands ape, biodiversity or visual impact.	
POLICY G4 – TOURISM	Policy E4 – Tourism	Policy GP4 is in general
	Herefordshire will be promoted as a destination for quality	conformity with HLPCS
Proposals for new tourism development or	leisure visits and sustainable tourism by utilising, conserving	Policy E4 and provides
to improve and enhance existing tourist	and enhancing the county's unique environmental and	more detailed local
facilities will be supported when:	heritage assets and by recognising the intrinsic character and beauty of the countryside. In particular, the tourist	policy on tourism development. Both
a. They are appropriate within the	industry will be supported by a number of measures	policies support tourism.
local landscape setting;	including:	More specifically:
b. They do not have a significant	1. recognising the unique historic character of	inere op conteany!
adverse impact on the landscape,	Hereford and the market towns as key visitor	Policy G4 identifies in
tranquility or views within the wider	attractions and as locations to focus the provision of	criterion (a) and (b) the
Golden Valley;	new larger scale tourist development;	landscape setting, views

Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold	Relevant Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy Policies	Assessment of "general
Group and Kentchurch NDP Policies	(HLPCS)	conformity"
<ul> <li>c. They do not lead to road safety, traffic congestion or car parking problems; and</li> <li>d. They do not have a significant adverse impact on residential amenity.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>the development of sustainable tourism opportunities, capitalising on assets such as the county's landscape, rivers, other waterways and attractive rural settlements, where there is no detrimental impact on the county's varied natural and heritage assets or on the overall character and quality of the environment. Particular regard will be had to conserving the landscape and scenic beauty in the Areas of Outstanding Natural Beauty;</li> <li>retaining and enhancing existing, and encouraging new, accommodation and attractions throughout the county, which will help to diversify the tourist provision, extend the tourist season and increase the number of visitors staying overnight. In particular proposals for new hotels will be encouraged. Applicants will be encouraged to provide a 'Hotel Needs Assessment' for any applications for new hotels;</li> <li>ensuring that cycling, walking and heritage tourism is encouraged by facilitating the development of long distance walking and cycling routes, food and drink trails and heritage trails, including improvements to public rights of way, whilst having special regard for the visual amenity of such routes and trails, and for the setting of heritage assets in their vicinity; and</li> </ol>	and tranquillity as key assets that should be protected, this is in line with the approach in Policy E4 (2) that seeks to conserve the landscape and ensure there is no detrimental impact on character and quality of environment. Also identified in Policy GP4 as being essential in this regard are road safety, traffic congestion, car parking and issues of residential amenity. These latter criteria (c) and (d) are locally identified as important and are in general conformity with HLPCS Policy E4.

Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch NDP Policies	Relevant Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy Policies (HLPCS)	Assessment of "general conformity"
	5. the safeguarding of the historic route of the Herefordshire and Gloucestershire Canal (shown on the Policies Map), together with its infrastructure, buildings, towpath and features. Where the original alignment cannot be re-established, a corridor allowing for deviations will be safeguarded. New developments within or immediately adjoining the safeguarded corridor will be required to incorporate land for canal restoration. Development not connected with the canal that would prevent or prejudice the restoration of a continuous route will not be permitted.	
POLICY G5 – GOLDEN VALLEY GREEN	Policy LD3 – Green infrastructure	Policy GP5 is in general
INFRASTRUCTURE	Development proposals should protect, manage and plan	conformity with HLPCS
	for the preservation of existing and delivery of new green	Policy LD3.
Development proposals should protect,	infrastructure, and should achieve the following objectives:	
enhance and introduce new Green	1. identification and retention of existing green	Both policies seek to
Infrastructure (open spaces, tracks,	infrastructure corridors and linkages; including the	protect and introduce
woodlands, streams, rivers and other water	protection of valued landscapes, trees, hedgerows,	new green
features) by:	woodlands, water courses and adjoining flood plain;	infrastructure. In seeking to do this Policy G5
a. Retaining existing open spaces,	2. provision of on-site green infrastructure; in	identifies 3 local criteria
trees, hedgerows, woodlands, water	particular proposals will be supported where this	that should be
courses, parks and gardens;	enhances the network and	considered by applicants
b. Providing on site new Green	3. integration with, and connection to, the	and in the assessment of
Infrastructure, including priority	surrounding green infrastructure network.	planning proposals. All
habitat where possible; and		of these are in general
c. By making links and connections to		conformity with Policy
the surrounding network of Green		LD3.

	re and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Id Kentchurch NDP Policies	Relevant Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy Policies (HLPCS)	Assessment of "general conformity"
wi ne	frastructure and contributing, herever possible, to the overall etwork of Green Infrastructure in he Golden Valley.		
POLICY G	6 – HIGHWAYS AND TRANSPORT	Policy SS4 – Movement and Transportation (relevant extract)	Policy GP6 is in general conformity with the aim
include a their imp	levelopment proposals should ppropriate measures to minimise pact on the Neighbourhood ment Plan Area by including:	New developments should be designed and located to minimise the impacts on the transport network; ensuring that journey times and the efficient and safe operation of the network are not detrimentally impacted. Furthermore, where practicable development proposals should be	of HLPCS Policy SS4 which is to minimise the impacts on the transport network.
b. M c. Of us pa ap ca sit lan d. Ac th	afe and suitable access; leasures to reduce road speeds; ff-road car parking that avoids the se of large areas of hardstandings, articularly using materials more opropriate to urban locations. All ar parking should be appropriately ted and screened within the ndscape; and ccess to public transport including the creation of permissive footpaths o bus stops, where appropriate.	<ul> <li>where practicable, development proposals should be accessible by and facilitate a genuine choice of modes of travel including walking, cycling and public transport.</li> <li>Development proposals that will generate high journey numbers should be in sustainable locations, accessible by means other than private car. Alternatively, such developments will be required to demonstrate that they can be made sustainable by reducing unsustainable transport patterns and promoting travel by walking, cycling and public transport.</li> <li>Proposals to provide new and improved existing public transport, walking and cycling infrastructure will be supported. Where appropriate, land and routes will be safeguarded as required in future local or neighbourhood</li> </ul>	Policy G6 applies a neighbourhood area specific set of criteria to help achieve this. In particular criterion (d) of Policy G6 seeks to improve access to public transport in line with SS4. Policy GP6 is also in general conformity with HLPCS Policy MT1 and adds additional guidance to secure

Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch NDP Policies	Relevant Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy Policies (HLPCS)	Assessment of "general conformity"
	development plans and developer contributions which meet the statutory tests, sought to assist with the delivery of new sustainable transport infrastructure, including that required for alternative energy cars.	locally appropriate off- road car parking.
	<ul> <li>Policy MT1 – Traffic Management, Highway Safety and Promoting Active Travel</li> <li>Development proposals should incorporate the following principle requirements covering movement and transportation: <ol> <li>demonstrate that the strategic and local highway network can absorb the traffic impacts of the development without adversely affecting the safe and efficient flow of traffic on the network or that traffic impacts can be managed to acceptable levels to reduce and mitigate any adverse impacts from the development;</li> <li>promote and, where possible, incorporate integrated transport connections and supporting infrastructure (depending on the nature and location of the site), including access to services by means other than private motorised transport;</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	
	use of travel plans and other promotional and awareness raising activities;	

Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch NDP Policies	Relevant Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy Policies (HLPCS)	Assessment of "general conformity"
	<ul> <li>4. ensure that developments are designed and laid out to achieve safe entrance and exit, have appropriate operational and manoeuvring space, accommodate provision for all modes of transport, the needs of people with disabilities and provide safe access for the emergency services;</li> <li>5. protect existing local and long distance footways, cycleways and bridleways unless an alternative route of at least equal utility value can be used, and facilitate improvements to existing or provide new connections to these routes, especially where such schemes have been identified in the Local Transport Plan and/or Infrastructure Delivery Plan; and</li> <li>6. have regard to both the council's Highways Development Design Guide and cycle and vehicle parking standards as prescribed in the Local Transport Plan having regard to the location of the site and need to promote sustainable travel choices.</li> <li>Where traffic management measures are introduced they should be designed in a way which respects the character of the surrounding area including its landscape character. Where appropriate, the principle of shared spaces will be encouraged.</li> </ul>	
POLICY G7 – RURAL ENVIRONMENT AND	Policy SS6 – Environmental Quality and Local	Policy GP7 is in general
TRANQUILITY	Distinctiveness	conformity with HLPCS
		Policy SS6. Policy GP7

Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch NDP Policies	Relevant Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy Policies (HLPCS)	Assessment of "general conformity"
To protect the integrity of the rural environment and the tranquility of the Golden Valley development proposals will be supported when they do not give rise to significant adverse impacts on these resources. The following criteria will be used to assess proposals:	Development proposals should conserve and enhance those environmental assets that contribute towards the county's distinctiveness, in particular its settlement pattern, landscape, biodiversity and heritage assets and especially those with specific environmental designations. In addition, proposals should maintain and improve the effectiveness of those ecosystems essential to the health and wellbeing of the county's residents and its economy. Development	identifies the key environmental assets in this part of the Golden Valley. The assets that make this neighbourhood area distinctive and are central to retaining its
<ul> <li>a. The use, nature, scale, type of activity and opening hours (where appropriate) of any proposal.</li> <li>b. For business and tourism proposals a Noise Impact Assessment will be required with any planning application, and may be required, in certain circumstances, for other forms of development; and</li> <li>c. The inclusion of suitable mitigation measures to reduce to a minimum any significant adverse impact. Such measures will be conditioned where necessary.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>proposals should be shaped through an integrated approach to planning the following environmental components from the outset, and based upon sufficient information to determine the effect upon each where they are relevant: <ul> <li>landscape, townscape and local distinctiveness, especially in Areas of Outstanding Natural Beauty;</li> <li>biodiversity and geodiversity especially Special Areas of Conservation and Sites of Special Scientific Interest;</li> <li>historic environment and heritage assets, especially Scheduled Monuments and Listed Buildings;</li> <li>the network of green infrastructure;</li> <li>local amenity, including light pollution, air quality and tranquillity;</li> <li>agricultural and food productivity;</li> <li>physical resources, including minerals, soils, management of waste, the water environment, renewable energy and energy conservation</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	environmental quality. Policy SS6 specifically identifies tranquillity and Policy GP6 provides detailed policy to ensure that this is retained.

Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch NDP Policies	Relevant Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy Policies (HLPCS)	Assessment of "general conformity"
	<ul> <li>(HLPCS)</li> <li>Policy SS6 – Environmental Quality and Local Distinctiveness</li> <li>Development proposals should conserve and enhance those environmental assets that contribute towards the county's distinctiveness, in particular its settlement pattern, landscape, biodiversity and heritage assets and especially those with specific environmental designations. In addition, proposals should maintain and improve the effectiveness of those ecosystems essential to the health and wellbeing of the county's residents and its economy. Development proposals should be shaped through an integrated approach to planning the following environmental components from the outset, and based upon sufficient information to determine the effect upon each where they are relevant:         <ul> <li>landscape, townscape and local distinctiveness, especially in Areas of Outstanding Natural Beauty;</li> <li>biodiversity and geodiversity especially Special Areas of Conservation and Sites of Special Scientific Interest;</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	conformity" Policy GP8 is also in general conformity with HLPCS Policy SS6. Policy GP8 identifies the dark skies in the neighbourhood area as a key environmental asset in this part of the Golden Valley. The assets that make this neighbourhood area distinctive and are central to retaining its environmental quality. Policy SS6 specifically identifies light pollution and Policy GP6 provides detailed policy to ensure that this is minimised and the area's dark skies
	<ul> <li>historic environment and heritage assets, especially Scheduled Monuments and Listed Buildings;</li> <li>the network of green infrastructure;</li> <li>local amenity, including light pollution, air quality and tranquillity;</li> </ul>	retained.

Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch NDP Policies	Relevant Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy Policies (HLPCS)	Assessment of "general conformity"
	<ul> <li>agricultural and food productivity;</li> <li>physical resources, including minerals, soils, management of waste, the water environment, renewable energy and energy conservation.</li> </ul>	
POLICY G9 – RURAL BUSINESSES AND	Policy RA5 – Re-use of Rural Buildings	Policy GP9 seeks to
HOMEWORKING	The sustainable re-use of individual and groups of	support proposals for
	redundant or disused buildings, including farmsteads in	new rural business and
Proposals for new rural businesses and	rural areas, which will make a positive contribution to rural	homeworking.
homeworking will be encouraged when	businesses and enterprise and support the local economy	
they meet the following criteria:	(including live work units) or which otherwise contributes to or is essential to the social well-being of the countryside,	This approach is in general conformity with
a. They do not have a significant	will be permitted where:	Policy RA5 of the of the
adverse impact on residential	1. design proposals respect the character and significance	HLPCS that encourages
amenity; b. They do not have an adverse impact	of any redundant or disused building and demonstrate that it represents the most viable option for the long term	re-use of rural buildings and Policies RA6 and
on the landscape, tranquility or	conservation and enhancement of any heritage asset	MT1 that support the
Green Infrastructure network of the	affected, together with its setting;	growth of rural business
Golden Valley; and	2. design proposals make adequate provision for protected	and seek to manage
c. They include suitable access and car	and priority species and associated habitats;	traffic and transport.
parking.	3. the proposal is compatible with neighbouring uses,	
	including any continued agricultural operations and does	
	not cause undue environmental impacts and;	
	4. the buildings are of permanent and substantial	
	construction capable of conversion without major or	
	complete reconstruction; and	
	5. the building is capable of accommodating the proposed	
	new use without the need for substantial alteration or	

Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch NDP Policies	Relevant Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy Policies (HLPCS)	Assessment of "general conformity"
	extension, ancillary buildings, areas of hard standing or development which individually or taken together would adversely affect the character or appearance of the building or have a detrimental impact on its surroundings and landscape setting.	
	Any planning permissions granted pursuant to this policy will be subject to a condition removing permitted development rights for future alterations, extensions and other developments.	
	<ul> <li>Policy RA6 - Rural Economy</li> <li>Employment generating proposals which help diversify the rural economy such as knowledge based creative industries, environmental technologies, business diversification projects and home working will be supported. A range of economic activities will be supported, including proposals which: <ul> <li>support and strengthen local food and drink production;</li> <li>support and/or protect the vitality and viability of commercial facilities of an appropriate type and scale in rural areas, such as village shops, petrol filling stations, garden centres and public houses;</li> <li>involve the small scale extension of existing businesses;</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	

Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch NDP Policies	Relevant Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy Policies (HLPCS)	Assessment of "general conformity"
	<ul> <li>promote sustainable tourism proposals of an appropriate scale in accordance with Policy E4 - Tourism;</li> <li>promote the sustainable use of the natural and historic environment as an asset which is valued, conserved and enhanced;</li> <li>support the retention of existing military sites;</li> <li>support the retention and/ or diversification of existing agricultural businesses;</li> <li>Planning applications which are submitted in order to diversify the rural economy will be permitted where they;</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>ensure that the development is of a scale which would be commensurate with its location and setting;</li> <li>do not cause unacceptable adverse impacts to the amenity of nearby residents by virtue of design and mass, noise and dust, lighting and smell;</li> <li>do not generate traffic movements that cannot safely be accommodated within the local road network and</li> <li>do not undermine the achievement of water quality targets in accordance with Policies SD3 and SD4.</li> </ul>	
	Policy MT1 – Traffic Management, Highway Safety and Promoting Active Travel	
Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold	Relevant Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy Policies	Assessment of "general
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Group and Kentchurch NDP Policies	(HLPCS)	conformity"
	<ul> <li>Development proposals should incorporate the following principle requirements covering movement and transportation:</li> <li>1. demonstrate that the strategic and local highway network can absorb the traffic impacts of the development without adversely affecting the safe and efficient flow of traffic on the network or that traffic impacts can be managed to acceptable levels to reduce and mitigate any adverse impacts from the development;</li> <li>2. promote and, where possible, incorporate integrated transport connections and supporting infrastructure (depending on the nature and location of the site), including access to services by means other than private motorised transport;</li> <li>3. encourage active travel behaviour to reduce numbers of short distance car journeys through the use of travel plans and other promotional and awareness raising activities;</li> <li>4. ensure that developments are designed and laid out to achieve safe entrance and exit, have appropriate operational and manoeuvring space, accommodate provision for all modes of transport, the needs of people with disabilities and provide safe access for the emergency services;</li> <li>5. protect existing local and long distance footways, cycleways and bridleways unless an alternative</li> </ul>	

Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch NDP Policies	Relevant Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy Policies (HLPCS)	Assessment of "general conformity"
	route of at least equal utility value can be used, and facilitate improvements to existing or provide new connections to these routes, especially where such schemes have been identified in the Local Transport Plan and/or Infrastructure Delivery Plan; and 6. have regard to both the council's Highways Development Design Guide and cycle and vehicle parking standards as prescribed in the Local Transport Plan having regard to the location of the site and need to promote sustainable travel choices. Where traffic management measures are introduced they should be designed in a way which respects the character of	
	the surrounding area including its landscape character. Where appropriate, the principle of shared spaces will be	
	encouraged.	
POLICY G10 – LOCAL GREEN SPACES	Policy SS6 – Environmental Quality and Local	The HLPCS, as a strategic
	Distinctiveness	plan does not have a
The Local Green Spaces designated below	Development proposals should conserve and enhance	specific policy on local
and shown on the Ewyas Harold Policies	those environmental assets that contribute towards the	green spaces. Nor does
Map, Figure 9, will be protected.	county's distinctiveness, in particular its settlement pattern,	the HLPCS mention
Development for uses considered	landscape, biodiversity and heritage assets and especially	designated local green
inappropriate in the NPPF for such Local	those with specific environmental designations. In addition,	spaces as a criterion in
Green Spaces will only be supported in very	proposals should maintain and improve the effectiveness of	any policy. Designated
special circumstances, that is when the	those ecosystems essential to the health and wellbeing of	local green spaces is a
harm to the local green space and any other	the county's residents and its economy. Development	national designation.
	proposals should be shaped through an integrated	

Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch NDP Policies	Relevant Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy Policies (HLPCS)	Assessment of "general conformity"
harm is clearly outweighed by other considerations. G10/1 – Recreation Ground, Ewyas Harold G10/2 – Horsecroft, Ewyas Harold G10/3 – Island Field, Ewyas Harold G10/4 – Oakbrook Close, Ewyas Harold, G10/5 - Elmdale, Ewyas Harold	<ul> <li>approach to planning the following environmental components from the outset, and based upon sufficient information to determine the effect upon each where they are relevant: <ul> <li>landscape, townscape and local distinctiveness, especially in Areas of Outstanding Natural Beauty;</li> <li>biodiversity and geodiversity especially Special Areas of Conservation and Sites of Special Scientific Interest;</li> <li>historic environment and heritage assets, especially Scheduled Monuments and Listed Buildings;</li> <li>the network of green infrastructure;</li> <li>local amenity, including light pollution, air quality and tranquillity;</li> <li>agricultural and food productivity;</li> <li>physical resources, including minerals, soils, management of waste, the water environment, renewable energy and energy conservation.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	However, Policy GP10 raises no issues of general conformity and Policy SS6 of the HLPCS seeks to protect the network of green infrastructure of which the designated local green spaces are key components.
POLICY G11 – COMMUNITY INFRASTRUCTURE LEVY	<b>Policy ID1- Infrastructure Delivery</b> Provision for new and/or the enhancement of existing infrastructure, services and facilities to support	Policy GP11 is in general conformity with the approach set out in
Community Infrastructure Levy (CIL) made available to the Parish Councils will be used by the Parish Councils in accordance with the Community Infrastructure Levy Regulations.	development and sustainable communities, will be achieved through a co-ordinated approach. Where necessary, in addition to planning conditions for essential on-site design requirements and critical infrastructure, developer contributions towards strategic	HLPCS Policy ID1 and provides local detail on how CIL priorities will be identified.

Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch NDP Policies	Relevant Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy Policies (HLPCS)	Assessment of "general conformity"	
The Parish Councils will use their existing decision-making structures to ensure that local people are involved in identifying projects and establishing priorities. In Ewyas Harold, this will be the Ewyas Harold Group Parish Council Action Plan. In all cases, priorities will be reviewed annually. Where proposed projects cross parish boundaries, the relevant parishes will consult local people jointly.	infrastructure through s106 agreements and/or a future Community Infrastructure Levy (CIL), will be secured in accordance with national planning policies and other relevant legislation.		
POLICY AB1 – NEW HOUSING DEVELOPMENT IN ABBEYDORE AND BACTON VILLAGES	<b>Policy RA1 – Rural Housing Distribution Strategy</b> In Herefordshire's rural areas a minimum of 5,300 new dwellings will be provided between 2011 and 2031 to contribute to the county's housing needs. The development	Policy AB1 sets planning policy in relation to housing development for the villages of	
New housing to meet local needs will be supported within the villages of Abbeydore and Bacton when it is appropriate and proportionate to the size, role and function of the existing villages. To ensure this is	of rural housing will contribute towards the wider regeneration of the rural economy. New dwellings will be broadly distributed across the county's rural areas on the basis of seven Housing Markets	Abbeydore and Bacton. Both are identified in Figure 4.15 as other settlements where proportionate housing is	
a. Be within or immediately adjacent	Areas (HMA) and, as illustrated in Figure 4.13, this acknowledges that different areas of Herefordshire have different future housing needs and requirements.	Policy AB1 is in general conformity with HLPCS	
to the existing built-up area of the villages;	The 5,300 dwellings will be delivered throughout the rural HMAs as set out in the table below. The indicative housing	Policy RA1 and seeks to support this high level	

-	dore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold and Kentchurch NDP Policies	Relevant Herefordsh (HLPCS)	ire Local Plan (	Core Strategy Policies	Assessment of "general conformity"
b.	Be a small-scale development of 1			HMAs will be used as a	strategic policy and the
	and 2 homes;		-	ourhood development	overall indicative
c.	Cumulatively such development	• •		ce and environmental	housing target set for
	does not lead to the erosion of the		mine the a	appropriate scale of	_
	villages existing character and setting;	development.			RHMA.
d.	Re-use previously developed land,	RURAL HMA	Approxin	nate Housing	Policy AB1 then sets
	where possible;		number	ofgrowth	detailed local policy for
e.	They enhance the character of the		dwellings	target (%)	Abbeydore and Bacton
	area;		2011 - 203	31	villages in terms of how
f.	Do not lead to isolated homes,	Bromyard	364	15	that housing growth
	detached from the main village in	Golden Valley	304	12	should be managed by
	the open countryside;	Hereford	1870	18	identifying a set of
g.	They are of good, sustainable design	Kington	317	12	locally defined and
	appropriate to its local context; and	Ledbury	565	14	appropriate criteria.
h.	They protect and enhance the	Leominster	730	14	These are consistent and
	surrounding environment and rural	Ross on Wye	1150	14	in general conformity
	landscape.				with the approach set
			5300		out in HLPCS Policy RA2
					that sets more detailed
		Policy RA2 – Housing	in Settlement	s outside Hereford and	strategic policy for rural
		the Market Towns.	settlements and for the		
		To maintain and stren	gthen locally s	ustainable communities	smaller settlements,
		across the rural parts	of Herefordsh	ire, sustainable housing	including Abbeydore and
		-		or adjacent to those	Bacton this will be
			0	.14 and 4.15. This will	expected "to
		enable development	that has the al	bility to bolster existing	demonstrate particular

Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch NDP Policies	Relevant Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy Policies (HLPCS)	Assessment of "general conformity"
	service provision, improve facilities and infrastructure and meet the needs of the communities concerned.	attention to the form, layout, character and setting of the site and its
	The minimum growth target in each rural Housing Market Area will be used to inform the level of housing development to be delivered in the various settlements set out in Figures 4.14 and 4.15. Neighbourhood Development Plans will allocate land for new housing or otherwise demonstrate delivery to provide levels of housing to meet the various targets, by indicating levels of suitable and available capacity.	location in that settlement and/or they result in development that contributes to or is essential to the social well-being of the settlement concerned". Criterion (a) to (h) in Policy AB1 will be used
	<ul> <li>Housing proposals will be permitted where the following criteria are met:</li> <li>1. Their design and layout should reflect the size, role and function of each settlement and be located within or adjacent to the main built up area. In relation to smaller settlements identified in fig 4.15 proposals will be expected to demonstrate particular attention to the form, layout, character and setting of the site and its location in that settlement and/or they result in development that contributes to or is essential to the social well-being of the settlement concerned;</li> <li>2. Their locations make best and full use of suitable brownfield sites wherever possible;</li> <li>3. They result in the development of high quality, sustainable schemes which are appropriate to their context</li> </ul>	to assess planning applications and help to ensure this strategic policy objective is met.

Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch NDP Policies	Relevant Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy Policies (HLPCS)	Assessment of "general conformity"
	and make a positive contribution to the surrounding environment and its landscape setting; and 4. They result in the delivery of schemes that generate the size, type, tenure and range of housing that is required in particular settlements, reflecting local demand.	
	Specific proposals for the delivery of local need housing will be particularly supported where they meet an identified need and their long-term retention as local needs housing is secured as such.	
	Figure 4.14: The settlements which will be are the main focus of proportionate housing development: HMA – Golden Valley Ewyas Harold	
	HMA – Ross on Wye Pontrilas	
	Figure 4.15: Other settlements where proportionate housing is appropriate: HMA – Golden Valley Abbeydore Bacton	
POLICY EH1 – HOUSING IN THE VILLAGE OF EWYAS HAROLD	Policy RA1 – Rural Housing Distribution Strategy In Herefordshire's rural areas a minimum of 5,300 new dwellings will be provided between 2011 and 2031 to	Policy EH1 sets planning policy in relation to housing development

-	dore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold and Kentchurch NDP Policies	Relevant Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy Policies (HLPCS)			Assessment of "general conformity"
					6 xi xii 6 <del>-</del>
	n the defined settlement boundary for	contribute to the county	-	•	for the village of Ewyas
-	Harold village, see the Ewyas Policies	of rural housing will		towards the wider	Harold. Ewyas Harold is
	Figure 9), new housing development	regeneration of the rura	ll economy.		identified in Figure 4.14
propo	sals will be supported when they:	<b>.</b>			as main focus of
		New dwellings will be	•		proportionate housing
а.	Re-use previously developed land,	county's rural areas on		-	development.
	where possible;	Areas (HMA) and, as		-	
b.	Are appropriate to the size, role and	acknowledges that diff			Policy EH1 is in general
	function of the village;	different future housing	needs and rec	uirements.	conformity with HLPCS
с.	Provide a range and mix of house				Policy RA1 and seeks to
	sizes, types and tenures;	The 5,300 dwellings wil		-	support this high level
d.	Enhance the character of the area,	HMAs as set out in the		0	strategic policy and the
	by being in accordance with the	growth targets in each			overall indicative
	design policy in this plan, and taking	basis for the productio	•	•	housing target set for
	account of guidance in the Ewyas	plans in the county. L			the Golden Valley
	Harold Village Design Statement;		ne the app	ropriate scale of	RHMA.
e.	Do not increase traffic congestion,	development.			
	encourage on-street parking, or		_	_	Policy EH1 then sets
-	jeopardize road safety.	RURAL HMA	Approximat	•	detailed local policy for
f.	Do not lead to the loss, damage or			ofgrowth	Ewyas Harold village in
	detriment of existing community		dwellings	target (%)	terms of how that
	facilities, Local Green Space or		2011 - 2031		housing growth should
	assets on the National Heritage List	Bromyard	364	15	be managed by
	for England and Herefordshire	Golden Valley	304	12	identifying a settlement
	Council's Monuments Record;	Hereford	1870	18	boundary and a detailed
		Kington	317	12	set of locally defined and
		Ledbury	565	14	appropriate criteria.

Abbey	dore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold	Relevant Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy Policies			Assessment of "general
Group	and Kentchurch NDP Policies	(HLPCS)			conformity"
g.	Do not lead to the loss of local	Leominster	730	14	These criteria are
	employment opportunities,	Ross on Wye	1150	14	consistent, and in
	including tourism;				general conformity with,
h.	Are not at significant risk of flooding		5300		the approach set out in
	and they can demonstrate they will				HLPCS Policy RA2 that
	not increase the risk of flooding				sets more detailed
	elsewhere; and		-	s outside Hereford and	strategic policy for rural
i.	Where applicable, they provide	the Market Towns.			settlements, including
	appropriate affordable housing			ustainable communities	Ewyas Harold and the
	when assessed against Core Strategy	across the rural par	ts of Herefordsh	ire, sustainable housing	other settlements that
	Policy H1.	growth will be	supported in c	or adjacent to those	should be the main focus
		settlements identif	ied in Figures 4	.14 and 4.15. This will	for proportionate
Propos	sals for development beyond the	enable development that has the ability to bolster existing			housing development.
settler	ment boundary will only be supported	service provision, i	mprove facilities	and infrastructure and	The policy sets a defined
when:		meet the needs of	the communities	concerned.	settlement boundary for
					Ewyas Harold and the
ј.	They adjoin the settlement	The minimum grov	wth target in eac	h rural Housing Market	background and
	boundary;	Area will be use	ed to inform	the level of housing	justification
k.	They can easily be integrated into	development to be	delivered in the	various settlements set	demonstrates delivery
	the wider village and rural	out in Figures 4.14	and 4.15. Neight	bourhood Development	to meet the indicative
	environment;	Plans will allocate	land for new	housing or otherwise	housing target.
Ι.	There are no alternative previously	demonstrate delivery to provide levels of housing to meet			
	developed land sites within the	the various targets, by indicating levels of suitable and			
	settlement boundary; and	available capacity.	. 0		
m.	They also meet criteria b to i above.	. ,			
	-	• · ·	will be permitte	ed where the following	
		criteria are met:			

Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch NDP Policies	Relevant Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy Policies (HLPCS)	Assessment of "general conformity"
	<ol> <li>Their design and layout should reflect the size, role and function of each settlement and be located within or adjacent to the main built up area. In relation to smaller settlements identified in fig 4.15 proposals will be expected to demonstrate particular attention to the form, layout, character and setting of the site and its location in that settlement and/or they result in development that contributes to or is essential to the social well-being of the settlement concerned;</li> <li>Their locations make best and full use of suitable brownfield sites wherever possible;</li> <li>They result in the development of high quality, sustainable schemes which are appropriate to their context and make a positive contribution to the surrounding environment and its landscape setting; and</li> <li>They result in the delivery of schemes that generate the size, type, tenure and range of housing that is required in particular settlements, reflecting local demand.</li> <li>Specific proposals for the delivery of local need housing will be particularly supported where they meet an identified need and their long-term retention as local needs housing</li> </ol>	
	is secured as such. <u>Figure 4.14: The settlements which will be are the main</u> <u>focus of proportionate housing development:</u> HMA – Golden Valley	

Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch NDP Policies	Relevant Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy Policies (HLPCS)	Assessment of "general conformity"
	Ewyas Harold	
	HMA – Ross on Wye	
	Pontrilas	
	Figure 4.15: Other settlements where proportionate	
	housing is appropriate:	
	HMA – Golden Valley	
	Abbeydore	
	Bacton	
POLICY EH2 – NEW HOUSING	Policy RA1 – Rural Housing Distribution Strategy	Policy EH2 sets planning
DEVELOPMENT IN ROWLESTONE VILLAGE	In Herefordshire's rural areas a minimum of 5,300 new	policy in relation to
	dwellings will be provided between 2011 and 2031 to	housing development
New housing development to meet local	contribute to the county's housing needs. The development	for the village of
needs will be supported within the village	of rural housing will contribute towards the wider	Rowlestone, identified in
of Rowlestone when it is appropriate and	regeneration of the rural economy.	Figure 4.15 as an other
proportionate to the size, role and function		settlement where
of the existing village. To ensure this is	New dwellings will be broadly distributed across the	proportionate housing is
managed appropriately proposals must	county's rural areas on the basis of seven Housing Markets	appropriate.
satisfy the following criteria:	Areas (HMA) and, as illustrated in Figure 4.13, this	
	acknowledges that different areas of Herefordshire have	Policy EH2 is in general
a. Be within or immediately adjacent	different future housing needs and requirements.	conformity with HLPCS
to the existing main built-up area of		Policy RA1 and seeks to
the village;	The 5,300 dwellings will be delivered throughout the rural	support this high level
b. Be a small-scale development of 1 or	HMAs as set out in the table below. The indicative housing	strategic policy and the
2 homes;	growth targets in each of the rural HMAs will be used as a	overall indicative
	basis for the production of neighbourhood development	housing target set for

-	dore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold		ire Local Plan C	Core Strategy Policies	Assessment of "general
Group	and Kentchurch NDP Policies	(HLPCS)			conformity"
C.	Cumulatively such development	plans in the county	Local eviden	ce and environmental	the Golden Valley
	does not lead to the erosion of the	factors will deter		appropriate scale of	RHMA.
	villages existing character and	development.	the the t		
	setting;				Policy EH2 then sets
d.	Re-use previously developed land,	RURAL HMA	Approxim	nate Housing	detailed local policy for
	where possible;		number	ofgrowth	Rowlestone village in
e.	It enhances the character of the		dwellings	target (%)	terms of how that
	area;		2011 - 203	31	housing growth should
f.	It will not lead to isolated homes,	Bromyard	364	15	be managed by
	detached from the main village in	Golden Valley	304	12	identifying a set of
	the open countryside;	Hereford	1870	18	locally defined and
g.	The proposed homes are of high	Kington	317	12	appropriate criteria.
	quality sustainable design	Ledbury	565	14	These are consistent and
	appropriate to their surrounding	Leominster	730	14	in general conformity
	context; and	Ross on Wye	1150	14	with the approach set
h.	They protect and enhance the				out in HLPCS Policy RA2
	surrounding environment and rural		5300		that sets more detailed
	landscape.	Policy RA2 – Housing	in Settlement	s outside Hereford and	strategic policy for rural
		the Market Towns.			settlements and for the
				ustainable communities	smaller settlements,
		•		ire, sustainable housing	including Rowlestone
		growth will be su	this will be expected "to		
			-	.14 and 4.15. This will	demonstrate particular
				bility to bolster existing	attention to the form,
				and infrastructure and	layout, character and
		meet the needs of the	e communities	concerned.	setting of the site and its
					location in that

Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold	Relevant Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy Policies	Assessment of "general
Group and Kentchurch NDP Policies	(HLPCS)	conformity"
	The minimum growth target in each rural Housing Market Area will be used to inform the level of housing development to be delivered in the various settlements set out in Figures 4.14 and 4.15. Neighbourhood Development Plans will allocate land for new housing or otherwise demonstrate delivery to provide levels of housing to meet the various targets, by indicating levels of suitable and available capacity. Housing proposals will be permitted where the following criteria are met: 1. Their design and layout should reflect the size, role and function of each settlement and be located within or adjacent to the main built up area. In relation to smaller settlements identified in fig 4.15 proposals will be expected to demonstrate particular attention to the form, layout, character and setting of the site and its location in that settlement and/or they result in development that contributes to or is essential to the social well-being of the settlement concerned; 2. Their locations make best and full use of suitable brownfield sites wherever possible; 3. They result in the development of high quality, sustainable schemes which are appropriate to their context and make a positive contribution to the surrounding environment and its landscape setting; and	settlement and/or they result in development that contributes to or is essential to the social well-being of the settlement concerned". Criterion (a) to (h) in Policy EH2 will be used to assess planning applications and help to ensure this strategic policy objective is met.

Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch NDP Policies	Relevant Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy Policies (HLPCS)	Assessment of "general conformity"
	4. They result in the delivery of schemes that generate the size, type, tenure and range of housing that is required in particular settlements, reflecting local demand.	
	Specific proposals for the delivery of local need housing will be particularly supported where they meet an identified need and their long-term retention as local needs housing is secured as such.	
	Figure 4.14: The settlements which will be are the main focus of proportionate housing development: HMA – Golden Valley Ewyas Harold	
	HMA – Ross on Wye Pontrilas	
	Figure 4.15: Other settlements where proportionate housing is appropriate: HMA – Golden Valley Abbeydore Bacton	
POLICY EH3 - HOUSING DESIGN IN EWYAS HAROLD AND ROWLESTONE	Policy SS1 - Presumption in Favour of Sustainable Development	Policy EH3 sets detailed design policy for
	When considering development proposals Herefordshire Council will take a positive approach that reflects the presumption in favour of sustainable development	housing development in Ewyas Harold and Rowlestone.

-	dore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold and Kentchurch NDP Policies	Relevant Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy Policies (HLPCS)	Assessment of "general conformity"
Where	e housing development meets the key	contained within national policy. It will always work	Policy EH3 is in general
develo	opment principles in Policies EH1 and	proactively to find solutions which mean that proposals can	conformity with a
EH2 it	will be supported when:	be approved wherever possible and to secure development	number of HLPCS
		that improves the social, economic and environmental	policies: SS1; SS6; RA2;
a)	It maintains the integrity and	conditions in Herefordshire.	RA3; H2: LD1; LD4; and
	sustainability of the rural		SD1.
	environment by safeguarding	Planning applications that accord with the policies in this	
	natural horizons, views and open	Core Strategy (and, where relevant with policies in other	Policy EH3 has a
	spaces;	Development Plan Documents and Neighbourhood	detailed set of
	Hard standing is kept to a minimum;	Development Plans) will be approved, unless material	development
c)	Designs make use of local materials,	considerations indicate otherwise.	management criteria
	respecting the Ewyas Harold Village		that provide distinctive
	Design Statement recommendation	Where there are no policies relevant to the application or	local policy relevant to
	to offer modern innovation that	relevant policies are out of date at the time of making the	Ewyas Harold and
	respects local character;	decision then the council will grant permission unless	Rowlestone that can
d)		material considerations indicate otherwise - taking into	then used to assess
	lines, and respect existing buildings,	account whether:	planning applications.
	and the historical development of	a) any adverse impacts of granting permission would	Each of the criteria (a)
	the village;	significantly and demonstrably outweigh the	to (i) provides detailed
e)	Designs use recycled old stone tiles	benefits, when assessed against the policies in	local policy that is in
	as roofing material, to provide	national policy taken as a whole; or	general conformity with
	habitat for rare bryophyte, Grimmia	b) specific elements of national policy indicate that	the HLPCS policies listed
_	ovalis, and other wildlife.	development should be restricted.	above.
f)	Density and plot ratios respond to		
	the different character areas of the	Policy SS6 – Environmental Quality and Local	
	village – spacious at the village	Distinctiveness	

-	dore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold and Kentchurch NDP Policies	Relevant Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy Policies (HLPCS)	Assessment of "general conformity"
g)	village edge it should be suitably landscaped with native tree species and hedges;	Development proposals should conserve and enhance those environmental assets that contribute towards the county's distinctiveness, in particular its settlement pattern, landscape, biodiversity and heritage assets and especially those with specific environmental designations. In addition, proposals should maintain and improve the effectiveness of	
h)	Developers can demonstrate that care has been taken to provide adequate lighting, using systems designed to prevent obtrusive lighting nuisance, control light pollution and reduce lighting energy consumption; and The proposal uses existing site features in a sympathetic manner, including trees, stone walls, watercourses and open spaces.	<ul> <li>those ecosystems essential to the health and wellbeing of the county's residents and its economy. Development proposals should be shaped through an integrated approach to planning the following environmental components from the outset, and based upon sufficient information to determine the effect upon each where they are relevant: <ul> <li>landscape, townscape and local distinctiveness, especially in Areas of Outstanding Natural Beauty;</li> <li>biodiversity and geodiversity especially Special Areas of Conservation and Sites of Special Scientific Interest;</li> <li>historic environment and heritage assets, especially Scheduled Monuments and Listed Buildings;</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>the network of green infrastructure;</li> <li>local amenity, including light pollution, air quality and tranquillity;</li> <li>agricultural and food productivity;</li> <li>physical resources, including minerals, soils, management of waste, the water environment, renewable energy and energy conservation.</li> </ul>	

Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch NDP Policies	Relevant Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy Policies (HLPCS)	Assessment of "general conformity"
	<ul> <li>Policy RA2 – Housing in Settlements outside Hereford and the Market Towns.</li> <li>To maintain and strengthen locally sustainable communities across the rural parts of Herefordshire, sustainable housing growth will be supported in or adjacent to those settlements identified in Figures 4.14 and 4.15. This will enable development that has the ability to bolster existing service provision, improve facilities and infrastructure and meet the needs of the communities concerned.</li> <li>The minimum growth target in each rural Housing Market Area will be used to inform the level of housing development to be delivered in the various settlements set out in Figures 4.14 and 4.15. Neighbourhood Development Plans will allocate land for new housing or otherwise demonstrate delivery to provide levels of suitable and available capacity.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Housing proposals will be permitted where the following criteria are met:</li> <li>1. Their design and layout should reflect the size, role and function of each settlement and be located within or adjacent to the main built up area. In relation to smaller settlements identified in fig 4.15 proposals will be expected to demonstrate particular attention to the form, layout,</li> </ul>	

Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch NDP Policies	Relevant Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy Policies (HLPCS)	Assessment of "general conformity"
	character and setting of the site and its location in that settlement and/or they result in development that contributes to or is essential to the social well-being of the settlement concerned; 2. Their locations make best and full use of suitable brownfield sites wherever possible; 3. They result in the development of high quality, sustainable schemes which are appropriate to their context and make a positive contribution to the surrounding environment and its landscape setting; and 4. They result in the delivery of schemes that generate the size, type, tenure and range of housing that is required in particular settlements, reflecting local demand. Specific proposals for the delivery of local need housing will be particularly supported where they meet an identified need and their long-term retention as local needs housing is secured as such. <b>Policy RA3 – Herefordshire's Countryside</b> In rural locations outside of settlements, as to be defined in either neighbourhood development plans or the Rural Areas Sites Allocations DPD, residential development will be limited to proposals which satisfy one or more of the	
	following criteria: 1. meets an agricultural or forestry need or other farm diversification enterprise for a worker to live	

Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch NDP Policies	Relevant Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy Policies (HLPCS)	Assessment of "general conformity"
	<ul> <li>permanently at or near their place of work and complies with Policy RA4; or</li> <li>accompanies and is necessary to the establishment or growth of a rural enterprise, and complies with Policy RA4; or</li> <li>involves the replacement of an existing dwelling (with a lawful residential use) that is comparable in size and scale with, and is located in the lawful domestic curtilage, of the existing dwelling; or</li> <li>would result in the sustainable re-use of a redundant or disused building(s) where it complies with Policy RA5 and leads to an enhancement of its immediate setting; or</li> <li>is rural exception housing in accordance with Policy H2; or</li> <li>is of exceptional quality and innovative design satisfying the design criteria set out in Paragraph 55 of the National Planning Policy Framework and achieves sustainable standards of design and construction; or</li> <li>is a site providing for the needs of gypsies or other travellers in accordance with Policy H4.</li> </ul>	

Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch NDP Policies	Relevant Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy Policies (HLPCS)	Assessment of "general conformity"
	<ul> <li>Proposals for affordable housing schemes in rural areas may be permitted on land which would not normally be released for housing where: <ol> <li>the proposal could assist in meeting a proven local need for affordable housing; and</li> <li>the affordable housing provided is made available to, and retained in perpetuity for local people in need of affordable housing; and</li> <li>the site respects the characteristics of its surroundings, demonstrates good design and offers reasonable access to a range of services and facilities normally in a settlement identified in Policy RA2; and</li> </ol> </li> <li>In order to enable the delivery of affordable housing some market housing provision. However, evidence will be required – by way of a financial appraisal, in order to demonstrate that the proposed scale of market housing is that required for the successful delivery of affordable housing is that required for the successful delivery of affordable housing is that required for the successful delivery of affordable housing is that required for the successful delivery of affordable housing is that required for the successful delivery of affordable housing is that required for the successful delivery of affordable housing is that required for the successful delivery of affordable housing.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Policy LD1 – Landscape and Townscape</li> <li>Development proposals should:         <ul> <li>demonstrate that character of the landscape and townscape has positively influenced the design,</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	

Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch NDP Policies	Relevant Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy Policies (HLPCS)	Assessment of "general conformity"
	<ul> <li>scale, nature and site selection, protection and enhancement of the setting of settlements and designated areas;</li> <li>conserve and enhance the natural, historic and scenic beauty of important landscapes and features, including Areas of Outstanding Natural Beauty, nationally and locally designated parks and gardens and conservation areas; through the protection of the area's character and by enabling appropriate uses, design and management;</li> <li>incorporate new landscape schemes and their management to ensure development integrates appropriately into its surroundings; and</li> <li>maintain and extend tree cover where important trees, appropriate replacement of trees lost through development and new planting to support green infrastructure.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Policy LD4 – Historic Environment and Heritage Assets</li> <li>Development proposals affecting heritage assets and the wider historic environment should:</li> <li>1. protect, conserve and where possible enhance heritage assets and their settings, heritage assets and their settings in a manner appropriate to their significance through appropriate management, uses and sympathetic</li> </ul>	

Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch NDP Policies	Relevant Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy Policies (HLPCS)	Assessment of "general conformity"
	<ul> <li>design, in particular emphasising the original form and function where possible;</li> <li>2. the conservation and enhancement of heritage assets and their settings through appropriate management, uses and sympathetic design, where opportunities exist, contribute to the character and local distinctiveness of the townscape or wider environment, especially within conservation areas;</li> <li>3. use the retention, repair and sustainable use of heritage assets to provide a focus for wider regeneration schemes;</li> <li>4. record and advance the understanding of the significance of any heritage assets to be lost (wholly or in part) and to make this evidence or archive generated publicly accessible and.</li> <li>5. where appropriate, improve the understanding of and public access to the heritage asset.</li> </ul>	
	The scope of the works required to protect, conserve and enhance heritage assets and their settings should be proportionate to their significance. Development schemes should emphasise the original form and function of any asset and, where appropriate, improve the understanding of and public access to them. Policy SD1 – Sustainable Design and Energy Efficiency Development proposals should create safe, sustainable, well integrated environments for all members of the	

Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch NDP Policies	Relevant Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy Policies (HLPCS)	Assessment of "general conformity"
	<ul> <li>community. In conjunction with this, all development proposals should incorporate the following requirements:</li> <li>ensure that proposals make efficient use of land - taking into account the local context and site characteristics,</li> <li>new buildings should be designed to maintain local distinctiveness through incorporating local architectural detailing and materials and respecting scale, height, proportions and massing of surrounding development, while making a positive contribution to the architectural diversity and character of the area including, where appropriate, through innovative design</li> <li>safeguard residential amenity for existing and proposed residents;</li> <li>ensure new development does not contribute to, or suffer from, adverse impacts arising from noise, light or air contamination, land instability or cause ground water pollution;</li> <li>where contaminated land is present, undertake appropriate remediation where it can be demonstrated that this will be effective</li> <li>ensure that distinctive features of existing buildings and their setting are safeguarded and where appropriate, restored;</li> <li>utilise physical sustainability measures that include, in particular, orientation of buildings, the provision of water conservation measures, storage for bicycles and waste including provision for recycling,</li> </ul>	

Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch NDP Policies	Relevant Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy Policies (HLPCS)	Assessment of "general conformity"
	<ul> <li>and enabling renewable energy and energy conservation infrastructure</li> <li>where possible, on-site renewable energy generation should also be incorporated</li> <li>create safe and accessible environments that minimise opportunities for crime and anti-social behaviour by incorporating Secured by Design principles, and consider the incorporation of fire safety measures, particularly</li> <li>ensuring designs can be easily adapted and accommodate new technologies to meet changing needs throughout the lifetime of the development; and</li> <li>utilise sustainable construction methods which minimise the use of non-renewable resources and maximise the use of recycled and sustainably sourced materials;</li> <li>All planning applications including material changes of use, will be expected to demonstrate how the above design and energy efficiency considerations have been factored into the proposal from the outset.</li> </ul>	
POLICY EH4 – DEVELOPMENT AFFECTING		Policy EH4 is in general
HIGHWAYS AND STREETSCAPES		conformity with a
To improve and enhance the highways and		number of HLPCS policies.
streetscapes in Ewyas Harold development		

-	dore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold and Kentchurch NDP Policies	Relevant Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy Policies (HLPCS)	Assessment of "general conformity"
nrono	cale will be required where		Policy SS1 in that it
proposals will be required, where			seeks to promote
appropriate, to:			sustainable forms of
a)	Maintain and improve views and		development.
	vistas within the village;		
b)	Maintain, improve and create high		Policy SS6 in that the
	quality public spaces, semi-natural		policy seeks to ensure
	wild spaces and wildlife habitats;		environmental quality
c)	Include footways and footpaths and		and local distinctiveness
	by providing safe pedestrian road		by: maintaining and
	crossings where required;		improving views and
d)	Includes links to existing footways		vistas; maintain,
	and footpaths;		improve and create high
e)	Make provision for off-street car		quality public spaces
	parking;		and habitats; use local
f)	Improve safety for all highway users;		materials and maintain
g)	Use appropriate local materials and		village character; and
	planting to maintain village		include suitable lighting
	character;		
h)	Include measures to reduce		Policy LD1 in that the
	speeding of vehicles;		policy seeks to maintain
i)	Include suitable lighting; and		and improve views and
j)	Where signage and street furniture		vistas; maintain,
	is used, this should avoid		improve and create high
	unnecessary duplication, be of high		quality public spaces,
	quality and not lead to clutter.		semi-natural wild space
			and wildlife habitats and

Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch NDP Policies		Relevant Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy Policies (HLPCS)	Assessment of "general conformity"
			use local materials and planting to maintain village character.
POLICY	EH5 - EWYAS HAROLD PRIMARY	Policy SC1 - Social and Community Facilities	Policy EH5 is in general
SCHOO	DL	Development proposals which protect, retain or enhance	conformity with HLPCS
		existing social and community infrastructure or ensure that	Policy SC1 and the aim
Propos	als for a new primary school will be	new facilities are available as locally as possible will be	of this policy to ensure
	ted within Ewyas Harold parish. To	supported. Such proposals should be in or close to	that new social and
	such development is sustainable it	settlements, have considered the potential for co-location	community facilities are
should	meet the following:	of facilities and where possible be safely accessible by foot,	available.
		by cycle and public transport.	
a)	Be of high quality and sustainable		Policy EH5 then provides
L)	design;	New development that creates a need for additional social	more detailed criteria
b)	Be within or on the edge of the settlement boundary;	and community facilities that cannot be met through existing social facilities will be expected to meet the	for the assessment of proposals for a new
c)	Be in close proximity to existing	additional requirements through new, or extension of	primary school should
	houses;	existing, provision or by developer contributions which	they come forward.
d)	•	meet the relevant tests of paragraph 204 of the NPPF	These criteria are in
	congestion in the centre of the	Proposals involving the provision or expansion of social and	general conformity with
	village and to permit safe movement of school traffic at all	Proposals involving the provision or expansion of social and community facilities will be expected to provide publicly	the design, landscape, environmental quality
	times;	accessible toilets (including facilities for disabled people and	and transport policies of
ام	Offer facilities for children, parents,	baby changing).	the HLPCS.
e)	staff and other users to walk and		
	cycle to the site;	Existing facilities will be retained, unless it can be	
	-,,	demonstrated that an appropriate alternative facility is	

Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch NDP Policies		Relevant Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy Policies (HLPCS)	Assessment of "general conformity"
g)	Provide safe, off-road (where possible) pick-up/drop-off space for cars; Have suitable access and turning facilities for buses and coaches; Be well related to public transport services and facilities and the A465; Include suitable car parking for staff and visitors; Include provision for wider community use; Have been subject to an appropriate flood risk assessment, and, where necessary, incorporates suitable mitigation measures; and Any planning application includes an assessment of the impact on the Dulas Brook Special Wildlife Site, and, where necessary, includes suitable mitigation measures.	available, or can be provided to meet the needs of the community affected; or it can be shown that the facility is no longer required, viable or is no longer fit for purpose; and where appropriate, it has been vacant and marketed for community use without success. Viable alternative facilities must be equivalent to those they replace, in terms of size, quality and accessibility. The provision or improvement of higher education facilities and the continuing enhancement of existing, or provision of new, training and skills facilities will be actively promoted.	
POLICY CENTR	Y EH6 – EWYAS HAROLD LOCAL E	<b>Policy SC1 - Social and Community Facilities</b> Development proposals which protect, retain or enhance existing social and community infrastructure or ensure that	Policy EH6 is in general conformity with HLPCS Policy SC1 and the aim
-	Harold's role as a local centre will be ced by protecting valuable services	new facilities are available as locally as possible will be supported. Such proposals should be in or close to settlements, have considered the potential for co-location	of this policy to protect, retain or enhance existing social and

Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch NDP Policies	Relevant Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy Policies (HLPCS)	Assessment of "general conformity"
and facilities. When considering proposals, the following criteria will be applied:	of facilities and where possible be safely accessible by foot, by cycle and public transport.	community infrastructure.
a. The change of use of shop, pub, post office or other community facilities to residential uses will not be supported unless equivalent or better provision for the facility to be lost is made elsewhere within the settlement boundary.	New development that creates a need for additional social and community facilities that cannot be met through existing social facilities will be expected to meet the additional requirements through new, or extension of existing, provision or by developer contributions which meet the relevant tests of paragraph 204 of the NPPF Proposals involving the provision or expansion of social and	In particular criterion (a) is in general conformity with the following from Policy SC1: "Existing facilities will be retained, unless it can be demonstrated that an appropriate
<ul> <li>b. Development proposals for new, expanded or improved retail, commercial and community facilities will be supported when: <ol> <li>They do not have an adverse impact on residential amenity;</li> <li>They enhance the character of the immediate surrounding area and wider village; and</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	community facilities will be expected to provide publicly accessible toilets (including facilities for disabled people and baby changing). Existing facilities will be retained, unless it can be demonstrated that an appropriate alternative facility is available, or can be provided to meet the needs of the community affected; or it can be shown that the facility is no longer required, viable or is no longer fit for purpose; and where appropriate, it has been vacant and marketed for community use without success. Viable alternative facilities must be equivalent to those they replace, in terms of size, quality and accessibility.	alternative facility is available, or can be provided to meet the needs of the community affected; or it can be shown that the facility is no longer required, viable or is no longer fit for purpose; and where appropriate, it has been vacant and marketed for community use without success. Viable
traffic management problems.		alternative facilities must be equivalent to those they replace, in

Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch NDP Policies		Relevant Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy Policies (HLPCS)	Assessment of "general conformity"
		The provision or improvement of higher education facilities and the continuing enhancement of existing, or provision of new, training and skills facilities will be actively promoted.	terms of size, quality and accessibility." Criterion (b) of EH6 is in general conformity with the wider design, landscape, environmental quality and transport policies of the HLPCS.
POLICY	Y K1 – HOUSING DEVELOPMENT IN	Policy RA1 – Rural Housing Distribution Strategy	Policy K1 sets planning
THE VI	ILLAGE OF PONTRILAS	In Herefordshire's rural areas a minimum of 5,300 new dwellings will be provided between 2011 and 2031 to	policy in relation to housing development
Withir	n the village of Pontrilas new housing	contribute to the county's housing needs. The development	for the village of
develo	opment proposals will be supported	of rural housing will contribute towards the wider	Pontrilas. Pontrilas is
when	they:	regeneration of the rural economy.	identified in Figure 4.14 as main focus of
a.	Re-use previously developed land, where possible;	New dwellings will be broadly distributed across the county's rural areas on the basis of seven Housing Markets	proportionate housing development.
b.	Are appropriate to the size, role and	Areas (HMA) and, as illustrated in Figure 4.13, this	
	function of the village;	acknowledges that different areas of Herefordshire have	Policy K1 is in general
c.	Provide a range and mix of house	different future housing needs and requirements.	conformity with HLPCS
r	sizes, types and tenures;		Policy RA1 and seeks to
d.	Enhance the character of the area,	The 5,300 dwellings will be delivered throughout the rural	support this high level
	and are in line with the Policy G2 of this plan;	HMAs as set out in the table below. The indicative housing growth targets in each of the rural HMAs will be used as a	strategic policy and the overall indicative

Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch NDP Policies		Relevant Herefordshi (HLPCS)	re Local Plan C	ore Strategy Policies	Assessment of "general conformity"
e.	Do not increase traffic congestion,	basis for the production of neighbourhood development			housing target set for
	do not lead to additional on-car	plans in the county.	Local eviden	ce and environmental	the Ross-on-Wye RHMA.
	street parking, or jeopardise road	factors will deterr	nine the a	ppropriate scale of	
	safety.	development.			Policy K1 then sets
f.	Do not lead to the loss, damage or				detailed local policy for
	detriment of existing community	RURAL HMA		ate Housing	Pontrilas village in terms
	facilities, green space or assets listed		number	ofgrowth	of how that housing
	on the National Heritage List for		dwellings	target (%)	growth should be
	England and Herefordshire Council's		2011 - 203	51	managed by identifying
	Monuments Record;	Bromyard	364	15	a detailed set of locally
g.	Do not lead to the loss of local	Golden Valley	304	12	defined and appropriate
	employment opportunities,	Hereford	1870	18	criteria. These criteria
	including tourism;	Kington	317	12	are consistent, and in
h.	Are not at significant risk of flooding	Ledbury	565	14	general conformity with,
	and they can demonstrate they will	Leominster	730	14	the approach set out in
	not increase the risk of flooding	Ross on Wye	1150	14	HLPCS Policy RA2 that
	elsewhere; and				sets more detailed
i.	They provide appropriate affordable		5300		strategic policy for rural
	housing when assessed against Core				settlements, including
	Strategy Policy H1.	Policy RA2 – Housing	in Settlements	s outside Hereford and	Pontrilas and the other
		the Market Towns.		settlements that should	
Propo	sals for development beyond the	To maintain and strengthen locally sustainable communities		be the main focus for	
village	e will only be supported when:	across the rural parts	of Herefordshi	re, sustainable housing	proportionate housing
		growth will be supported in or adjacent to those		development. The policy	
j.	They adjoin the existing built-up	settlements identified in Figures 4.14 and 4.15. This will			does not set a defined
	area of the settlement;	enable development that has the ability to bolster existing		settlement boundary for Pontrilas or allocate	

Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch NDP Policies		Relevant Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy Policies (HLPCS)	Assessment of "general conformity"
	They can easily be integrated in to the wider village and rural environment; There are no allocated or brownfield	service provision, improve facilities and infrastructure and meet the needs of the communities concerned. The minimum growth target in each rural Housing Market	sites, but the background and justification demonstrates delivery
	sites within the settlement boundary; and They meet criteria b to i above.	Area will be used to inform the level of housing development to be delivered in the various settlements set out in Figures 4.14 and 4.15. Neighbourhood Development	to meet the indicative housing target.
		Plans will allocate land for new housing or otherwise demonstrate delivery to provide levels of housing to meet the various targets, by indicating levels of suitable and available capacity.	
		Housing proposals will be permitted where the following criteria are met: 1. Their design and layout should reflect the size, role and function of each settlement and be located within or adjacent to the main built up area. In relation to smaller settlements identified in fig 4.15 proposals will be expected to demonstrate particular attention to the form, layout, character and setting of the site and its location in that settlement and/or they result in development that contributes to or is essential to the social well-being of the settlement concerned; 2. Their locations make best and full use of suitable because field sites wherever passibles.	
		brownfield sites wherever possible; 3. They result in the development of high quality, sustainable schemes which are appropriate to their context	

Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch NDP Policies	Relevant Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy Policies (HLPCS)	Assessment of "general conformity"
	and make a positive contribution to the surrounding environment and its landscape setting; and 4. They result in the delivery of schemes that generate the size, type, tenure and range of housing that is required in particular settlements, reflecting local demand.	
	Specific proposals for the delivery of local need housing will be particularly supported where they meet an identified need and their long-term retention as local needs housing is secured as such.	
	Figure 4.14: The settlements which will be are the main focus of proportionate housing development: HMA – Golden Valley Ewyas Harold	
	HMA – Ross on Wye Pontrilas	
	Figure 4.15: Other settlements where proportionate housing is appropriate: Abbeydore Bacton	

### 3.6 f. Be Compatible with EU Obligations

The Submission Neighbourhood Development Plan is fully compatible with EU Obligations.

The making of the neighbourhood development plan is not likely to have a significant effect on a European site (as defined in the Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations 2010(2)) or a European offshore marine site (as defined in the Offshore Marine Conservation (Natural Habitats, &c.) Regulations 2007(3)) (either alone or in combination with other plans or projects).

### Strategic Environmental Assessment (SEA)

To meet the 'basic conditions' which are specified by law a Neighbourhood Development Plan must be compatible with EU obligations. Furthermore, as at 9th February 2015 Regulation 15 of the 2012 Neighbourhood Development Planning Regulations was amended to require that when a plan is submitted to the Local Planning Authority it should include either an environmental report prepared in accordance with the applicable regulations or where it has been determined as unlikely to have significant environmental effects, a statement of reasons for the determination.

A SEA screening report was prepared by Herefordshire Council to determine whether or not the content of the draft Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch Neighbourhood Development Plan requires a Strategic Environmental Assessment (SEA) in accordance with the European Directive 2001/42/EC and associated Environmental Assessment of Plans and Programmes Regulations 2004. A Habitat Regulations Assessment screening report was also undertaken for the Neighbourhood Development Plan to determine whether a Habitats Regulations Assessment (HRA) is required in accordance with Article 6(3) of the EU Habitats Directive and with Regulation 61 of the Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations 2010 (as amended).

### **Requirement for Habitats Regulations Assessment (HRA)**

Article 6 (3) of the EU Habitats Directive (Council Directive 92/43/EEC) and Regulation 61 of the Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations 2010 (as amended) requires that an appropriate assessment of plans and programmes is carried out with regard to the conservation objectives of European Sites (Natura 2000 sites) and that other plans and projects identify any significant effect that is likely for any European Site. In the context of Neighbourhood Development Planning, a Habitats Regulation Assessment (HRA) is required

where a Neighbourhood Development Plan is deemed likely to result in significant negative effects occurring on protected European Sites (Natura 2000 sites) as a result of the plan's implementation. There are no European Sites within the neighbourhood area or in close proximity.

## **SEA/HRA** Determination

### Strategic Environmental Assessment (SEA)

The screening assessment prepared by Herefordshire Council indicated that, due to the range of environmental designations in and around the parish, there may be significant environmental effects and consequently, that a SEA would be required.

The SEA concluded that the Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch NDP is in general conformity with both national planning policy contained in the National Planning Policy Framework and strategic policies set within the Herefordshire Local Plan (Core Strategy). The plan proposes a level of growth which is proportionate that would be that prescribed by strategic policies. Consequently, no changes to the NDP were recommended as a result of the SEA.

### Habitats Regulations Assessment (HRA)

A screening assessment to determine the need for HRA was undertaken and can be found in Section 4 of the Habitats Regulations Assessment produced by Herefordshire Council in December 2014. It found that the neighbourhood area did not contain any European sites or their proximity would not be affected by policies and proposals within the proposed Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch Neighbourhood Development Plan. It therefore concluded that a full Habitat Regulation Assessment would not be required for the Neighbourhood Development Plan.

Revised an updated SEA and HRA assessments have been produced an are contained in the submitted Environment Report.

#### **European Convention on Human Rights**

The Submission Neighbourhood Development Plan is fully compatible with the European Convention on Human Rights. It has been prepared with full regard to national statutory regulation and policy guidance, which are both compatible with the Convention. The Plan has been produced in full consultation with the local community. The Plan does not contain policies or proposals that would infringe the human rights of residents or other stakeholders over and above the existing strategic policies at national and district-levels, as demonstrated below.

The Human Rights Act 1998 incorporated into UK law the European Convention on Human Rights ("The Convention"). The Convention includes provision in the form of Articles, the aim of which is to protect the rights of the individual.

Section 6 of the Act prohibits public bodies from acting in a manner, which is incompatible with the Convention. Various rights outlined in the Convention and its First Protocol are to be considered in the process of making and considering planning decisions, namely:

Article 1 of the First Protocol protects the right of everyone to the peaceful enjoyment of possessions. No one can be deprived of possessions except in the public interest and subject to the conditions provided by law and by the general principles of international law. The Submission Neighbourhood Development Plan is fully compatible with the rights outlined in this Article. Although the Submission Plan includes policies that would restrict development rights to some extent, this does not have a greater impact than the general restrictions on development rights provided for in national law, namely the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004 and the Localism Act 2011. The restriction of development rights inherent in the UK's statutory planning system is demonstrably in the public interest by ensuring that land is used in the most sustainable way, avoiding or mitigating adverse impacts on the environment, community and economy.

Article 6 protects the right to a fair and public hearing before an independent tribunal in determination of an individual's rights and obligations. The process for Neighbourhood Development Plan production is fully compatible with this Article, allowing for extensive consultation on its proposals at various stages, and an independent examination process to consider representations received.

Article 14 provides that "The enjoyment of the rights and freedoms set forth in ... [the] ... European Convention on Human Rights shall be secured without discrimination on any ground such as sex, race, colour, language, religion, political or other opinion, national or social origin, association with a national minority, property, birth or other status." The Parish Council has developed the policies and proposals

within the Plan in full consultation with the community and wider stakeholders to produce as inclusive a document as possible. In general, the policies and proposals will not have a discriminatory impact on any particular group of individuals.

# 3.7 g. Prescribed conditions are met in relation to the Order (or plan) and prescribed matters have been complied with in connection with the proposal for the order (or Neighbourhood Development Plan).

The prescribed conditions have therefore been met in relation to the Neighbourhood Development Plan (NDP) and prescribed matters have been complied with in connection with the proposal for the Plan.

Prepared on behalf of Abbeydore and Bacton, Ewyas Harold Group and Kentchurch Parish Councils by Kirkwells Town Planning Consultants <u>www.kirkwells.co.uk</u>